THE MARION WEEKLY STAR.

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THE FEDERAL PROBE OPENS

Details of the Case Have Been Censored.

ATTORNEY LAWLER PUTS ON THE LID

Will Prosecute All Offenders for Contempt.

The Probe at Los Angeles Will Overshadow That at Indianapolis. There Are Said To Be Reasons Why Accused Men May Be Indicted and Tried in California in Preference to Indiana.

Los Angeles, Calif., Dec. 7.—The most important step in the federal investigation of the McNamara dynamiting cases came today, when Ortie McManigal, the informer, whose confession caused the downfall of John and James McNamara, was taken before the grand jury to tell his story.

It was expected that he would tell additional details of his movements about the country when he blew up a number of non-union buildings.

District Attorney Fredericks positively denied today that McManigal would be turned over either to the authorities in Milwaukee or Peoria, where he testifies here.

We will loan him to the authorities at any point, where his services are needed in the cause of justice," said Fredericks, "but we will retain him here to prosecute him."

Will Tell Nothing.

Los Angeles, Calif., Dec. 7.—John McNamara will tell nothing, he is no squealer and will trade nothing with any one for any favors. If the government asks him to testify, he will simply refuse to talk. What can they do?"

Clarence Darrow, chief counsel for McNamara, made this positive statement just before the federal grand jury probe opened here today. It had been admitted by Lawler that he could not compel the former secretary and treasurer of the Iron Workers union to testify, but said he could call him and ask him some questions. It is expected that as soon as the ordeal is over, which may come today or tomorrow, both McNamaras will be rushed north to San Quentin.

It is now the plan of Sheriff Hammel to take both men some time each day away from the jail, rush them by automobile to some way station on the Santa Fe, and get them on a special train. He will take them north, discharge them at some way station, and rush them by automobile to the coast, completing the journey in a chartered launch. Hammell tells admits he fears if he takes them to San Francisco by regular train an attempt will be made to do them harm.

The Pivotal Link.

The bribery matter in the McNamara case is in the hands of Judge Bordwell, who is now the pivotal link in the case. He summoned District Attorney Fredricks and Deputy District Attorney Ford three times and told them plainly there must be complete prosecutions and that, under no circumstances, can they be dropped.

Fredricks, it is understood, attempted to argue, and Bordwell called attention to the fact that a compromise would be compounding a felony.

It is understood that, when the hearing in the Franklin matter begins Monday, every effort will be made to find out enough evidence so that three persons very prominently connected with the defense at the outset of the case will be involved.

The state will allege that there are two defense funds: one for actual defense, raised by the American Federation of Labor, and a second secret fund raised by the "inner circle" of the federationists, who believe in "direct action."

The second alleged fund is the one by which the prosecution hopes to involve some eminent labor leaders.

Attorney Darrow bitterly declared today that he was tired of the insinuations, and would drive the state into the open as soon as the Franklin case is disposed of.

Federal Probe Opens.

The federal probe was begun here at 10 o'clock this morning, with Oscar Lawler in charge. The latter has declared that the publication of the names of witnesses or what they will testify to will result in prosecutions for contempt. Despite this prohibition it is known that a dozen or more California labor leaders have been subpoenaed; that McManigal will recall his story with details not yet told; that certain letters seized by post office inspectors, which, it is alleged, proved misuse of the mails, will be produced, and that there will also be brought into the case fifty witnesses originally summoned to testify in the state's case against the McNamaras.

United States District Attorney McCormick is reported to have had turned over to him in Washington by Attorney General Wickersham original copies of telegrams J. J. McNamara sent from Indianapolis to San Francisco labor leaders, some of whom have disappeared, explaining why he sent J. B. McNamara and McManigal to the coast. In addition, checks which, it is alleged, were drawn by labor leaders in favor of "Cockey" Schmidt, David Kaplan, Leonard and J. B. McNamara, will be looked over by the jury.

It seems certain that the investigation here will dwarf the Indianapolis proceedings as the department of justice has expressed a wish that all the accused men may be indicted and tried here rather than in the East, where peculiar complications might arise.

During the morning, the McNamara brothers sent for Jailer Gallagher and told him that under no circumstances would they make a statement to the federal grand jury regarding the knowledge they may have of a country-wide dynamiting conspiracy. It was reported that Lawler would call John during the day and put him on record as flatly refusing to testify.

The United States postoffice inspectors were instructed today to investigate charges that the mails have been misused in connection with the gathering of the McNamara defense fund. All of their evidence will be turned over to the United States district attorney. It is impossible to learn what form this investigation will take.

Asked To Account.

Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 7—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, today was called on by the United States District Attorney Charles W. Miller, in charge of the federal probe of the McNamara dynamiting conspiracy here, to bring suit for an accounting of the big fund used in the defense of the McNamarars.

"This should be done as an evidence of good faith," said the district attorney, "and to show to the people of the United States how much was used for corrupt and unlawful purposes and how much of this vast amount of money paid in by laboring men was used for legitimate attorneys' fees and legitimate expenses."

The statement of the district at-

Continued on Page Six.

COLONEL BRYAN FAVORS WILSON

Students of Nebraska Politics So Declare,

AFTER LOOKING OVER STATE SITUATION

Will Throw Strength to New Jersey Man.

Editor Metcalfe, of Bryan's Commoner, Coming Out for Governor, Notifies the Omaha Wilson Club. Bryan Men Are Behind Wilson and the Dahlman-Hitchcock Fellows Are Behind Harmon.

Lincoln, Neb., Dec. 7.—The combat between the Wilson and Harmon forces for the Nebraska delegation to the Democratic national convention, was made keener today by the formal announcement of Richard L. Metcalfe, associate editor of William J. Bryan's Commoner, that he would enter the race for the primary nomination for governor. State Senator Morehead, of Falls City, filed papers yesterday as a Democratic gubernatorial candidate and was first in the field.

Metcalfe's announcement is in the form of a letter to the Woodrow Wilson club of Omaha, which previously had pledged Metcalfe its support. The Nebraska alignment is thus made clear—the Bryan adherents are behind Wilson and Metcalfe, while the Dahlman-Senator Hitchcock faction is lining up for Harmon and Morehead.

The Metcalfe announcement followed an exchange of cablegrams between Bryan, who is touring the West Indies, and his assistant editor. Bryan has steadfastly refused to endorse any particular presidential candidate, but students of Nebraska politics discern in the tie-up between Metcalfe and the Omaha Wilson club a rather plain purpose on the part of Bryan to eventually throw his full strength to the New Jersey governor.

A Municipal Market.

Aurora, Ill., Dec. 7.—To combat the high cost of living, Aurora is to have a municipal market, where consumers may purchase at cost

A FARMERS JURY TO TRY PACKERS

Agriculturalists Will Probably Decide Fate

OF MILLIONAIRE CHICAGO PACKERS

Government Challenges Chicago Veniremen.

It Manifestly Plays To Secure a Jury of Farmers from the Northern Part of the State—The Government Is Exercising the Utmost Care in Case To Keep Error from Getting into Record.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—A "farmer jury" will probably decide the fate of the ten millionaire Chicago packers, now at last brought to trial after eight years of legal bushwacking. It was apparent today that the government intended to challenge peremptorily many of the veniremen from Chicago and Special Attorney Sheean indicated a pronounced preference for agriculturists from northern Illinois.

As yet the defense has not had an opportunity to show its preference in the way of jurors. When court reconvened today there were eleven tentative jurors in the box, all subject to peremptory challenge by the government and not yet even questioned by the defense. A wide difference of opinion as to the Sherman law was developed among the veniremen by questions of the prosecution's lawyers today.

There were many, who declared their opposition to any form of governmental regulations for business and others who were violently against the Sherman law.

Great Care Exercised.

The fact that the ten packing-house magnates are typical of big business and that the charge of criminal conspiracy to restrain trade in meats is punishable by imprisonment, is causing the government to exercise great care in its selection of jurors.

There was no abatement today in the crowds seeking admission to Judge Carpenter's court-room, and the same precautions against newspaper photographers were exercised.

The ten millionaire defendants have not so far felt the weight of the law very heavily. Court attaches are under orders to protect them from newspaper photographers or reporters in the corridors of the federal building, and the court so far has not exacted that they be physically present during the trial—a very unusual departure. When court convened today only a few of the beef barons were on hand.

$5,238.72 CHECK AWAITS A GIRL

Who Is Placed in Infirmary When a Babe.

Findlay, O., Dec. 7.—If a young woman whose name, if she is single, would be Lillian Schwab, will communicate with the probate judge of Hancock county, Findlay, Ohio, she will learn where she can get a check for $5,238.72. The administrator of her mother's estate, George A. Snyder, of Fostoria, has the money in his hands, which is out on interest.

The young woman is about twenty-four years old now. When she was a baby, her mother, Caroline Schwab, died in a Toledo hospital, Lillian being brought back to this county, where her mother formerly lived. She was placed in the county infirmary. Snyder was appointed administrator, and when, in later years, he began to fathom the estate, found the property Mrs. Schwab had left brought the nice sum now awaiting her daughter.

In later years a man, whose name is remembered as Hamlin, took Lillian from the county infirmary, and it is said took her to Cleveland. At least that is the last place he was heard from.

Cops Answer Call.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—There was almost a panic at the home of H. G. Burroughs, a medium, when two policemen "answered" Burroughs' call to the spirits. The audience thought the cops were spirits at first.

Women Tote Guns.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—On Chicago's West Side the female of the species is as deadly as the male since women have taken to toting guns in the face of the greatest crime wave Chicago has ever known.

200 Skeletons Dug Up.

Cincinnati, Dec. 7.—Two hundred human skeletons were dug up on a farm near Elizabethtown by workmen. It is believed the men struck an old Indian burying ground.

The Metal Market.

New York, Dec. 7.—Metals closed weak. Spot copper 12.60@12.80. Lead 4.10@4.15.

BUTTER GOES TO HALF A DOLLAR

Chicago, Dec. 7.—In the midst of the government's investigation of the butter and egg board for its system of uniform quotations, butter today reached the highest price since 1888. Fancy creamery sold at thirty-seven cents a pound wholesale—or about forty-five to fifty cents to the housewife.

FLUSHING ONCE MORE HAS GAS

A Big Gusher Has Been Struck Over There.

Flushing, O., Dec. 7.—Flushing has gas again, today, after being without it twenty-seven days, and it is assured of an adequate supply for a long time to come. It has gas despite the East Ohio Gas company, which refused to supply the town when the wells of the Octo Oil company, an independent concern, were flooded with water.

The Octo company, after vainly trying to buy gas from the trust, whose pipe lines pass within a mile and a half of the town, started to drill a well. They struck gas Saturday and the well developed into a gusher.

"Providence has interceded to show the gas trust that it has no divine right to dispense what the Almighty has placed in the earth for the use of all people," said Mayor Halloway.

The gas was tested out Saturday night and Monday night. Last night it was turned on full blast.

"The gas rate will stay the same—thirty cents a thousand feet—despite our misfortune," said Carl D. Mead, superintendent of the Octo company, today.

Hunting for Other Victims.

Indianapolis, Dec. 7.—With seven known dead and twenty-one injured as a result of the collapse of a new three-story building being erected here for the Prest-O-Lite company, search in the ruins is being continued today for other bodies that may be buried under the tons of debris.

Stokes Rests Easily.

New York, Dec. 7.—W. E. D. Stokes, millionaire hotel proprietor, was resting easily today, but had not recovered sufficiently to attend the trial of Lillian Graham and Ethel Conrad, accused of shooting him.

BILLION FOR WATERWAYS

Will Have Been Paid Out by Year, 1925,

AT PRESENT RATE OF EXPENDITURE

Says Representative Sparkman, of Florida.

With the Arrival of the Eight Governors of Western States as Special Guests of the National Rivers and Harbors Congress, the Big Waterways Convention Takes Center of the Stage at Washington.

Washington, Dec. 7.—With the arrival of eight governors of western states as special guests of the Rivers and Harbors congress, the big waterways convention took the center of the stage in Washington, today. Several of the executives spoke before the 1,000 delegates.

Tonight they will take dinner with President Taft at the White House. Nearly every speaker before the convention has dwelt on what effect the Panama canal will have on American trade and American waterways. Representative Sparkman, of Florida said that if the present agitation is kept up, by 1915 the government will have expended more than a billion dollars for the improvement of waterways.

Women interested in better waterways are holding the annual session here of the Women's National Rivers and Harbors congress.

With a big party of western boosters, the governors are on a general tour of the East in a special train. They are: Taster L. Oddie of Nevada; James H. Hawley, of Idaho; Adolph G. Eberhart, of Minnesota; Edwin L. Norris, of Montana; John Burke, of North Dakota; Oswald West, of Oregon; Robert S. Vessey, of South Dakota, and Joseph M. Carey, of Wyoming.

The governors' special train was stalled north of Baltimore because the special exhibit cars were too big to pass through the Baltimore tunnels. The cars were constructed for the Great Northern railroad, in the Plains country.

GOVERNMENT AID TO THE FARMERS

Advocated Before the National Irrigation Congress

BY W. E. SMYTHE OF CALIFORNIA

He Speaks for a Great Army of Peace.

Proposes Plan Where Men May Be Enlisted in the Production of Crops—Wants $10 Expended on This Army to Every Dollar Expended on the Fighting Corps. Wants the Poor Man Aided.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—Government aid for the small farms movement, where Uncle Sam would advance money to the industrious citizen who wanted to own a small plot of ground in the West, was the project broached to the National Irrigation congress here today by William E. Smythe, of California.

The speaker termed his plan, the formation of "an army of peace," where men could be enlisted in the production of crops and on the building up of which the government should expend $10 for every dollar it spent for the real army corps.

"Haven't we encouraged capital by every means?" Smythe said. "Isn't it just as legitimate to encourage labor? To the rich men who wanted to build railroads we loaned millions of dollars and donated 200,000,000 acres of land. Can't we help a poor man to get a home?"

Small farms and extensive methods of cultivation, Smythe, said, "means the restoration of individual independence to millions of men and women."

"It means," Smythe continued, "a great impulse to business of every kind. It means cheaper and better food to the masses of the towns, who will be brought into direct relations with the producer. It means that existing social discontent shall become constructive rather than destructive. It means a truce to the awful war of labor and capital. It means peace and national progress for a nation that is today remoulding its social conscience and reorganizing its economic ideals."

WHEAT CROP OF COUNTRY IS FAIR

Prospect Is Ahead of That of the Year, 1910.

Washington, Dec. 7.—According to a crop report issued by the agricultural department today, 32,648,000 acres were planted for the winter wheat crop of 1911 as compared with 29,301,000 acres for 1909 and 31,656,000 in 1910.

It is estimated that the area in winter wheat in the fall of 1911 for the 1912 crop is approximately 1.3 per cent. less than that sown in the fall of 1910.

The condition of the crop on December 1 was 86.6 per cent. of normal, as compared with 82.5 and 95.8 on December 1, 1910, and 1909, respectively, and a ten-year December average of 89.9.

Defalcation Charged.

Cincinnati, Dec. 7.—Suit to compel the Thompson-Brown company, a brokerage firm of which Mrs. Charlotte Thompson-Brown is president, to give an accounting of financial transactions the firm had with Mrs. Dora Gallagher, former treasurer of the home for incurables, was filed in common pleas court today by the trustees of the home. It is charged in the petition that Mrs. Gallagher defaulted as treasurer to the amount of more than $20,000.

For Direct Nomination.

Lansing, Mich., Dec. 7.—That a movement is on foot in this state to have the legislature at its next session enact a law for the direct nomination of delegates to national conventions, was indicated today by the statement of Governor Osborn. "I am in favor of direct nomination of delegates to national conventions," said Governor Osborn, "but favor such a system being enacted by statute rather than by individual parties."

Substitutes Phonies.

Lima, O., Dec. 7.—Hughes and Basinger, jewelry store proprietors, found today that they had been made victims of a stranger, who substituted "phonie" diamonds for a half dozen karat rings which had been shown him. Loss to the jewelers aggregates $1,000 in diamonds.

Record for Dirigibles.

Paris, Dec. 7.—The world's altitude record for dirigibles was made here yesterday by the Adjutant Reau, which ascended to a height of 7,053 feet. The former record of 5,085 feet was made in 1903 by the French dirigible, Clement-Bayard.

ONLY MAN WITH TWO LEGAL WIVES

Has Begun a Divorce Proceeding Against No. 2.

Pittsburgh, Kas., Dec. 7.—Peter Sharp, the only man in the United States who has two legal wives, announced today that the two better halves were too costly, and that he had instituted divorce proceedings against Mrs. Samantha Sharp, wife, No. 2.

Anna Catherine, wife, No. 1, married Sharp nearly a score of years past and disappeared a few years ago. Sharp thought her dead and married Samantha. Only a few months after the wedding, Anna Catherine reappeared and swore out a bigamy warrant. The county attorney, however, refused prosecution, declaring Sharp had abundant reason to believe his first wife dead. Thereupon Sharp built two small houses, one on each side of his own, and identical in every respect, in which he quartered his two wives.

The cost of maintaining three establishments, however, was too great and this, he said, was responsible for the divorce proceedings.

NOT A SOCIALIST GETS AN OFFICE

As Result of the Election Held in Los Angeles.

Los Angeles, Calif., Dec. 7.—That no Socialist candidate for any municipal office was elected in Tuesday's election, was made certain today when complete returns were received. They show that George Alexander, "Good Government" candidate, received a majority of 34,685 over Job Harriman, Socialist. Alexander's vote was 85,739 and Harriman 51,590.

No Socialist came within 25,000 votes of election.

That the McNamara case was a factor in the result is indicated by the fact that Joseph Scott, "Good Government" candidate for the school board, who was one of the attorneys for the McNamara defense, finished last in the list of seven "Good Government" candidates, although at present he is president of the board.

The complete returns show the ordinance forbidding the sale or giving away of liquor was defeated by a majority of 55,653.

Vindication Expected.

Paris, Dec. 7.—Paris expects vindication for Madame Curie, discoverer of radium, when the suit brought by Madame Langevin, wife of Madame Curie's assistant, is heard tomorrow. The newspapers declare the scientist is being persecuted.

THE INFANTA UNTERRIFIED

Because She Will Probably Be Excommunicated,

FOR HER WRITINGS DEFENDING DIVORCE

She Is Preparing To Leave for Switzerland.

Declares That No Punishment the Church or Court of Spain Can Mete Out to Her Will Prevent Her from Making Public Her Views—Aunt of King Alfonso Calls Spain a Back Number.

Paris, Dec. 7—Unterrified because she probably will be excommunicated for her book defending divorce Infanta Eulalia, aunt of the Spanish king, today is preparing to go to Switzerland to do more writing, supplementing opinions already expressed.

In an interview with the Paris representative of the United Press, the Infanta declared no punishment the church or the court of Spain might mete out would prevent her from making public her views.

"My book is a very harmless little work," the Infanta said, "and should never have caused all this disturbance. In America it would not have been regarded as even advanced. But that only goes to show how far behind modern thought the court of Spain has lagged."

In her writings, the Infanta strongly favors divorce. She says:

"Divorce offers the advantage of freeing us from considering marriage as an eternal chain, as a crushing Juggernaut, or as a prison deliberately chosen to preserve one's means of livelihood.

"Should beings live together for years when their thoughts and their bodies are strangers? Divorce is useful, necessray and moral. It is inhuman to force a human being, who for twenty years has suffered patiently for the honor of his or her children, to pass the rest of his or her days in concubinage without the right to create a new hearthstone."

ROYAL SALUTE IS THUNDERED

As King and Queen Enter Delhi for Durbar.

THE MONARCHS ARE RECEIVED IN STATE

By Viceroy Lord Hardinge and Titled Natives.

The Royal and Viceregal Parties Enter State Carriages and Drive Through the Ancient Mogul Capital—Procession of Indian Princes Is the Most Imposing Part of the Show to Americans.

Delhi, India, Dec. 7.—While artillery thundred a royal salute and musicians blared the national anthem, King George and Queen Mary entered Delhi, today, for the dubar ceremony of next Tuesday.

The monarchs were received in state by Viceroy Lord Hardinge and Lady Hardinge, and about 150 titled natives.

A hastily-constructed silken tent, replacing the one destroyed by incendiaries Tuesday, was the scene of the reception. The young Nizam of Haiderabad, India's premier prince, was first to greet the king and queen.

The prince was followed by the Maharajah of Kashmir, owner of the "Earthly Paradise" at the foot of the Himalayas, and other dignitaries. The royal and viceregal parties then entered state carriages and drove through the ancient Mogul capital.

To the American visitor, the procession of Indian princes was the most imposing part of the show, the wonderful colors, jewels, gold embroidery, magnificent horses and state carriages providing a glittering spectacle.

Elephants are barred.

From the natives, however, their welcome was that accorded by a down-trodden people to their masters.

Much as George and Mary desired to impress the natives, they barred elephants from the parade, fearing a stampede.

The government got Munshi Syed Ahmad, an Indian religious leader, to explain to the natives in an official pamphlet, that elephant riding was out of date.

Another feature of today's show intended to impress the populace was the opening of the Shadi Darwaza, or king's gate, in the old days used only by the Mogul emperors.

At the spot where the British garrison made its last stand in 1857 against the rebel army, addresses of welcome were delivered by the governors and other representatives of British officialdom. The procession then made its way to the royal camp.

COLLECTS $500 ON LOAN OF $25

Remarkable Story of Extortion Comes to Light in Chicago.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—Playing on a wife's fear of her husband's displeasure, a Chicago loan shark, during fifteen years, collected from the woman, Mrs. John H. Murphy, more than $500 on an original loan of $25. This was the story of extortion uncovered by the Chicago Legal Aid society, today.

Murphy, the father, had always cautioned his son not to buy anything on credit. Young Murphy disobeyed that injunction back in 1896, purchasing a suit of clothes. When he fell behind in his payments and feared that the matter would come to his father's attention, he appealed to his mother. She likewise, was afraid to ask aid of Murphy, and went to a loan shark for the money. She has paid ten per cent. a month ever since then.

The loan shark's persecution of the woman was brought to light when the original lender died and his son tried to squeeze more money out of the woman.

The Leading Candidate.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Charles Nagel, of St. Louis, secretary of commerce and labor, is the leading candidate for the supreme court judgeship to succeed the late Associate Justice Harlan. Missouri never had a supreme court justice, and it is known Nagel is backed by Attorney General Wickersham and has the favor of the president.

Mauretania Pulled Off.

London, Dec. 7.—Tugs, after more than twelve hours, pulled the big liner, Mauretania, out of the mud near Dingle at 10:30 this morning. She was only slightly damaged, and will sail Saturday. The steamer snapped her anchor chains last night and drifted across the Mersey river.

Call for Statements.

Washington, Dec. 7.—A call for a statement of the condition of all national banks at the close of business Tuesday, December 5, was issued by the controller of the currency.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NATIONAL CASH REGISTER SUED

Federal Authorities Make the Claim It's a Monopoly.

SELLS AT A LOSS IS ONE CHARGE

Suit Is Begun in the City of Cincinnati.

Government Claims That the Company Stifles the Trade in Registers. Petition Is Directed Against John Patterson and Twenty-Eight Officers and Stockholders of the Big Institution at Dayton.

Cincinnati, O., Dec. 5—District Attorney McPherson, in the United States circuit court, filed suit against the National Cash Register company of Dayton, O., in which it is charged with conspiracy in restraint of trade. It is asserted that the company has a monopoly on the cash register industry and other registering devices, and that it has forced others out of business. The suit aims to prevent the monopoly of these industries.

The petition is directed against John Patterson, president of the company, and 28 officers and stockholders. Unfair business tactics and the overthrow of competing firms were practiced by the National company for years, according to the suit.

The company has a capitalization of $10,000,000. It is alleged they sell machines below the cost of manufacture to stifle competition.

UNCLAIMED MAIL.

The following unclaimed mail remains uncalled for at the local postoffice;

Men—J. S. Adams, Noah Ankrom, C. C. Anderson, V. Brown, Arthur Brown, Ray Baker, Pete Ervin, Frank Henderson, Bert Hoffett, M. Howse, Oscar H. Kuntzman, B. E. Loop, A. S. Lang, D. Myers, Herbert Nixon, Edward J. Bussey, L. F. Shirts, Emery Stewart, W. E. Willes, Charles M. Wilson.

Women—May Anthony, Katie Botkin, Mrs. Vinnie Burdon, Mrs. Myrtle Gamble, May Garner, Mrs W. E. Harmon, Mrs. Mary Hook, Mrs. Bessie Jones, Mrs M. R. Lyons, Kinnie Mays, Estella Marshall, Mrs. W. A. McFanne, Edith Miner, Mrs. Mary Moody, Mrs. Manley, Myrtle Powell, Relva Rose, Ruby Shoemaker, Verda Strawser, Emma Vought, Lillian Lee, Mrs. Charles Howit.

Packages—A. H Golden.

Firms—Jewel Theater company, Manager Linehan brothers, Freight Agent T. St. L. & W. railway.

Foreign—Giovanni Coruzzi.

Notice—When calling, say that mail was advertised.

M. B. Dickerson, P. M.

What an eighteen-year-old girl thinks of a woman who strives to wed her widowed father probably would not look well in print.

Water should never be used to clean gilt frames. Use a dry soft cloth.

Christmas Suggestions

Pocket Knives.
Razors.
Safety Razors.
Razor Strops.
Shaving Brushes.
Shaving Mirrors.
Tools of all kinds.
Scissors.
Scissor Sets.
Chafing Dishes.
Casseroles.
Coffee Percolators.
Tea Pots (fancy).
Silverware.
Manicure Sets.
Skates.
Sleds.
Express Wagons.
Footballs.
Striking Bags.
Air Rifles.
Boxing Gloves.
Rifles.

This store is the leading Xmas store for practical, useful gifts. Gifts that will be remembered and used every day in the year. Come in, let us show you. No trouble to show goods.

Haberman Hardware Company.
NORTH MAIN STREET

WHET KNIVES FOR SCALP OF BIGELOW

Farmer Delegates Fear Preacher's Single-Tax Theories.

Columbus, O., Dec. 5. — Desire to plant a blow where it would do effective damage to the aspirations of Rev. Herbert Bigelow, delegate from Hamilton county, favorite of the Democratic state organization and single tax advocate, to be president of the constitutional convention, is credited with being the impelling motive behind a meeting of rural delegates to the convention, which is being held in the Southern hotel today.

It was to have been kept a secret, but news of the proposed meeting leaked out, despite precautions. The purpose was only partially developed, but enough is known to warrant the assumption that there is a desire to start something against Rev. Mr Bigelow.

That there will be a quiet effort to turn farmer delegates against the proposed 8, 10 and 12 per cent plan on the initiative and referendum question seems to be indicated. Rev. Mr. Bigelow's stanch advocacy of these percentages and the fact that he is expected to take up the battle for single tax if the 8-10-12 theory prevails in the convention and is ratified by the people, it is said, has frightened farmers, and it is now proposed to take steps that will insure a greater measure of conservatism in the proposed I. and R. constitutional provisions

The call for the meeting was issued a week ago by George W. Miller, Bucyrus banker and delegate from Crawford county. Invitations were mailed to practically all the farmer delegates, it is said.

THE RED CROSS SEALS ARE PLACED ON SALE

The Advance Club Will Direct the Sales Here.

AN EFFORT TO BREAK RECORDS OF THE PAST

The Advance Club Holds a Meeting at the Home of Mrs. J. W. Freeland and in Addition To Accepting Agency Makes Plans for Selling Stamps.

The Red Cross tuberculosis seals which have been heretofore sold at the Christmas season by a number of Marion merchants, will this year be sold under the direction of the Advance club, one of the prominent literary clubs of the city, as stated by the Star Monday. The club will place the seals on sale throughout the county in all places where Christmas seals and stamps are sold, such as book stores, drug stores, etc. The seals can also be purchased from any member of the organization. A large consignment has arrived and the seals are on sale today at the Elson Art exhibit at the St. Paul's Episcopal parish-house.

Dr. Robert G. Paterson, executive secretary of the State Tuberculosis

THE RED CROSS SEAL.

society, was in the city, Monday, and met with the members of the Advance club at a called meeting at the J. W. Freeland home on Mt. Vernon avenue, in the afternoon. At this meeting the club decided to take the agency and to try and make the sale of the stamps exceed that of last year, which was 2,300 for Marion alone.

This is the fourth year that the Red Cross tuberculosis seals have been sold on a national basis and each year the sale is increasing. Last year Ohio sold 3,743,427 seals, ranking second to New York state which led the sale with 5,955,872. This year the slogan in Ohio is "5,000,000 seals in Ohio," which means that one seal must be sold for every person living in the state Marion sold a large number last year, but the interest already evident indicates that more and more people each year appreciate the mission of the little red-and-green stickers and it is expected that a much larger sale will be reported for this city this year.

The little seals sell for one cent each, and the entire proceeds of the sales will be turned over to the state tuberculosis society to be used in establishnig a tuberculosis association in Ohio for the stamping out of one of the most fatal diseases known to mankind. It is hoped that the sale this year will warrant the establishing of this association..

Thousands of seals are used each year on Christmas packages sent from friend to friend and their popularity is exceeding that of the regular Christmas seal.

Turpentine, naphtha, benzine and kerosene are all deadly poison to moths.

A man stores up a lot of trouble for himself by failing to forgive his enemies

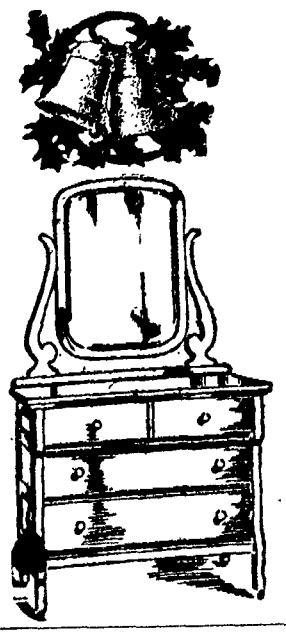
Kerosene will remove grease from set bowls and porcelain-lined sinks.

HOOVER-ROWLANDS CO.

Great Xmas Sale

Commencing Tuesday, Dec. 5th, we will place at your disposal our entire stock of holiday goods, at prices that will startle the busy people of Marion.

Our stock was never better or selections so complete. The most fastidious cannot help but be pleased—a careful comparison of prices will convince the skeptical buyer that this is the low-priced Furniture House of Marion.



Dresser

Made of Solid Oak,

Nicely finished, plenty of room. French Bevel Mirror, sold everywhere at double the price,

$7.95

Gas Range $9.98

Guaranteed baker and gas saver, has four cooking holes and large oven, a bargain at..... $9.98

One lot, Round Oak coal heaters, 13 inch five-pot. Full nickeled, $7.98. Airtight, clamp-joints, which insures perfect keeping of fire. A guaranted fuel saver and will heat three good sized rooms, regular $12 stove as a Xmas bargain **$7.98**

Bed, Spring & Mattress $7.50

Beautiful Iron Bed, large heavy posts with Brass trimmings close fillers, and malleable castings.

Fifty lb. mattress and guaranteed steel spring, sold regularly at $15, this sale $7.50.

This Sale $7.50

Collapsible Go-Cart $3.95

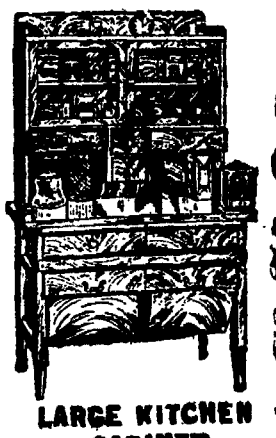
Children must have fresh air, and air is cheaper than doctor bills, and everyone can afford a cart at the above price. Has large folding hood, one motion collapsible, ⅝-inch tires, flexible springs, all colors. Compare prices.

Christmas Sale . . $3.95

Storm Front $1.50 extra

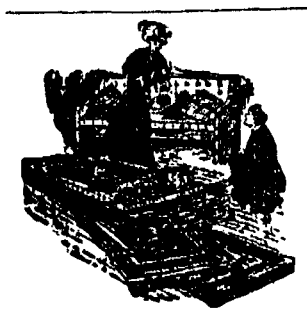
Kitchen Cabinet $10.50.

What would please your wife or mother more than one of those handsome Kitchen Cabinets—an ideal Xmas present. Has flour bin of 75 lb. capacity, large, roomy dish compartment, with glass doors, full nickel top, finished in beautiful satin walnut, can not be matched in town under $15 to $18,



LARGE KITCHEN CABINET

As a Christmas Special.....$10.50



Don't fail to visit our Rug, Carpet and Drapery Department. Here you will find everything to brighten and cheer the home.

Our combined buying capacity for fourteen large stores enable us to quote prices that are impossible for dealers operating but one single store.

Watch for our 12 SATURDAY SPECIALS.

Hoover Rowlands Co.

EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME. 111 NORTH MAIN ST.

BUY NOW.

TWO DAYS' PROGRAM OF FARMERS' INSTITUTE

To Be Held at Court-Room December 11 and 12.

EXCELLENT MUSIC FEATURE OF PROGRAM

State Lecturers Are A. A. Huber and R. A. Hayne, Who Will Be Assisted by Capable Local Speakers. Musical Numbers Are To Be Given by Williamson Quartet.

The Marion County Farmers' institute, which will be held in the common pleas court-room, next Monday and Tuesday, December 11 and 12, offers a very attractive program, and will undoubtedly attract a large and much interested attendance. A very especial feature of the program is the music, which will be contributed by the Williamson Sisters' quartet, a professional lyceum and Chautauqua organization, with a fine repertoire of songs. All press notices from North, South and West speak of the Williamsons as delightful entertainers. They will contribute to the program of every session.

The institute will open Monday morning at 9 o'clock. The lectures and papers will be "The Soil," by A. A. Huber; "Governmental Aid for Good Roads," by E. N. Uncapher; "Alfalfa," by R. A. Hayne.

At the afternoon session, opening at 1 o'clock, Mr. Hayne will lecture on "Improved Livestock," G. W. Parks will speak on "Why Decline of Country School and Church." Mr. Huber will discuss "The Successful Shepherd and the Care of the Flock," and D. E. Gardner will give a practical talk on "Butter-Making."

Monday night, after the musical opening, Mr. Huber will offer his "Observations by the Way," Miss Orpha Kline will recite "Old Man Farmer Bee," Mr. Huber will speak on the "Agricultural College," Miss Doris Bondley will recite "The Carpenter Man," and Mr. Hayne will lecture on "The Evolution of the Body."

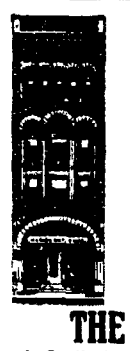
Tuesday morning's session will be devoted to the animal side of farm life. Mr. Hayne will talk on "Some Principles of Stock Feeding," Mr. Huber on "Profitable Swine Husbandry" and Dr. R. S. Dombaugh on "Poultry."

Tuesday afternoon, after hearing committee reports and electing officers, Mr. Huber will lecture on "Essentials to Good Corn Growing," Mr. C. E. Uncapher will talk on "Orchard Demonstrations" and Mr. Hayne will speak on "Horses."

At all of these sessions there will be opportunity to discuss the lectures, and the introduction of the "round table" talks.

Anyway, the man who buys trouble has no kick coming if he fails to get his money's worth.

PUBLIC SALE—Having decided to move to Virginia will offer for sale at public auction at my residence 1 mile east of Agosta on Marion and Agosta pike, known as Stockwell farm, Wednesday, Decemebr 13, 1911 10 o'clock, a. m., the following: eight horses, 17 head cattle, 8 cows giving milk; 50 head shrop-shire sheep, 14 head brood cows, one 2-year-old Duroc boar 40 head shoats, 100 chickens, 10 ton mixed hay, 1,250 shocks corn, 50 shocks fodder, 250 bushels corn in crib, farming implements of every description, including one three-horse power gasoline engine feed grinder, 1 Dairy Maid cream separator, 65-gallon kettle Usual terms. G. F. Dunn J. A. Reed, Auct 7-t-s-wk-3



The Policy of this Bank

Is to provide a **prompt, accurate banking service** for all, and to combine liberal treatment with due conservatism.

If you think well of it, we shall be pleased to **add your name to our growing list of depositors.**

THE MARION NATIONAL BANK

J. E. Waddell, President C. N. Phillips, Cashier

MEMBERS OF CHOIR ENJOY SLEIGHING

Company of Seventeen Makes Trip to Prospect.

The members of the choir of St Paul's Episcopal church enjoyed the first sleighing of the season, Monday evening. The members of the party numbering seventeen, met about 6 o'clock and went to Prospect in a large bobsled. Arriving at that village they took supper at the Central hotel and spent the evening with music and social pleasures in the hotel parlors. The return trip to Marion was made about midnight, the party arriving home after 1 o'clock.

Those enjoying the ride were Mr and Mrs. Aubrey Hess, Mrs. Eva Wilson, Miss Sadamae Allen, Miss Florence Shaw, Miss Ada Havill, Miss Anna Sechrist, Miss Gaenelle Shaw, Miss Bessie Dowler, Miss Charlotte McMurray, Mr. Alfred Horn, Mr Harold Smith, Mr. George Snow, Mr Rooy Sechrist, Mr. Paul Johnson, Mr. Robert Grace and Mr. Homer Dean.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

SPLENDID CROPS

in Saskatchewan (Western Canada)—

800 Bushels From 20 Acres

of wheat was the thresher's return from a Lloydminster farm during one season. Many fields in that as well as other districts yielded from 25 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre. Other grains in proportion.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

LARGE PROFITS

are thus derived from the **FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS of Western Canada.**

This excellent showing causes prices to advance. Land values should double in two years' time.

Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts; 160-acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest; wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, settlers' low railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information write to Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to Canadian Government Agent.

H. M. Williams
413 Gardner Building Toledo, Ohio
(Use address nearest you.)

Our Object

is to make every purchase please you. We are anxious to have you return anything at any time that does not meet with your approval.

R. T. Lewis & Co.

Many reliable farmers have the Saturday habit of supplying us with fresh eggs and butter. The supply may not last long. Order early.

If its to eat, we have it.

Telephone 130

Money to Loan!

We have money on hand at all times seeking desirable farm loans at the lowest rates.

Copeland & Bartram
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
MARION, : : : : OHIO.

CHARLES C. FISHER
Attorney-at-Law,
Bennett Building.

—THE—
HOCKING VALLEY
—IS THE—
Convenient Way
—BETWEEN—

Toledo	Columbus
Pemberville	Lancaster
Fostoria	Athens
Carey	Wellston
Up. Sandusky	Jackson
Marion	Gallipolis
Prospect	Middleport
Delaware	Pomeroy

Consult Hocking Valley Ticket Agent for Information.

E. Nebergall, Agt. H. V. R'y., Marion.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

HOCKING VALLEY.

North—7:15 a. m.; 10.05 a. m.; 4.05 p. m.; 6:00 p. m.; 11.15 p. m.
South—7:15 a. m., 7:29 a. m., 10.30 a. m.; 1:15 p. m., 7:29 p. m.
*Daily except Sunday.
†Runs to Marion only. A half hour late on Sunday.

ERIE.

Southwest—10:27 a. m.; 5:18 p. m.; 1:30 a. m.
East—5:33 a. m.; 12:53 p. m.; 11:55 p. m.; 5:17 p. m.

CHICAGO & ERIE.

West—10:25 a. m.; 12:05 a. m.; *7.45 a. m.; 12:10 p. m.
East—5:35 a. m.; *†9:55 a. m.; *5.10 p. m.; 5:55 p. m.
*Daily except Sunday.
†Runs to Marion only.
‡Runs to Ohio City only.

BIG FOUR.

Eastbound—2:25 a. m.; 12:25 noon, 7.50 p. m.; 10.42 p. m.; *5:27 p. m.
Westbound—5:53 a. m.; 10:05 a. m.; 1:15 p. m.; 7.15 p. m.; *3:10 p. m.
*Daily except Sunday.

PENNSYLVANIA.

North—4:25 p. m.; *12.20 p. m.
South—10:20 a. m.; *8:00 p. m.
*Daily except Sunday.

C. D. & M. ELECTRIC.

Interurban Southbound—6 a. m., 7 a. m.; 8 a. m.; 11 a. m., 12 m., 1 p. m.; 4 p. m.; 5 p. m.; 6 p. m.; 7 p. m., 9 p. m., *11 p. m.
Interurban Northbound—†5.55 a. m., †6.55 a. m.; 8.55 a. m., 9.50 a. m.; 12.55 p. m., 1.50 p. m., 4.55 p. m.; 5.50 p. m.; 8 p. m., 10.55 p. m.
*Goes to Delaware only. †From Strattonservice Sundays and holidays.

C. M. B. ELECTRIC.

Cars leave Marion for [illegible] 10 a. m., 12.15 p. m., 2 p. m.
Cars leave Bucyrus for [illegible] 9:00 and 11.15 a. m. and [illegible]:00, 2:05 and 11:05 p. m.

A variety may be secured by baking potatoes with a slice of bacon [illegible]. The bacon is put into a hole made with an apple-corer.

[illegible] the most of us would be [illegible] if our neighbors were what [illegible] should be.

SCOPE AND INFLUENCE OF BIG CHICAGO SHOW

The International Livestock Show Is Great Success.

THE ELEVENTH YEAR SINCE ORGANIZATION

Show Stands in the Front Rank as an Educational Institution—School Necessary to the Progress of Proper Livestock Breeding—Next Exhibition in December.

As year succeeds year, and leaves in the pages of history, records of progress in literature, arts and manufactures, so the International Live stock Exposition, held December 2 to 9, proves its usefulness and worth by its continuous and steady progress towards achievements in the breeding and feeding world that have today, although only the eleventh year of its existence, made it pre-eminently, not only the greatest exhibition of its kind, but an educational institution that is leaving its mark upon the youthful stockmen of this country in a measure so prolific of practical information, as to place it in the front ranks of that school of knowledge so absolutely essential to the progress of livestock breeding.

There is no limit to the possibilities in the development and extension of live stock interests in this vast and prolific country, with its rapidly increasing population, wealth and power, and great and important as the International Livestock exposition is at the present moment, it is only in the swaddling clothes of robust and vigorous youthfulness

The ever increasing improvement of the various breeds of live stock represented at this great International show, is only a pioneer revelation of what it will accomplish as time goes on

Great achievements are not attained in a day, nor are the practical and lasting benefits of scientific breeding accomplished in a decade, but when such improvements in live stock as are manifest in this, but the eleventh year of the existence of this great institution, the result of which is a foundation stock far in advance of anything the country has ever known before, what must inevitably be the result of another ten years with the ever increasing means at hand through this great exposition, the state fairs and the splendid agricultural institutions of the land, but a still further improvement far more rapid, far more useful, and far more far-reaching in its results.

The Chicago livestock exposition will pass through all the stages of babyhood, youth, and maturity, in Chicago itself, the great central metropolis, of this extraordinarily fertile land, for this city by the very reason of its position, must inevitably continue to be the center of the great farming and breeding industries of the country; for it is the nucleus, not only from which the rays of progress extend, but to which the forces of development are attracted: and so it is, and so it will be, that when decades are counted upon decades, the great city of Chicago, the future of which the generation of today has no conception, will still be the center of the livestock world and the livestock industry, a momument of the past, and a beacon that still points to a greater greatness.

YOUNG PEOPLE ARE JOINED IN MARRIAGE

Miss Sweeney and Mr. Frank McDaniel.

At the home of Rev Father Joseph Denning of north Main street, Wednesday evening at 6:30 o'clock, Miss Katherine Sweeney, the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Sweeney, of Silver street, was united in marriage to Mr. Frank McDaniel.

Immediately following the ceremony, a reception was tendered the newly-married couple at the home of the parents of the bride on Silver street at which only the immediate relatives of the contracting parties were present. After a season of social intermingling, a fine dinner was served. The home was fully decorated for the occasion.

The bride is a talented young lady and has many friends in this city as has also the groom who is a son of Mrs. Catherine McDaniel, of Blaine avenue, and an employe of the Marion Steam Shovel company.

Mr. and Mrs. McDaniel have gone to Columbus on a wedding journey. They will make their home with the groom's mother on Blaine avenue.

SWALLOWS A TACK AND DIES QUICKLY

Infant Is Victim of an Unusual Accident.

Harold, the five year-old-son of Mr. and Mrs. George Snair, of Uncapher avenue, swallowed a tack about 4:30 o'clock Wednesday evening and choked to death about thirty minutes later. Dr. C. G. Smith was immediately summoned, but the child died before he arrived.

The little boy was playing about the room and picked the tack off a window sill. The tack lodged in the child's throat and he died in great agony.

Aside from the parents the child leaves five brothers and sisters.

The funeral was held Friday.

SCHAFFNER'S.

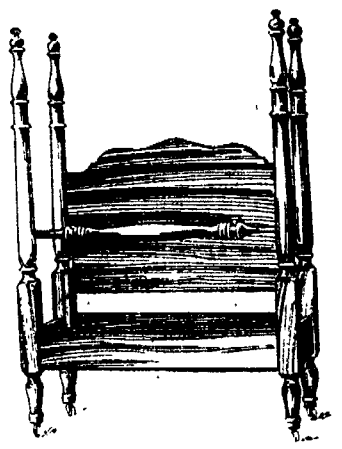
If you take as much pride in giving Furniture—that is reliably made; that will last for years; that has real style and art illustrated—as we do in selling that sort; you undoubtedly will give . . . . . .

SCHAFFNER FURNITURE FOR XMAS!

The famous Daven-o $38.00 to any price you want to pay, always including a fine felt mattress. Regular Davenports up to $115.00.

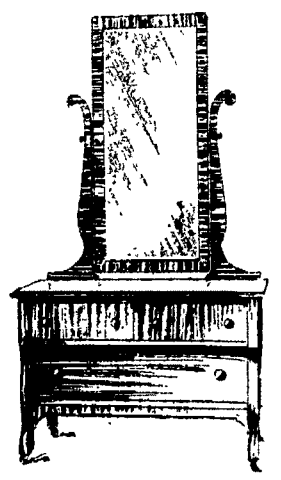
Good Couches $11.00 up.

Gunn's Grand Rapids, Macey's and Danner's Sectional Bookcases in Golden fumed and Early English Oak, Mahogany and Mahogany finish.



Poster Beds in twin and full sizes, Colonial, Sheraton and Louis periods—real and mahogany finishes, dull and polished, polished and waxed Golden and Early English oak, Birdseye maple and Circassian walnut, plain and inlaid.

Brass Beds, 2-inch posts, **$13.50 up.** Iron Beds, **$2.50 up.**



Dressers in Mahogany Finish.

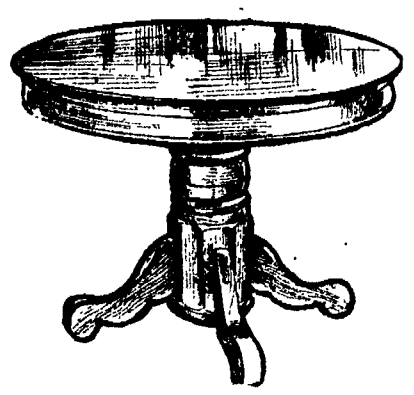
Solid mahogany and Golden oak, waxed polished and dull finish Birdseye maple, natural mahogany and Circassian Walnut Chiffonier, Somnoes and Washstands to match.

Thousands of Satisfied Customers

Yes, for many years this store has been adding to its list of satisfied customers. Satisfied with price, quality and treatment.

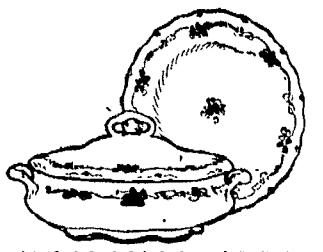
We value our customers' satiisfaction above everything else, and that's but one reason why it pays best to select the Gift here. Plain price tags are prominent on each article and that price represents its real value, whether you pay cash or not, and in every instance is less than the same quality can be bought for elsewhere.

Piano Benches, Music Cabinets, Desks, Writing Tables, Parlor Cabinets, Pedestals, Fancy Tables, Morris Chairs, Footrests, Pipe Racks, Medicine Cabinets, Shaving Cabinets, in sanitary steel, oak and white enamel. Mirrors for everywhere. Costumers, Hall Racks, Hall Glasses and Seats. Parlor and Library Suits, luxurious Chairs, regular Bedroom and Slipper Chairs and Rockers in all woods and finishes. Reception and Desk Chairs. A fine line of Business Desks and Chairs, and some splendid things in Kitchen Cabinets, Ironing Tables and Carpet Sweepers to lighten the labor of she who makes home—home.



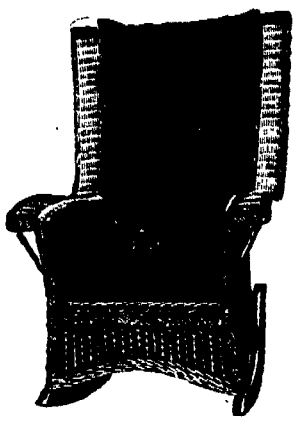
Buffets and Sideboards in golden oak, Early English and fumed oak, Circassian walnut and solid mahogany, **$16.00 to $125.00.** Tables, China Closets, Chair and Chafing Dish Cabinets.

Plate Racks in golden and mission finishes.



W H GRINDLEY & CO'S ENGLISH PORCELAIN

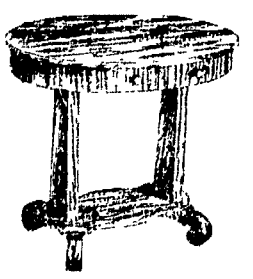
Exquisite things in Limoges, Haviland, German and American china and English semi-porcelain, open stock. You can get one piece or as many as you like.



Well made, comfortable, **first quality** Leather and Combination **Rockers $8.00** up.

Other Rockers from those **for the tots** to the big roomy ones at **popular prices.** All woods and finishes.

Folding Go-Carts Those that you can open and close with one hand, and hold the baby in the other, good serviceable roomy ones, **$5.40 up. Natty Auto** and other carts.



Library Tables $6.00 to $45.00.

Early English fumed and Golden oak, solid mahogany, mahogany finish and Circassian walnut.

When Schaffner's Wagons Delivers the Goods, Your Neighbors Know It's Good Furniture.

A. D. SHERMAN IS HELD TO ANSWER

Charged with Cutting with Intent To Kill.

Charged with cutting with intent to kill Riley Eighinger, of Caledonia, who was recently discharged from the United States army, A. D. Sherman, of Cardington, a rural mail carrier, was held to the Morrow county grand jury, Monday, following a preliminary hearing in the court of Mayor Retter, of Cardington.

The alleged cutting scrape occured near the Gregory hotel at Cardington, last Saturday evening, when Sherman and Eighinger became engaged in a controversy. Eighinger claims that Sherman used a knife, inflicting several bad cuts.

MARRIAGE SERVICE AT EPWORTH PARSONAGE

Miss Buckingham and Mr. J. K. Little Wed.

Mr. James K. Little and Miss Hazel Buckingham, both of Marion, were united in marriage by Dr. C. R. Havighurst at the Epworth M. E. parsonage, Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. They were unattended.

The young people will reside in this city, the groom being employed in the Marion Steam Shovel shops

Honey is said to be a good substitute for cod-liver oil

The long fur coat is still very important.

JOINED IN MARRIAGE AT HOME OF BRIDE

Miss Alma Lytle and Mr. Clarence H. Redmon.

Miss Alma Lytle, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Roy Lytle, of Prospect, and Mr. Clarence H. Redmon, son of Mr. and Mrs James Redmon, of six miles southwest of Prospect, were united in marriage at the home of the bride Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. The ceremony was performed by Rev. M. D. Bumgarner, of the Methodist church, in the presence of only the immediate relatives.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Redmon are well known and very well liked in the vicinity in which they reside. They will make their home for the present with the groom's parents. The groom is a farmer.

—FIRE—

Life
Health
Accident

Liability
Plate Glass
Steam Boiler

INSURANCE

Marion's Strongest Insurance Agency
Phone 117

J. A. KNAPP & SON

Marion National Bank Bldg. East Center Street
All lines written in strongest companies.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endange the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY

THE ASSETS

of the Marion County Bank Co are not confined to the cash and securities which it holds, amounting to over a Million Dollars

Its greatest asset is the confidence reposed in it by the people of Marion, who have entrusted to it for safe keeping, deposits amounting to more than $700,000 00

Business interests are served in every legitimate way at this bank, and its officers are always pleased to confer with those in need of banking relations

Marion County Bank Co.

Cor Main and Center Sts Marion Ohio

Capital and Surplus $350 000 00

W H SCHAFFNER President C D SCHAFFNER Cashier

TREASURER'S ACCOUNTS

A man is sometimes elected Treasurer of an Organization and hesitates to accept for fear the use of the funds may prove trouble some or require too much clerical work

We already have a large number of such accounts Treasurers depositing such funds with us know they have the best of security as all funds are secured by first mortgage on real estate the safest of all security

It will pay you to come in and see us

The Citizens Building & Loan Co

111½ West Center St, Over Wells Fargo Express Co

J M SCHNEIDER Pres Phone 175 O G BRIGGS Sec

BEACON SHOE

Genuine Goodyear Welts

Gun Metals and Tans
Buttons and Bluchers

A saving of 50c on your shoe bill in every pair

Starr Shoe Store

The Busy Store on the Busy Corner

THE APPOINTMENTS OF COMING MAYOR

John F McDonough Named as Chief of Police

FIGHT IS PROMISED FOR THE POSITION

W H Bond Is To Remain in His Old Position as Captain of Police—J C Anthony and M A Mickley Made Service and Safety Directors Respectively—Those In Other Places

Director Claude D Watters has announced his appointments and the nominations he will send to the confirmation of the city council

Although there has been a great deal of interest manifested in all of the appointments the election for chief of police overshadowed all others and it appears that the selection is to be united

Mr Walters has named John F McDonough for the place and no doubt the selection announced by Chief John W Kinsteller made the statement that he does not contemplate giving up the position to which he asserts he is entitled under the civil service law The chief claims he can not be removed except for cause and that he has given no cause Therefore he intends to remain

W H Bond is the selection for captain The captain has had the broadest experience of any officer on the present force and has been regarded highly efficient by his friends

GEORGE BLUM

Who Gets Back His Old Place as Street Commissioner

The selection of George Blum for his old position that of street commissioner brings great pleasure to hundreds of friends who found him one of the most energetic and efficient officers in the history of the city when he did duty as street commissioner before

J C Anthony and M A Mickley have been named as service and safety directors respectively Both are citizens of worth and their administrations will without doubt sustain the mayor in his judgment

James L Lutz another time tried public servant will return to his former position as sanitary officer and brings with him a great deal of experience that is valuable in safeguarding the health of the community

Henry Kramer a young man of considerable clerical experience is the choice of the coming mayor for clerk of the board of control

W A Burnett who has given good service as the superintendent of the garbage disposal plant will remain in that position

Ernest Scott who has been regarded a good civil engineer and who has had a great deal of experience in the work incident to the local city surveys is the choice for city engineer

Mr Walters states that he will not name a park superintendent He intends that the parks the city owns can be taken care of otherwise and the twenty acres of ground which the park superintendent has been planning for the city to be planted in corn and oats by some farmer on the shares and profits thereof be received The corn and oats can be cared by the city in the barns at the fire stations

A departure will be made in the handling of the market house A market master will not be appointed but the street commissioner will have charge of the place and the stall rent will be used for heating and lighting the hall While the market house will not be a source of revenue at the same time it will be operated with little expense whatever to the city

As the sinking fund trustees the board remained unchanged The board consists of A C Edmondson John L Wadsell W H Schaffner and D H Lincoln

MARION FRIENDS ARE GIVEN SURPRISE

Miss Edith Bader Marries Mr Larry O'Neal

The many friends in this city of Miss Edith Bader will be surprised to learn that she was married Thursday morning in Cleveland to Mr Larry O'Neal of that city The ceremony was performed by a Catholic priest

Miss Bader is a daughter of Conrad Bader of Silver street and has been employed as a cashier at the Bader meat market on East Center street

BENJAMIN EBLING DIES FRIDAY EVENING

Death Follows the Third Stroke of Paralysis

Benjamin Daniel Ebling aged eighty two years died at the home of his daughter Mrs L E Zechiel of No 10 south Prospect street Friday evening at 6 o'clock His death was due to paralysis and dropsy He suffered the third stroke a week ago the second two months ago and the first attack three years ago He partially recovered from the first stroke and his condition had not been serious until within the past couple of months

Mr Ebling was born in Schuylkill county Pennsylvania February 22 1829 He came here from Indiana He was married March 7 1851 to Miss Angeline Merkle and to this union were born six children two of whom survive They are Mrs L E Zechiel with whom he resided, and Mrs Lizzie Barrett of Pawnee Oklahoma His wife died in July 1909

Mr and Mrs Ebling broke up housekeeping in 1901 because of the failing health of Mrs Ebling and since that time have made their home with their daughters Mrs Zechiel and Mrs L E Hawkins of Culver Indiana usually spending the winter with Mr Zechiel Mr Ebling came to make his home in Marion in August 1911, Mrs Hawkins having died last spring

The funeral was held Sunday afternoon at 2 30 o'clock at the Zechiel home on south Prospect street Rev N H Loose, of Upper Sandusky a former pastor here officiating The remains were taken to Culver Indiana where they were interred in the Zion cemetery near that place Monday morning at 10 o'clock

A LAW PARTNERSHIP IS FORMED FRIDAY

Fred W Warner and Fred L Carhart Join Fortunes

Fred W Warner city solicitor elect and Fred L Carhart Friday formed a law partnership and simultaneously with the formation of the partnership Mr Carhart was notified of his appointment as local counsel for the Big Four railroad Mr Carhart succeeded Attorney Harry N Quigley who is now assistant attorney general of the Big Four and chief counsel for the Cincinnati Northern with headquarters in Cincinnati

The offices of the new firm of Carhart & Warner will be located at No 142 west Center street in the Fisher block Mr Warner having moved from his south Main street office Saturday

Messrs Carhart and Warner are both rising young attorneys with a lucrative clientele

FUNERAL SERVICES OF LATE ANDREW O'HARA

Remains Are Laid to Rest in St Mary's Cemetery

The services over the remains of the late Andrew O'Hara were conducted at St Mary's Catholic church Saturday morning at 9 o'clock The funeral was very largely attended by relatives and friends and the floral tributes were beautiful and many

A very impressive oration was delivered by Rev Father Joseph Denning after which the funeral party proceeded to St Mary's cemetery where the remains were laid to rest

Among those attending the funeral from a distance aside from the officials and employes of the St Louis Sullivan and daughter Marion Laughlin of Bellefontaine Fred & San Francisco road who accompanied Mr and Mrs Owen Kane of Union City Miss Estella Dupanied Mrs O'Hara and the remains Limit Lawrence O'Hara of Muskogee and James Dugan of Kenton at her husband to Marion were George Oklahoma Mr and Mrs Patrick Michael Dean of Indianapolis Mrs Georg H Schleyer superintendent McNeil Mrs Mary O'Connor and John Foley of Drummond Indiana of the road at Enid Oklahoma and Miss Anna O'Hara of Galion Mrs Miss Mary Cone and Miss Nina Dunwife Sister Hennea of Springfield John McNeil and Mrs Mary Morton of Akron

OUR SPECIAL CLOTHING PRICES

Havecaused quite a sensation among the Marion people, and why not Right in the beginning of the winter season you can save from 25 to 30 per cent on your

SUITS OR OVERCOATS

Isn't That A Big Item for Anyone?

Here are the prices----Note the saving.

THERE ARE 32 Suits and Overcoats sold regularly at $[illegible] now $18 75.

THERE ARE 21 Suits and Overcoats sold at $20 00, now $14 75

THERE ARE 29. Suits and Overcoats, sold at $15 00, now $9 75.

THERE ARE 19 Suits and Overcoats sold regularly at $15 00 now $8 50.

THERE ARE 11. Suits and Overcoats sold regularly at $10 00 now $7.50

We are not overstocked on blue or black goods and they are not included.

A Full Line of Holiday Goods on Hand.

MARX BROS. & HESS

THE STORE THAT MAKES GOOD

RATES OF TAXATION.

In pursuance of law I ROBERT S DOMBAUGH Treasurer of Marion County Ohio do hereby give notice that the number of mills levied on each dollar of property list for taxation within all counts for the TAX YEAR 1911 is as follow FOR STATE PURPOSES Sinking fund 0 5 mill university fund 0 5 mill common school fund 0 3 mill total state levy 1 mill

FOR COUNTY PURPOSES County fund 2 mill interurban fund 0 1 mill bridges home fund 1 mill bridge fund 1 mill pike fund 0 2 mill election fund 0 mill soldiers relief fund 0 08 mill judicial fund 0 5 mill blind fund 1 mill county debt fund 1 mill total county levy 8 8 mills total state and county levies 9 8 mill

FOR LOCAL PURPOSES See table below

NAMES OF CORPORATIONS TOWNSHIPS AND SCHOOL DISTRICTS	Total Certificate	Total County and State	School	Township	Corporation	Total	December 1911 Tax	June 1st Tax	Total Tax Levy
[illegible]									
Bowling Green [illegible]									
Harding V S D									
Claridon [illegible]									
Caledonia Corporation									
Caledonia V S D									
Grand [illegible]									
Goshen Grand [illegible] S D									
Dallas Glen [illegible] Mfg mers [illegible] School District									
Grand and Montgomery [illegible] S D									
Grand Point [illegible]									
Morral V S D									
[illegible] Camp [illegible]									
Green Camp Corporation									
Green Camp V S D									
Marion [illegible]									
Marion Dutch									
Marion Corporation [illegible]									
Marion City S D									
Marion Dutch									
Marion Corporation [illegible] S D [illegible]									
Montgomery [illegible]									
Dallas Goshen Grand and Montgomery [illegible] School District									
Tully Corporation									
Tully V S D									
New Minden Corporation									
New Minden V S D									
Pleasant [illegible]									
[illegible] Island [illegible] S D [illegible]									
[illegible] [illegible]									
Prospect Corporation									
Prospect V S D									
[illegible] Island [illegible]									
Split Pole [illegible]									
Morral Corporation									
Morral V S D									
Scott [illegible]									
Tully [illegible]									
Owl [illegible]									
Waldo Corporation									

DOG TAX payable annually at the December Election

Marion Marion County Ohio November 9 1911

ROBT S DOMBAUGH County Treasurer

Openn Evenings Until Xmas. Engraving Free. Purchases Laid Aside

THE NELSON JEWELRY STORE

Is Splendidly Ready for Christmas Buying

A truly interesting stock of beautiful gift things from all quarters of the globe, is here ready for Christmas purchasers. It's seldom Christmas follows so closely after Thanksgiving, which makes it necessary to begin buying NOW.

Libbey Cut Glass

Known as the most perfect cut. Big new stock. Many small pieces.

Silver Trays

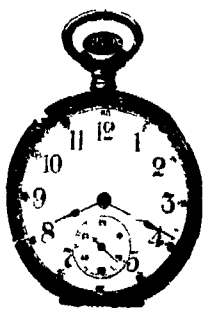
Pierced Silver Sandwich Trays $4.50.

Silver Bread Trays, at $2.50 and up.

Plain Sterling Silver

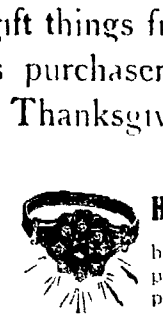
frames are all the fad in the cities. We show a big line in all sizes.

Folding clock, purse sizes in leather cases.



Watches at $10

Pay more or less, but we have the best and most watches.



Hundreds of Rings

hand signet set with precious and semi precious stones.

Choose now

Silver Baking Dishes

Fine Casserotes Toilet Sets, Sheffield Plate, Chafing Dishes, etc.

Thermos Bottles

A very acceptable gift, nickle case, pint or quart size.

Electrical Portable Art Glass

Genuine bronze, finest shown in Marion, some specials at $15

Brooches, pins, hair ornaments chains, bracelets—a thousand pretty gift things.

NELSON & SONS.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

FOR THOSE WHO WISH TO TEACH

Questions For Applicants For County Certificates.

EXAMINATION HELD DEC. 2, 1911

Prepared by the State School Commissioner to Test the Mental Qualifications of Those Who Seek Positions as Teachers In the Public Schools.

Following is the list of questions so prepared under direction of the state commissioner of public schools, and submitted at the county examination for teachers Dec. 2, for elementary school certificates:

ARITHMETIC.

1. The taxable property of a township is $2,854,000, the taxes amount to $2,875. What is the rate of taxation of the township?

2. A man's income is $900 a year. His rent amounts to one-sixth of his income; his board and clothes amount to twice as much as his rent; all other expense is one-half as much as his rent, board and clothes. How much does he save each year?

3. A note of $450 dated January 1, 1906 was paid in full, three years from date. The note draws six per cent interest, payable annually. If no interest is paid, what was due at settlement?

4. Find the area of a six-inch cube.

5. A lady wishes to secure an annual income of $1,200, and finds five per cent stock to suit her at 110 1-2, brokerage 1-8. How much must she invest?

6. If three and one-half yards of cloth cost $11 find the cost of eight yards.

7. If there was a gain of 15 per cent on tea at $1.08 per pound, what would be the gain per cent if sold at 90 cents per pound?

READING.

The examiner will conduct an oral examination in reading, or he may require the applicant to write the answers to the questions in reading. These questions are suggestive for the oral examination. Applicants for a four-year provisional certificate under the Hawkins law are required to write the examination in reading.

This examination is based in part on Briggs and Coffman's "Reading in the Public Schools".

1. Explain the fundamental principles of the Ward method of reading.
2. Show the difference between learning how to read and reading.
3. Discuss the value and purpose of silent reading.
4. When during the recitation would you assign the next lesson to a fifth grade class, and how much time would you take in assigning this lesson?
5. Write your favorite memory gem found in any series of readers.

PHYSIOLOGY.

1. Explain in full the process of breathing.
2. What are joints? Classify the joints.
3. Why do bones of an old person break more easily than bones of a young person?
4. Discuss the work of the liver and kidneys.
5. Name all the divisions and valves of the heart.
6. State several effects alcohol has upon the moderate drinker.
7. Explain the best method in caring for the skin in winter and summer.
8. Locate the following bones: patella, humerus, sternum, tibia and scapula.

UNITED STATES HISTORY, INCLUDING CIVIL GOVERNMENT.

1. Relate briefly the principal battle fought during the French and Indian war.
2. What were the issues upon which McKinley was first elected president?
3. What branch of our government regulates the coining of money?
4. Name the last eight presidents.
5. How did the United States acquire Alaska, Texas, Florida?
6. What were the principal reasons that Henry Clay failed in his ambition to be president of the United States?
7. Explain the results of the "Embargo" and "Non-Intercourse Acts".
8. Give the substance of the 13th, 14th and 15th amendments to the Constitution of the United States.

THEORY AND PRACTICE.

Based in part on Colgrove's "The Teacher and the School."

1. What opportunity of professional growth is open to the teacher at work?
2. Is it necessary that the teacher know the pupils he is to teach?
3. How do you best study the child, and what do you wish to know of the child's life?
4. Criticise the following excuses for failure: "It was a hard school," "The school board did not support me," "The last teacher had let the pupils do as they pleased."
5. When should a pupil be promoted and what should be the minimum grade allowed?
6. How many members are there in a township board of education? Who is their clerk?
7. What work in arithmetic should a fifth grade be required to do?
8. Name two O. T. R. C. books for this year's study.

GRAMMAR.

1. Illustrate by sentences: the adjective phrase, the adverbial clause, the noun clause.
2. Write at least four elliptical sentences.
3. Write a sentence that contains a verb of the active voice, and change the thought in such a way that the verb will be in the passive voice.
4. Write three imperative sentences.
5. Give the principal parts of four regular and four irregular verbs.
6. Show that you understand the difference between a co-ordinate and a subordinate conjunction.
7. Define etymology, syntax, inflection, and synthesis.
8. Diagram or analyze: No man's power can be equal to his will.

WRITING.

Copy the following quotation as a specimen of your best penmanship.

A man should always have two rules in readiness; the one to do only whatever the reason of the ruling and legislating faculty may suggest for the use of men: The other to change thy opinion, if there is any one at hand who sets thee right and moves thee from an opinion.—Marcus Aurelius.

LITERATURE.

1. Write at least 12 lines from some poem found in a school reader and mention the author of the poem.
2. Write briefly of Longfellow's life.
3. Who wrote "Snowbound"? Show that you have read this poem.
4. What school readers do you think are the best for a text in reading? Name three of the best selections in these books.
5. Name five of the best books you have ever read, and give your reason for choosing any one of these books.
6. Write briefly of the life of Robert Burns.
7. Do you teach memory gems? Name several memory gems that are favorites among children.
8. Who is James Whitcomb Riley? Quote four lines written by Riley.

GEOGRAPHY.

1. What is the approximate distance from San Francisco to New York?
2. Name the four largest rivers of Ohio and tell where each empties its waters into a larger river or body of water.
3. Name the largest city of each of the following states and locate each city: Illinois, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Missouri, and Michigan.
4. Locate Switzerland, and discuss its chief industry.
5. Name the cotton states; the corn states, the wheat states.
6. Trace the shortest all water route from New Orleans to Rome.
7. Where are the following places, Mt. Washington, Mt. McKinley, Pike's Peak, the Yellowstone National Park.
8. Locate as nearly as possible the following counties of Ohio: Meigs, Medina, Warren, and Henry.

ORTHOGRAPHY.

The test in Orthography will be oral this month.

Spell: zephyr, felon, epaulets, subpoena, comet, cashmere, pygmies, dissension, visible, bronchial, paroxysm, buffet, furbelow, machinery, chamois, paralyze, partridge, parallel, weevil, moccasin, chaperon, sickle, probing, nadir.

WHAT DO YOU KNOW ABOUT FARMING?

Agricultural Queries For School Teachers.

1. What grades take "Third Division" work in the elementary schools? How much time per week does the State course require given to recitation work in Agriculture in this division?
2. Explain the process of fertilization in corn.
3. Define the following terms: humus, ensilage, legumes, parasite and tuber.
4. How is the lime sulphur mixture prepared? For what is it used?
5. (a) How are breeds of sheep usually classified? (b) Name two breeds that are called fine wooled sheep.
6. What is a simple rule for the depth of planting seed?
7. (a) Into what two classes may plants be divided with reference to the manner in which their plantlets rise through the soil? (b) Give two examples of each class.
8. Name two special topics suggested in the State course for study during the "Winter Season."

HIGH SCHOOL AGRICULTURE

1. What is meant by soil inoculation? How is this done?
2. How many pounds of the following seeds make a bushel in Ohio: wheat, beans, oats, clover seed, timothy seed?
3. What is the average quantity of seed required to the acre planting the following crops: wheat, oats, corn, potatoes and timothy seed?
4. Name five objects of pruning.
5. With reference to their relation to animals and plants, bacteria may be grouped under what heads?
6. What are bulbs? Corms? Give examples of each.
7. What is window gardening? Roof gardening?
8. What benefits may be derived from attending Teachers' Institutes? Teachers' Agricultural Conferences?

Modifying the Impossible.

One hundred and two aviators have been killed to date. One hundred and fifteen persons have met death this year while climbing the Alps. But if they hadn't been doing those things they might have been trying to make automobiles ascend telegraph poles.—Cleveland Leader.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Miss Myrtle L. Bird and George R. Bird, Miss Lillian E. Neidig and Clarence J. Miller.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

HARRY G. BROWN IS KILLED BY A FALL

Former Reporter on the Star Meets Death.

FALLS FROM WINDOW IN INDIANAPOLIS

Strikes on Brick Pavement and Suffers Injuries That Soon Result in Death—Is Well Known in Newspaper Circles—Leaves Mother and Two Sisters.

Word reached this city Friday of the death of Harold G. Brown, better known to citizens of Marion as Harry Brown a brother-in law of former Rector James Donehoo, of St. Paul's Episcopal church and a reporter on the Star. Brown's death occurred October 1, at Indianapolis and is told in the following clipping from the Indianapolis Star of October 2:

Harold G. Brown, forty-five years old, a newspaper man well known throughout Indianapolis, fell from a window at the Deaconess hospital, yesterday morning, and was killed. Mr. Brown's body struck a brick pavement that was directly beneath the window from which he fell. He suffered a fractured skull. He was found almost immediately, and was given powerful stimulants, but died within a few moments.

Mr. Brown had been at the hospital for a bout a week, taking special treatment. He had been living in Wheeling, West Virginia, since being seized by a nervous disorder some time ago, but had nearly recovered his health. Ten days ago he returned to this city, and, while he was taking special treatment, he had expected to be able to discontinue it in about a week.

Active newspaper work in Indiana for almost seventeen years, a part of which was spent with the Associated Press, had extended Mr. Brown's acquaintance throughout the state, where he was known generally among newspaper men.

Mr. Brown was born in Washington, Pennsylvania, in 1866. He came to Indianapolis in 1894, and for a time was employed as a reporter on the Indianapolis Sentinel. He was promoted to city editor, and served in that capacity until 1903, when he was named Indiana manager of the Associated Press. He remained with the Associated Press until 1908.

Mr. Brown is survived by his mother, Mrs. Katharine W. Brown, of Indianapolis, and two sisters, Mrs. William T. Wocher, of Indianapolis and Mrs. James Donehoo of Dallas, Texas. Mr. Brown's mother has been visiting in Dallas, and departed Friday for Los Angeles. She is expected to arrive there today.

The funtral will be held tomorrow, and will be strictly private. The Rev. Lewis Brown, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church, will officiate.

MISS EMMA PITTMAN AND ALONZO MONNETT

Are Married at the Presbyterian Parsonage Wednesday Night.

Miss Emma J. Pittman and Mr. Alonzo E. Monnett, both of Caledonia, were united in marriage at the First Presbyterian church parsonage on south Main street, Wednesday evening, Rev. George M. Rourke performing the ceremony.

The young people are both well known at Caledonia, where they will make their future home.

YOUNG PEOPLE ARE JOINED IN MARRIAGE

Miss Ethel Dille and Mr. Herman B. Kleeberger.

Miss Ethel Dille and Mr. Herman B. Kleeberger, both of this city, were married at the Epworth M. E. parsonage by Dr. C. B. Harighurst, Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

Change in Business.

The liquor business conducted by Jacob Weber on south Main street has been transferred to Max Isay & Company, of Pittsburgh. The Weber license was cancelled and a new license issued to the Pittsburgh people, Saturday, by the county auditor.

Your Stock will do better and at the same time save feed by using our steel

Tank Heaters

HORSE BLANKETS

$1.50, $2.00, $2.75, $3.00, $3.50.

Thibaut & Mautz Bros. HARDWARE

WHAT'S THE REASON?

Many Marion People in Poor Health Without Knowing the Cause.

There are scores of people who drag out a miserable existence without realizing the cause of their suffering. Day after day they are racked with backache and headache; suffer from nervousness, dizziness, weakness, languor and depression. Likely the kidneys have fallen behind in their work of filtering blood and that is the root of the trouble. Look to your kidneys, assist them in their work—give them the help they need. You can use no better remedy than Doan's Kidney Pills—endorsed by over one hundred thousand people, and by your neighbors in Marion.

Mrs. Belle Stayner, 444 Owen St., Marion, Ohio, says: "Doan's Kidney Pills were first called to my attention three or four months ago. I was having a bad time with my back, together with dizzy spells. I used one box of this remedy and it gave me immediate relief. I feel certain that continued use will cure me. I know that Doan's Kidney Pills are a fine kidney medicine and I am glad to let my neighbors know through me of their curative qualities.'

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

MISS RAFFERTY AND RAYMOND RANDALL

Are Married at St. Mary's Parsonage by Father Donning.

Miss Catherine Rafferty and Mr. Raymond C. Randall were married by Rev. Father Joseph Denning, at St. Mary's church parsonage, Thursday at noon. They were unattended. Immediately after the ceremony, the young people went to the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Rafferty, of silver street, where an elegant dinner was enjoyed by the bride and groom and immediate relatives.

Mrs. Randall is a young woman of charming personality and very popular. Mr. Randall is a son of Councilman C. R. Randall, and is employed as a stenographer by the firm of Beverly & Schneider. The young people will make their future home on Gurley avenue.

JOINED IN MARRIAGE AT THE SUTTON HOME

Miss Kreisel and Mr. Alpheus W. McIntire.

La Rue, O., Dec. 1.—[Special.]—Miss Coralie Kreisel and Mr. Alpheus W. McIntire were united in marriage by Rev. J. A. Sutton at his home in La Rue, Thursday noon. The ceremony was witnessed by Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Kniffin and children and Mrs. J. A. Sutton.

The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. August Kreisel and for some time has taught school. The groom is a justice of the peace of Grand township and resides north of La Rue. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. James McIntire.

The young people are well known in the vicinity in which they reside. They will make their home a farm north of La Rue.

COMMON PLEAS COURT.

Alfred W. Pence was granted a divorce from Blanche Pence at noon Friday. The parties to the suit were married, May 10, 1911, after having been married and divorced before. The plaintiff charged gross neglect of duty and other violations of the marital contract. No children were born of the second union and the plaintiff was awarded the custody of a child by the first marriage.

James McDonald Davidson, a former resident of Dundee, Scotland, has filed his declaration to become a citizen of the United States with the clerk of courts. He will get his second papers in two years under the law.

In the receivership matter of A. F. Chapman against the Mirror Publishing company, an order to pay the claims of Jonathan Burgess of $59.61 and S. S. Burgess of $116.02 has been issued.

In the partition suit of Rosa Waddel against Daisy Pearl Waddel and others, George T. Geran has been appointed guardian ad litem of the minor children, and Michael Waddell, administrator, has been given leave to answer instanter. Daniel Kelber, George Smith and Michael Jacoby have been appointed commissioners.

The suit of F. D. McKinniss & Company against the Hocking Valley Railway company for damages suffered in the shipment of goods, was settled out of court Saturday.

BIRTHS.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Robert E. Adams, of Greeley, Colorado. Mrs. Adams was formerly Miss Lida Abel, of this city.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. James B. Jeffries, of north Greenwood street, Thanksgiving day.

Born, Saturday, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Lee Everly, of Leader street.

The less some people are able to annoy you the less they like it.

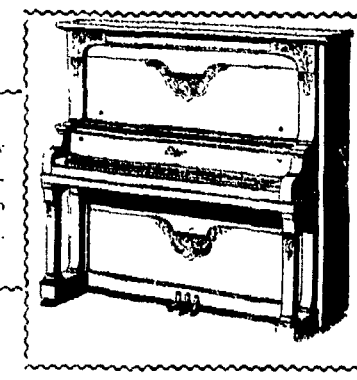
There's many a slip 'twixt his and her lip.

This is Ideal Place to Buy Your

Christmas PIANO.

YOU TAKE NO RISK—If you buy a Piano here you take no risk whatever. You cannot buy a poor piano from us for the simple reason that our cheapest makes are thoroughly reliable instruments. We know that our success of today is due to selling such reliable makes as

Packard, Haddorff, Sterling, Christman & Sons, Hazelton, Vough, Schiller, Mendelssohn, Brinkerhoff and others.



Can you imagine any gift that would be more acceptable than a nice Piano or an Autopiano for Xmas.

When you keep music out of the house you are denying your children an important part of their education.

From now on until Christmas we are naming special prices and terms that make it profitable to buy now and easy to pay. Select now---have the piano delivered Xmas morning.

Bargains in Used Pianos and Organs.

G. W. BAKER

Marion's Leading Piano Dealer. West Center Street.

THAT'S THE COAL

BLACK BETSY SOFT COAL **$3.75 TON**

SUNBURST HARD COAL **$7.50 TON**

SOLD BY

E. S. MOZIER COAL AND FEED NORTH STATE ST.

Suits and Overcoats

Hats
Clothing
Furnishing
Goods

Our success is based on value-giving. Every piece of merchandise we sell has more real value than its price seems to warrant.

We have a big stock of Stein-Bloch and W. S. Peck & Co. suits, the finest of materials and patterns, and at $14, $15, $17.50, $20 to $30, assure you greater value and more genuine satisfaction than you have been getting elsewhere.

Come in tonight. See!

Marion's Best Clothing Store

Macken & Smith

When a woman goes shopping she usually spends more on the children and less on herself than she intended.

Dresses with a colored pattern on them should never be hung in the sun to dry.

The pleasure a woman gets out of telling her troubles may compensate her for her sufferings.

The system of electing London aldermen for life dates back to the year 1391.

FARM FOR SALE—Trumbull Co., O. 105 acres, 11 room house, 2 barns, 2 orchards, R. F. D., telephone, school, store, railway station within ¾ mile, good soil and location. Bargain for quick buyer. Easy terms. Box 1, Oakfield, Ohio. 29-wky-2

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE MESSAGE OF PRESIDENT

Mr. Taft Champions the Anti-Trust Statute.

NEW REMEDIES ARE SUGGESTED

Supplemental Legislation Is Thing Needed.

No Reason Why There Should Be Repeal or Amendment of the Law. The Tobacco Trust Decision Is an Effective One—Federal Incorporation Is a Recommendation Made by President Taft.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 5 — President Taft's message was transmitted to congress and read in both houses today. It is as follows:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

This message is the first of several which I shall send to congress during the interval between the opening of its regular session and its adjournment for the Christmas holidays. The amount of information to be communicated as to the operations of the government, the number of important subjects calling for comment by the executive and the transmission to congress of exhaustive reports of special commissions make it impossible to include in one message of a reasonable length a discussion of the topics that ought to be brought to the attention of the national legislature at its first regular session.

The Anti-trust Law—The Supreme Court Decisions.

In May last the supreme court handed down decisions in the suits in equity brought by the United States to enjoin the further maintenance of the Standard Oil trust and of the American Tobacco trust and to secure their dissolution. The decisions are epoch making and serve to advise the business world authoritatively of the scope and operation of the anti-trust act of 1890. The decisions do not depart in any substantial way from the previous decisions of the court in construing and applying this important statute, but they clarify those decisions by further defining the already admitted exceptions to the literal construction of the act. By the decrees they furnish a useful precedent as to the proper method of dealing with the capital and property of illegal trusts. These decisions suggest the need and wisdom of additional or supplemental legislation to make it easier for the entire business community to square with the rule of action and legality thus finally established and to preserve the benefit, freedom and spur of reasonable competition without loss of real efficiency or progress.

No Change in the Rule of Decision, Merely in Its Form of Expression.

The statute in its first section declares to be illegal "every contract, combination in the form of trust or otherwise or conspiracy in restraint of trade or commerce among the several states or with foreign nations" and in the second declares guilty of a misdemeanor "every person who shall monopolize or attempt to monopolize or combine or conspire with any other person to monopolize any part of the trade or commerce of the several states or with foreign nations."

In two early cases, where the statute was invoked to enjoin a transportation rate agreement between interstate railroad companies, it was held that it was no defense to show that the agreement as to rates complained of was reasonable at common law, because it was said that the statute was directed against all contracts and combinations in restraint of trade, whether reasonable at common law or not. It was plain from the record, however, that the contracts complained of in those cases would not have been deemed reasonable at common law. In subsequent cases the court said that the statute should be given a reasonable construction and refused to include within its inhibition certain contractual restraints of trade which it denominated as incidental or as indirect.

These cases of restraint of trade that the court excepted from the operation of the statute were instances which at common law would have been called reasonable. In the Standard Oil and tobacco cases, therefore, the court merely adopted the tests of the common law and in defining exceptions to the literal application of the statute only substituted for the test of being incidental or indirect that of being reasonable, and this without varying in the slightest the actual scope and effect of the statute. In other words, all the cases under the statute which have now been decided would have been decided the same way if the court had originally accepted in its construction the rule at common law.

It has been said that the court by introducing into the construction of the statute common law distinctions has emasculated it. This is obviously untrue. By its judgment every contract and combination in restraint of interstate trade made with the purpose or necessary effect of controlling prices by stifling competition or of establishing in whole or in part a monopoly of such trade is condemned by the statute. The most extreme critics cannot instance a case that ought to be condemned under the statute which is not brought within its terms as thus construed.

The suggestion is also made that the supreme court by its decision in the last two cases has committed to the court the undefined and unlimited discretion to determine whether a case of restraint of trade is within the terms of the statute. This is wholly untrue. A reasonable restraint of trade at common law is well understood and is clearly defined. It does not rest in the discretion of the court. It must be limited to accomplish the purpose of a lawful main contract to which in order that it shall be enforceable at all it must be incidental. If it exceed the needs of that contract it is void.

The test of reasonableness was never applied by the court at comman law to contracts or combinations or conspiracies in restraint of trade whose purpose was or whose necessary effect would be to stifle competition, to control prices or establish monopolies. The courts never assumed power to say that such contracts or combinations or conspiracies might be lawful if the parties to them were only moderate in the use of the power thus secured and did not exact from the public too great and exorbitant prices. It is true that many theorists and others engaged in business violating the statute have hoped that some such line could be drawn by courts, but no court of authority has ever attempted it. Certainly there is nothing in the decisions of the latest two cases from which such a dangerous theory of judicial discretion in enforcing this statute can derive the slightest sanction.

Force and Effectiveness of Statute a Matter of Growth.

We have been twenty-one years making this statute effective for the purposes for which it was enacted. The Knight case was discouraging and seemed to remit to the states the whole available power to attack and suppress the evils of the trusts. Slowly, however, the error of that judgment was corrected, and only in the last three or four years has the heavy hand of the law been laid upon the great illegal combinations that have exercised such an absolute dominion over many of our industries. Criminal prosecutions have been brought, and a number are pending, but juries have felt averse to convicting for jail sentences and judges have been most reluctant to impose such sentences on men of respectable standing in society whose offense has been regarded as merely statutory. Still, as the offense becomes better understood and the committing of it partakes more of studied and deliberate defiance of the law we can be confident that juries will convict individuals and that jail sentences will be imposed.

The Remedy in Equity by Dissolution.

In the Standard Oil case the supreme and circuit courts found the combination to be a monopoly of the interstate business of refining, transporting and marketing petroleum and its products, effected and maintained through thirty-seven different corporations, the stock of which was held by a New Jersey company. It in effect commanded the dissolution of this combination, directed the transfer and pro rata distribution by the New Jersey company of the stock held by it in the thirty-seven corporations to and among its stockholders, and the corporations and individual defendants were enjoined from conspiring or combining to restore such monopoly, and all agreements between the subsidiary corporations tending to produce or bring about further violations of the act were enjoined.

In the tobacco case the court found that the individual defendants, twenty-nine in number, had been engaged in a successful effort to acquire complete dominion over the manufacture, sale and distribution of tobacco in this country and abroad and that this had been done by combinations made with a purpose and effect to stifle competition, control prices and establish a monopoly, not only in the manufacture of tobacco, but also of tin foil and licorice used in its manufacture and of its products of cigars, cigarettes and snuffs. The tobacco suit presented a far more complicated and difficult case than the Standard Oil suit for a decree which would effectuate the will of the court and end the violation of the statute. There was here no single holding company, as in the case of the Standard Oil trust. The main company was the American Tobacco company, a manufacturing, selling and holding company. The plan adopted to destroy the combination and restore competition involved the redivision of the capital and plants of the whole trust between some of the companies constituting the trust and new companies organized for the purposes of the decree and made parties to it and numbering, new and old, fourteen.

Situation After Readjustment.

The American Tobacco company (old), readjusted capital $92,000,000; the Liggett & Meyers Tobacco company (new), capital $67,000,000; the P. Lorillard company (new), capital $47,000,000, and the R. J. Reynolds Tobacco company (old), capital $7,525,000, are chiefly engaged in the manufacture and sale of chewing and smoking tobacco and cigars. The former one tin foil company is divided into two, one of $825,000 capital and the other of $400,000. The one snuff company is divided into three companies, one with a capital of $15,000,000, another with a capital of $8,000,000 and a third with a capital of $8,000,000. The licorice companies are two, one with a capital of $5,758,300 and another with a capital of $2,000,000. There is also the British-American Tobacco company, a British corporation doing business abroad with a capital of $26,000,000, the Porto Rican Tobacco company, with a capital of $1,800,000, and the corporation of United Cigar Stores, with a capital of $9,000,000

Under this arrangement each of the different kinds of business will be distributed between two or more companies with a division of the prominent brands in the same tobacco products, so as to make competition not only possible, but necessary. Thus the smoking tobacco business of the country is divided so that the present independent companies have 21.39 per cent, while the American Tobacco company will have 33.08 per cent, the Liggett & Meyers 20.05 per cent, the Lorillard company 22.82 per cent and the Reynolds company 2.66 per cent. The stock of the other thirteen companies, both preferred and common, has been taken from the defendant American Tobacco company and has been distributed among its stockholders. All covenants restricting competition have been declared null and further performance of them has been enjoined. The preferred stock of the different companies has now been given voting power which was denied it under the old organization. The ratio of the preferred stock to the common was as 78 to 40. This constitutes a very decided change in the character of the ownership and control of each company.

In the original suit there were twenty-nine defendants, who were charged with being the conspirators through whom the illegal combination acquired and exercised its unlawful dominion. Under the decree these defendants will hold amounts of stock in the various distributee companies ranging from 41 per cent as a maximum to 28½ per cent as a minimum, except in the case of one small company, the Porto Rican Tobacco company, in which they will hold 45 per cent. The twenty-nine individual defendants are enjoined for three years from buying any stock except from each other, and the group is thus prevented from extending its control during that period. All parties to the suit and the new companies who are made parties are enjoined perpetually from in any way effecting any combination between any of the companies in violation of the statute by way of resumption of the old trust. Each of the fourteen companies is enjoined from acquiring stock in any of the others. All these companies are enjoined from having common directors or officers, or common buying or selling agents, or common offices, or lending money to each other.

Size of New Companies.

Objection was made by certain independent tobacco companies that this settlement was unjust because it left companies with very large capital in active business and that the settlement that would be effective to put all on an equality would be a division of the capital and plant of the trust into small fractions in amount more nearly equal to that of each of the independent companies. This contention results from a misunderstanding of the anti-trust law and its purpose. It is not intended thereby to prevent the accumulation of large capital in business enterprises in which such a combination can secure reduced cost of production, sale and distribution. It is directed against such an aggregation of capital only when its purpose is that of stifling competition, enhancing or controlling prices and establishing a monopoly. If we shall have by the decree defeated these purposes and restored competition between the large units into which the capital and plant have been divided we shall have accomplished the useful purpose of the statute.

Confiscation Not the Purpose of the Statute.

It is not the purpose of the statute to confiscate the property and capital of the offending trusts. Methods of punishment by fine or imprisonment of the individual offenders, by fine of the corporation or by forfeiture of its goods in transportation are provided, but the proceeding in equity is a specific remedy to stop the operation of the trust by injunction and prevent the future use of the plant and capital in violation of the statute.

Effectiveness of Decree.

I venture to say that not in the history of American law has a decree more effective for such a purpose been entered by a court than that against the tobacco trust. As Circuit Judge Noyes said in his judgment approving the decree:

"The extent to which it has been necessary to tear apart this combination and force it into new forms with the attendant burdens ought to demonstrate that the federal anti-trust statute is a drastic statute which accomplishes effective results, which so long as it stands on the statute books must be obeyed and which cannot be disobeyed without incurring farreaching penalties. And, on the other hand, the successful reconstruction of this organization should teach that the effect of enforcing this statute is not to destroy, but to reconstruct; not to demolish, but to recreate in accordance with the conditions which the congress has declared shall exist among the people of the United States."

Common Stock Ownership.

It has been assumed that the present pro rata and common ownership in all these companies by former stockholders of the trust would insure a continuance of the same old single control of all the companies into which the trust has by decree been disintegrated. This is erroneous and is based upon the assumed inefficacy and innocuousness of judicial injunctions. The companies are enjoined from co-operation or combination; they have different managers, directors, purchasing and sales agents. If all or many of the numerous stockholders, reaching into the thousands, attempt to secure concerted action of the companies with a view to the control of the market their number is so large that such an attempt could not well be concealed, and its prime movers and all its participants would be at once subject to contempt proceedings and imprisonment of a summary character. The immediate result of the present situation will necessarily be activity by all the companies under different managers, and then competition must follow or there will be activity by one company and stagnation by another. Only a short time will inevitably lead to a change in ownership of the stock, as all opportunity for continued co-operation must disappear. Those critics who speak of this disintegration in the trust as a mere change of garments have not given consideration to the inevitable working of the decree and understand little the personal danger of attempting to evade or set at naught the solemn injunction of a court whose object is made plain by the decree and whose inhibitions are set forth with a detail and comprehensiveness unexampled in the history of equity jurisprudence.

Voluntary Reorganizations of Other Trusts at Hand.

The effect of these two decisions has led to decrees dissolving the combination of manufacturers of electric lamps, a southern wholesale grocers' association, an interlocutory decree against the powder trust, with directions by the circuit court compelling dissolution, and other combinations of a similar history are now negotiating with the department of justice looking to a disintegration by decree and reorganization in accordance with law. It seems possible to bring about these reorganizations without general business disturbance.

Movement For Repeal of the Anti-trust Law.

But now that the anti-trust act is seen to be effective for the accomplishment of the purpose of its enactment we are met by a cry from many different quarters for its repeal. It is said to be obstructive of business progress, to be an attempt to restore old fashioned methods of destructive competition between small units and to make impossible those useful combinations of capital and the reduction of the cost of production that are essential to continued prosperity and normal growth.

In the recent decisions the supreme court makes clear that there is nothing in the statute which condemns combinations of capital or mere bigness of plant organized to secure economy in production and a reduction of its cost. It is only when the purpose or necessary effect of the organization and maintenance of the combination or the aggregation of immense size are the stifling of competition, actual and potential, and the enhancing of prices and establishing a monopoly that the statute is violated. Mere size is no sin against the law. The merging of two or more business plants necessarily eliminates competition between the units thus combined, but this elimination is in contravention of the statute only when the combination is made for purpose of ending this particular competition in order to secure control of and enhance prices and create a monopoly.

Lack of Definiteness in the Statute.

The complaint is made of the statute that it is not sufficiently definite in its description of that which is forbidden to enable business men to avoid its violation. The suggestion is that we may have a combination of two corporations which may run on for years and that subsequently the attorney general may conclude that it was a violation of the statute and that which was supposed by the combiners to be innocent then turns out to be a combination in violation of the statute The answer to this hypothetical case is that when men attempt to amass such stupendous capital as will enable them to suppress competition, control prices and establish a monopoly they know the purpose of their acts. Men do not do such a thing without having it clearly in mind. If what they do is merely for the purpose of reducing the cost of production, without the thought of suppressing competition by use of the bigness of the plant they are creating, then they cannot be convicted at the time the union is made, nor can they be convicted later unless it happen that later on they conclude to suppress competition and take the usual methods for doing so and thus establish for themselves a monopoly. They can in such a case hardly complain if the motive which subsequently is disclosed is attributed by the court to the original combination.

New Remedies Suggested.

Much is said of the repeal of this statute and of constructive legislation intended to accomplish the purpose and blaze a clear path for honest merchants and business men to follow. It may be that such a plan will be evolved, but I submit that the discussions which have been brought out in recent days by the fear of the continued execution of the anti-trust law have produced nothing but glittering generalities and have offered no line of distinction or rule of action as definite and as clear as that which the supreme court itself lays down in enforcing the statute.

Supplemental Legislation Needed, Not Repeal or Amendment.

I see no objection, and indeed I can see decided advantages, in the enactment of a law which shall describe and denounce methods of competition which are unfair and are badges of the unlawful purpose denounced in the anti-trust law. The attempt and purpose to suppress a competitor by underselling him at a price so unprofitable as to drive him out of business or the making of exclusive contracts with customers under which they are required to give up association with other manufacturers and numerous kindred methods for stifling competition and effecting monopoly should be described with sufficient accuracy in a criminal statute on the one hand to enable the government to shorten its task by prosecuting single misdemeanors instead of an entire conspiracy and on the other hand to serve the purpose of pointing out more in detail to the business community what must be avoided.

Federal Incorporation Recommended.

In a special message to congress on Jan. 7, 1910, I ventured to point out the disturbance to business that would probably attend the dissolution of these offending trusts. I said:

"But such an investigation and possible prosecution of corporations whose prosperity or destruction affects the comfort not only of stockholders, but of millions of wage earners, employees and associated tradesmen, must necessarily tend to disturb the confidence of the business community, to dry up the now flowing sources of capital from its places of hoarding and produce a halt in our present prosperity that will cause suffering and strained circumstances among the innocent many for the faults of the guilty few. The question which I wish in this message to bring clearly to the consideration and discussion of congress is whether, in order to avoid such a possible business danger, something cannot be done by which these business combinations may be offered a means, without great financial disturbance, of changing the character, organization and extent of their business into one within the lines of the law under federal control and supervision, securing compliance with the anti-trust statute.

"Generally in the industrial combinations called 'trusts' the principal business is the sale of goods in many states and in foreign markets—in other words, the interstate and foreign business far exceeds the business done in any one state. This fact will justify the federal government in granting a federal charter to such a combination to make and sell in interstate and foreign commerce the products of useful manufacture under such limitations as will secure a compliance with the anti-trust law. It is possible so to frame a statute that, while it offers protection to a federal company against harmful, vexatious and unnecessary invasion by the states, it shall subject it to reasonable taxation and control by the states with respect to its purely local business. * * *

"Corporations organized under this act should be prohibited from acquiring and holding stock in other corporations (except for special reasons, upon approval by the proper federal authority), thus avoiding the creation under national auspices of the holding company with subordinate corporations in different states, which has been such an effective agency in the creation of the great trusts and monopolies.

"If the prohibition of the anti-trust act against combinations in restraint of trade is to be effectively enforced it is essential that the national government shall provide for the creation of national corporations to carry on a legitimate business throughout the United States. The conflicting laws of the different states of the Union with respect to foreign corporations make it difficult, if not impossible, for one corporation to comply with their requirements so as to carry on business in a number of different states."

I renew the recommendation of the enactment of a general law providing for the voluntary formation of corporations to engage in trade and commerce among the states and with foreign nations. Every argument which was then advanced for such a law and every explanation which was at that time offered to possible objections has been confirmed by our experience since the enforcement of the anti-trust statute has resulted in the actual dissolution of active commercial organizations.

It is even more manifest now than it was then that the denunciation of conspiracies in restraint of trade should not and does not mean the denial of organizations large enough to be intrusted with our interstate and foreign trade. It has been made more clear now than it was then that a purely negative statute like the anti-trust law may well be supplemented by specific provisions for the building up and regulation of legitimate national and foreign commerce.

Government Administrative Experts Needed to Aid Courts in Trust Dissolutions.

The drafting of the decrees in the dissolution of the present trusts, with a view to their reorganization into legitimate corporations, has made it especially apparent that the courts are not provided with the administrative machinery to make the necessary inquiries preparatory to reorganization or to pursue such inquiries, and they should be empowered to invoke the aid of the bureau of corporations in determining the suitable reorganization of the disintegrated parts. The circuit court and the attorney general were greatly aided in framing the decree in the tobacco trust dissolution by an expert from the bureau of corporations.

Federal Corporation Commission Proposed.

I do not set forth in detail the terms and sections of a statute which might supply the constructive legislation permitting and aiding the formation of combinations of capital into federal corporations. They should be subject to rigid rules as to their organization and procedure, including effective publicity, and to the closest supervision as to the issue of stock and bonds by an executive bureau or commission in the department of commerce and labor, to which in times of doubt they might well submit their proposed plans for future business. It must be distinctly understood that incorporation under a federal law could not exempt the company thus formed and its incorporators and managers from prosecution under the anti-trust law for subsequent illegal conduct, but the publicity of its procedure and the opportunity for frequent consultation with the bureau or commission in charge of the incorporation as to the legitimate purpose of its transactions would offer it as great security against successful prosecutions for violations of the law as would be practical or wise

Such a bureau or commission might well be invested also with the duty already referred to of aiding courts in the dissolution and recreation of trusts within the law. It should be an executive tribunal of the dignity and power of the comptroller of the currency or the interstate commerce commission, which how exercises supervisory power over important classes of corporations under federal regulation.

The drafting of such a federal incorporation law would offer ample opportunity to prevent many manifest evils in corporate management today, including irresponsibility of control in the hands of the few who are the real owners.

Incorporation Voluntary.

I recommend that the federal charters thus to be granted shall be voluntary, at least until experience justifies mandatory provisions The benefit to be derived from the operation of great businesses under the protection of such a charter would attract all who are anxious to keep within the lines of the law. Other large combinations that fail to take advantage of the federal incorporation will not have a right to complain if their failure is ascribed to unwillingness to submit their transactions to the careful official scrutiny, competent supervision and publicity attendant upon the enjoyment of such a charter.

Only Supplemental Legislation Needed.

The opportunity thus suggested for federal incorporation, it seems to me, is suitable constructive legislation needed to facilitate the squaring of great industrial enterprises to the rule of action laid down by the anti-trust law. This statute as construed by the supreme court must continue to be the line of distinction for legitimate business. It must be enforced unless we are to banish individualism from all business and reduce it to one common system of regulation or control of prices like that which now prevails with respect to public utilities and which when applied to all business would be a long step toward state socialism.

Importance of the Anti-trust Act.

The anti-trust act is the expression of the effort of a freedom loving people to preserve equality of opportunity. It is the result of the confident determination of such a people to maintain their future growth by preserving uncontrolled and unrestricted the enterprise of the individual, his industry, his ingenuity, his intelligence and his independent courage.

For twenty years or more this statute has been upon the statute book. All knew its general purpose and approved. Many of its violators were cynical over its assumed impotence. It seemed impossible of enforcement. Slowly the mills of the courts ground, and only gradually did the majesty of the law assert itself. Many of its statesmen-authors died before it became a living force, and they and others saw the evil grow which they had hoped to destroy. Now its efficacy is seen; now its power is heavy; now its object is near achievement. Now we hear the call for its repeal on the plea that it interferes with business prosperity, and we are advised in most general terms how by some other statute and in some other way the evil we are just stamping out can be cured if we only abandon this work of twenty years and try another experiment for another term of years.

It is said that the act has not done good. Can this be said in the face of the effect of the Northern Securities decree? That decree was in no way so drastic or inhibitive in detail as either the Standard Oil decree or the tobacco decree But did it not stop for all time the then powerful movement toward the control of all the railroads of the country in a single hand? Such a one man power could not have been a healthful influence in the republic, even though exercised under the general supervision of an interstate commission.

Do we desire to make such ruthless combinations and monopolies lawful? When all energies are directed, not toward the reduction of the cost of production for the public benefit by a healthful competition, but toward new ways and means for making permanent in a few hands the absolute control of the conditions and prices prevailing in the whole field of industry, then individual enterprise and effort will be paralyzed and the spirit of commercial freedom will be dead.

WM. H. TAFT.

The White House, Dec 5, 1911.

OSCAR LAWLER CHOSEN TODAY

As Special Assistant Attorney General

TO HANDLE FEDERAL PROBE OF DYNAMITERS

He Will Have Entire Charge of the Case.

The Investigation Will Be Pushed Vigorously, Says Wickersham, I Can Not Say What Form It Will Take—Following the Giving Out of the Appointment the Attorney General Is Taken Ill.

Washington, Dec. 5.—Attorney General Wickersham today formally announced the appointment of Oscar Lawler, as a special assistant attorney general, to take entire charge of the federal dynamite probe. Lawler, who formerly was assistant attorney general for the department of the interior, wrote the famous "Lawler draft" of President Taft's letter exonerating Secretary Ballinger. Lawler's home is in Los Angeles, and he has already taken charge of the inquiry there

Wickersham said the department probably would act jointly with the National Erectors' association.

"Mr. Lawler will have charge of the entire federal probe," said the attorney general. "The matter will be pushed vigorously. I can not say what form it will take, but Mr. Lawler will have the assistance of the special agents of the department."

This was the first direct admission by Wickersham that the government was taking part in the case, though that fact has been known for several weeks.

Wickersham Is Ill.

Wickersham announced the Lawler appointment at the White House, where he had gone to attend the cabinet meeting. A few minutes later he was seized by a sudden illness

The attorney general's motor car was taken around the White House and into the grounds from the rear by breaking the padlock on an inner gate. The guards brought the car to the rear door of the executive offices. With the assistance of Dr. Delaney, Wickersham was able to walk to the car and was taken to his home. Dr Delaney accompanied him

HOBSON FIGHTS DEMON OF RUM

Offers Bill That Would Make United States Dry.

MANY MEASURES ARE INTRODUCED

Bulkeley Wants the Three Cent Piece Restored.

Long and Futile Session Is Predicted by the Leaders of Both Parties—Representative Littleton Defends Himself from the Attack Made by Martin and Scores the Anti-Trust League.

Washington, Dec. 5.—In the house of representatives more than five hundred bills and resolutions were introduced All of them will be printed and referred to committees in due and ancient form This will be the last heard of most of the measures offered.

The subjects touched upon cover a wide range, including regulation of the trusts and the money devil, the suppression of the boll weevil and the cattletick, and certain proposals contemplating further reform in the rules of the house. Representative Hobson of Alabama introduced an amendment to the constitution providing for the election of the president and vice president by the direct vote of the people. Mr. Hobson offered an amendment that would forever bar the use of alcohol or alcoholic beverages in this country.

Wants Exact Change.

Representative Bulkeley of Ohio wants the 3-cent pieces of our daddy's restored to the American fractional currency system. He comes from Cleveland, where 3 cents suffice for a ride on the streetcar.

Representative Norris of Nebraska an insurgent, wants to enforce the idea of an open caucus for the two political parties. He presented a resolution that the hall of the house shall not be used for caucuses hereafter unless the galleries are thrown open to the public and the press

An investigation of the operations of the so-called American Anti-Trust league was demanded by Republican Leader Mann in the house, after a remarkable speech by Representative Martin W. Littleton of New York who charged Henry B. Martin, secretary of the league, with attempting to defame him. It was the climax of the dispute between Mr. Littleton and Chairman Stanley of the house steel corporation investigating committee over methods of procedure since the filing of the government's suit against the United States Steel corporation.

Expect Little Legislation.

Washington, Dec. 5—The most striking feature in connection with the opening of the second session of the Sixty-second congress was the extreme views taken by leaders of both parties in regard to the probable length of the legislative period. Leader Underwood declared that the present meeting of congress will be one of the longest on record, notwithstanding the fact that the national conventions of both parties will be held early in the summer and everybody will be desirous of getting away to mend political fences

"It is undoubtedly to be the busiest session in 50 years," said Leader Underwood. "We will probably be here far into next fall."

Representative Mann, leader of the minority in the house, expressed a similar opinion and other Republicans and Democrats in both the house and senate had equally pessimistic views.

So strong are the convictions of the house leaders that this will be an unusually long session that they are already talking about the advisability of taking a recess in June to bridge over the national convention period.

OFFICERS ELECTED FOR COMING YEAR

Cooper Post No. 117, G. A. R., Holds Meeting.

Cooper Post No. 117, G. A. R. held a meeting in the post-room in the courthouse. Monday evening Aside from the routine business the officers for the coming year were elected as follows:

J. H Carpenter commander, Joseph Klinefelter, senior vice commander; M. Zachman, junior vice commander; J. K. King, quartermaster; J. J Crawley, officer of the day Milton Marsh, chaplin, G. T. Harding, surgeon; Merritt Hauver, officer of the guard; Edward Wynn inside sentinal. S. N. Titus was elected delegate to the Grand encampment, and Milton Marsh was elected alternate.

The officers will be installed at the next meeting to be held January 8.

Will Leave the City.

Harry Mealey has resigned his position as head bookkeeper at the Marion National bank and will leave Thursday for Lincoln, Nebraska where he will locate with his family Mr. Mealey decided upon making the change on account of his health although his condition is not at all serious. The change will be made on the advice of his physician, however. Mr. Mealey has been succeeded as bookeeper by Ray Merchant, who was promoted, and Lloyd Dix has been employed to take Mr Merchant's position as bookkeeper.

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THE M'NAMARAS ARE SENTENCED

James B. Goes to San Quentin for Life.

JOHN J. SENTENCED TO FIFTEEN YEARS

Goes to the Same Prison as His Brother.

Judge Bordwell, Denouncing the Younger Brother as a Murderer Without Heart, Declares That There Is No Extenuating Circumstance in His Case—District Attorney Keeps Promise.

Los Angeles, Calif., Dec. 5.—The predictions made regarding the sentences which would be given the McNamara brothers were fulfilled today by District Attorney Fredricks and Judge Walter Bordwell, when James B. McNamara, confessed slayer of twenty-one working people, was sentenced to San Quintin prison for the rest of his natural life, in expiation of his crimes.

His brother, John J. McNamara, secretary of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, was sent to the same prison to serve a term of fifteen years.

If the men live, however, and prove exemplary prisoners, they will come under the operation of the state parole law within seven years.

The scene in court when the sentences were pronounced, was dramatic in the extreme.

Fears Interference.

Because Judge Bordwell feared that something would happen to mar the peace of the community, he took extraordinary precautions and suddenly announced a change of the scene of the sentences from his own court-room in the Hall of Records, to Judge McCormick's court-room in the Hall of Justice.

When the two prisoners were finally smuggled into the latter place—a very small room—they were badly broken men.

All the bravado, swagger and defiance was gone from their manner, and James especially appeared on the verge of nervous collapse. He shook and trembled as he started to rise to hear his fate, but later regained his composure, and was quite calm when Judge Bordwell bitterly excoriated him. Judge Bordwell first asked him if he had not at first tried to get dynamite of a higher explosive character than eighty per cent. Receiving a negative answer, the court said:

Statement a Mockery.

"There is no comfort in the assertion that you did not intend to take life. The widows and orphans and the parents of the victims of your crime would look upon that statement at this time as a mockery. The circumstances are against you in making any such claim.

"A man who would put sixteen sticks of eighty per cent. dynamite in a building which was filled with combustibles and which was known to you, as a printer, to be such, meant only murder and nothing else. It is no extenuating circumstance to this court to hear you say that you did not intend to kill any one. There is no question in the mind of the court that you are a murderer and as such should be punished.

"James B. McNamara, you are a murderer at heart, and well deserve the gallows, but in view of the recommendation of the state, the judgment of the court in your case is that you be confined in the state prison at San Quentin for the balance of your natural life."

The court's arraignment of James followed a suggestion by the district attorney that a life sentence be imposed instead of death.

In making this suggestion, Fredricks said two punishments were possible for first-degree murder, and that, in the opinion of many, one would serve as well as the other.

Concession Is Made.

"The defendant having pleaded guilty," the judge said, "it is customary for the state to extend clemency, not because the defendant is entitled to it, but because he has saved the state great expense and also has cleared up what would always have been a disputed point—whether he actually committed the crime.

"There has been no dickering, but counsel for the defense understood that it is customary to make concessions when the state is saved time, labor and expense, and in this case, I think James B. McNamara is entitled to the minimum penalty."

James was in a state of almost complete collapse as he sat down after sentence was pronounced. There was not an instant's delay. As the first prisoner sank into his chair, District Attorney Fredricks was on his feet moving for sentence of John.

John stood up as Judge Bordwell read the indictment. The face of the big labor leader was a curious study as he stood gazing first at the judge, then at his counsel, who sat hopeless across the room. His eyes were deep and sunken.

Judge Bordwell sharply demanded of Fredricks if he had any recommendation to make.

"I have, your honor," was the reply.

"As in the case of defendant's brother, I do not think this man is entitled to mercy. But the defendant having pleaded guilty, it is customary to extend a slight concession as a recognition of the expense and labor saved. I think the court should take into consideration the probable life of this man and arrange sentence so that he may have a few years of freedom after he expiates his crime."

John Draws Fifteen Years.

Judge Bordwell immediately sentenced John to fifteen years. He repeated his excoriation of James, but added:

"You are fully as guilty as he, and deserve absolutely no consideration, but, as you pleaded guilty, I will make the concession suggested by the district attorney and will impose a moderate sentence."

As soon as sentence had been pronounced, the court demanded of both men whether they had ever learned any trade. Jim announced that he was a printer, while John said he was a structural iron worker.

At a signal from the judge, Sheriff Hammell and his deputies closed about the two prisoners, and they were hurried out of the court-room, and back in jail.

During the entire court proceedings, not a single move was made by the council for the defense.

Attorney Darrow, Davis and Scott had spent much of the morning in the jail, buoying up the McNamaras for the ordeal. Both had given way when brought face to face with what was coming.

BEAUTIFUL SIGHT FOR CHRYSTAL NIGHT

Moon and Mars in Conjunction Monday Evening.

THE STARRY DOME ATTRACTS STAR GAZERS

Thousands of Eyes Locate Mars at Southwest Rim of Fair Luna and Sweep the Canopy for Other Rare Views of the Heavens—Snow-Mantled Setting for Watchers.

Monday night, beginning; shortly after 9 o'clock and lasting for several hours, the beautiful spectacle of the moon in occultation with the planet, Mars, was seen by a number of Marionites, who keep informed on astronomical events.

It was an ideal winter's night, only an occasional cloud flecked the sky, and not a person who witnessed the occulation, but felt that he or she was well repaid for watching it.

In her circuit of the sky the moon passed the planet Saturn the night of December 3, Mars at 10 p. m., Monday night, and will pass Neptune on the 8th, Venus on the 16th, Jupiter on the 18th, Mercury on the 21st, Uranus on the 22d, Saturn again on the 31st, and Mars once more after the new year begins.

Marionites may have the opportunity of veiwing Monday night's celestial show again, as indicated, January 1 at about 2 a. m., when the moon will pass over the same planet and viewers may marvel at the grand forces of nature.

Every planet in the solar system will be above the horizon, and may be seen by those who know how to look for them during the month of December. Just now Venus is near her greatest elevation as morning star, and those who look into the eastern sky before daylight cannot mistake her majestic orb. Below Venus may be seen also great Jupiter, who has been forced into the morning horizon by the rapid swing of the earth around the sun.

Jupiter is a great distance from the earth, but he is so massive and shines so brightly that he may be seen in all his glory, although he is far to the other side of the sun. But the royal exhibition of Monday night between the moon and Mars and their encore to be given New Year's morning are the most remarkable heavenly events for December.

ANNUAL ELECTION OF THE MEDICAL SOCIETY

Dr. F. Young Is Chosen President Tuesday Night.

The annual election of the officers of the Marion County Medical society was held at a meeting of the society, Tuesday night. The officers chosen were: F. Young, president; J. B. Taylor, vice president; R. C. Lewis, secretary-treasurer.

Dr. A. Rhu was selected as the society's delegate to the annual convention of the state society in Delaware.

Secretary Lewis says that the society "is in excellent working order," and all the members are very enthusiastic in the work of the society.

The next meeting will be held the first Tuesday night in January.

CONDITION OF THE COUNTY TREASURY

Amount to the Credit of County December 1.

County Auditor Jay Spaulding has finished his statement as to the condition of the county treasury at the end of November.

October 31, the sum of $143,185.20 was in the treasury. The receipts for the month were $19,219.61 and the disbursements $30,178.94. This left a balance less overdrafts of $132,225.87. The outstanding warrants amount to $1,363.16, making a total of $133,589.03 to the county's credit. Of this sum, the sum of $3,456.79 is in the county treasury and $130,139.48 in the county depositories

BURGLARS GET BUSY IN CITY MONDAY NIGHT

Two Stores Are Visited and Money Stolen.

LITTLE SECURED BY THIEF OR THIEVES

Much Damage Is Done by the Breaking Open of Cash Register and Money Drawers—No Merchandise Is Stolen—Notes Gathered in the Local Police Court.

Burglars were busy Monday night and entered the groceries of W. G. Lucas & Company, at the corner of Windsor and Columbia streets, and E. L. McKinley, at the corner of State and Fairground streets.

Entrance was gained to the Lucas grocery by opening the front door with a skeleton key. The cash register was broken open and badly damaged, about two or three dollars in pennies being taken. About 100 of the pennies were of the Lincoln type with the initials on them, being the first coinage. A drawer under the counter was broken open, but this contained no money. The safe, which was left unlocked, was rifled, but it contained nothing of value to the thief or thieves.

Entrance to the McKinley grocery was made by breaking a glass out of a rear window. The counter money drawer was broken open and relieved of its contents, consisting of about two dollars in pennies. A number of the coppers were found on the floor next morning, being spilled when the drawer was forced open.

No tobacco, cigars or other merchandise in the stores was molested, the thieves apparently wanting nothing but money. The burglaries were reported to the police Tuesday morning and they started to work on the cases. It is the opinion of the officers that the buglaries were committed by the same person or persons. Mr. Lucas has a clue that may lead to the arrest of one of the guilty parties.

The case of John Pague, who was arrested on complaint of his wife for disorderly conduct, has been dismissed by the mayor. When arrested Pague furnished a bond of $25 for his appearance when wanted, but his wife refused to file charges against him.

Robert Bailey, colored, was arrested shortly after 11 o'clock, Monday night, by Officers Slagle and Powell. The officers were called to the Bailey home by Bailey's wife, who informed them that he threatened to kill her. She promised to appear against him Tuesday morning and file an affidavit.

While locked up in the city prison, Bailey told the officers, that his wife was of a fickle disposition and gave most of her attention to other men. Tuesday, the woman appeared and related her story to the chief. She said that her husband charged her with a corn-cutter and threatened to kill her if she made an outcry. When asked what she done to defend herself, the woman replied "Ah kept still." After telling her story to the mayor, she was referred to Attorneys Eymon & Thompson, of the Humane society. Bailey is being held at the prison pending some action and an investigation of the case.

L. Hurintz, who was arrested Sunday afternoon for peddling watches and held for investigation, was released from custody Monday afternoon. Grover Keil, an employe at the C. & E. eating house, claimed one of the watches, stating that he had purchased the time piece from Hurintz. This was turned over to him and as Hurintz told a reasonable story, he was given the balance of his property and told to get out of the city to do his peddling.

DELIGHTFUL AFFAIR AT A MEEKER HOME

Mr. and Mrs. June Sprague Host and Hostess.

Mr. and Mrs. June Sprague, of Meeker, celebrated their thirty-second wedding anniversary at their home, Monday night, by entertaining a number of friends. Music, both instrumental and vocal, was enjoyed. The host and hostess received many nice presents.

Those present were Mrs. A. N. Tonguett and son, of Marion; Miss Lillian Couples, of Kenton; Mr. and Mrs. U. Miller and children; De-Willis Davis and daughter; William Kennel, Clemoth Miller and Vernon Burch of Agosta; Mr. and Mrs. Harry Forry and children, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Sprague and daughters, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Schultz, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Virden and son, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. D. Brady and son, Mr. and Mrs. Charles McKelvy, Mr. and Mrs. George Kennedy, Mr. and Mrs. James Hatfield and children, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Pfeiffer and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Ferris Day and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. John Hecker, Mr. and Mrs. William Hatfield, Mr. and Mrs. William Hatfield and Miss Cecil Sprague.

Company Incorporated.

The Brown Oil & Gas company was incorporated in Columbus, Tuesday, with an authorized capital stock of $100,000. The incorporators are Richard V. Irwin, Wilson Irwin, Ezekiel Brown, Henry Raub, George Black and Mark Q. Chase. The company plans to develop the large acreage in Oklahoma where oil was recently struck and where the prospects for oil are excellent. The well recently drilled there is located at Turlton, about thirty miles from Tulsa, Oklahoma.

HEALTH BOARD WILL MAKE APPOINTMENT

Will Make Its Own Selection of Health Officer.

DR. F. YOUNG NAMED FOR PLACE ON BOARD

Dr. Young Will Succeed Dr. Dana O. Weeks—Members of Board of Public Library Trustees Are Selected—L. B. McNeal To Succeed John H. Bartram on Board.

Mayor-elect Claude D. Walters will not be allowed to dictate the appointment of James P. Lutz, Democrat, as health officer, according to the Republican board members, who have informed the mayor-elect of their intention of naming their own man for the place.

This means that Health Officer Addison Bain's place will be filled in all probability by a Republican. Mr. Walters was notified several days ago by the Republican members of the board that they proposed making their own appointment, which will be confirmed by a Republican council.

Tuesday, Mr. Walters named the only appointee he will make on the board and in view of the fact that a Republican was selected by him for the board will occasion considerably surprise. Mayor-elect Walter's appointee is Dr. F. Young, who is one of the leading physicians of the city. It is expected that Dr. Young's appointment to the health board will meet with general approval.

Following will be the personnel of the board under Mayor Walters:

Dr. F. Young, Dr. C. T. Wiant, Oscar W. Markert and James E. Messenger, Republicans, and Dr. S. H. Britton, Democrat. Mayor Walters will be president of the board by virtue of his office.

Already several names have been mentioned for the position of health officer, including Police Chief John W. Klinefelter and the present incumbent, Addison Bain.

Tuesday the mayor-elect announced his appointments for board of public library trustees. They are W. L. Warner, Democrat, and M. A. Turney and L. B. McNeal, Republicans. Messrs. Warner and Turney will succeed themselves, and Mr. McNeal will take the place on the board now held by John H. Bartram. Other members who hold over are George E. Lawrence, Republican, and Dr. A. Rhu and W. P. Moloney, Democrats.

Dr. M. J. Hoskins was appointed examiner for the civil service commission.

TO LOCATE FRIENDS OF EDWIN P. BIRD

Developed That Man Is Not a Marion Resident.

Thus far efforts to locate friends or relatives of Edwin P. Bird, who died at the city prison, Saturday afternoon, soon after his arrival in Columbus from Marion, have been unsuccessful. Yesterday, Coroner Hanes telegraphed to all the places where money order receipts found in his possession showed he had been, but no clew to his identity was discovered.

Unless the body is claimed within a few days, it will be buried at the city's expense. It is being held at the county morgue.—Ohio State Journal.

Inquiry developed Tuesday that Bird was a stranger in Marion and changed cars here, Saturday night.

All Are Naturalized.

Nicholas Elias proprietor of the Sugar Bowl of this city received his naturalization papers last week and is now a full-fledged citizen of the United States. He was examined by Judge Babst, of Crestline, and a United States examiner of Detroit. He is as proud of his certificate as a boy with a pair of red top boots. Nick has five brothers now in this country who are all naturalized, and the entire Elias family will soon be residents of Uncle Sam's land. George Elias and son left the city of Beyreuth, Turkey, last week on the Lusitania while Mrs. Elias, a sister and brother will sail for the United States next April. Nick is now preparing a home for his mother. He came to this city from Marion, a few years ago and started his place of business on south Sandusky avenue in the Johnson block where he has been ever since. His brothers conduct a similar Sugar Bowl still in Marion.—Bucyrus Forum.

Series of Revival Meetings.

Rev. Mr. Keeran, who recently moved to this city, is conducting a series of revival services at Martel this week, at the First Christian church at that place. Much interest is being shown and much good is expected to result from the meetings. The services began Sunday evening, and will continue regularly during the week.

WETS REPULSED IN NORTHERN COUNTY

Ashtabula Goes Dry by an Increased Majority.

Ashtabula, O., Dec. 6.—In a Rose law local option election, Ashtabula county went dry by a majority of 2,200. Three years ago the county, by a majority of 2,150, ousted 96 saloons. Ashtabula was one of the counties on which the drys pinned their strongest hopes, and the vote is not wholly a surprise.

THE SALVATION ARMY ASKS AID FOR POOR

Many Cases of Needy Sick, Officers Say.

CLOTHING, COAL AND FOOD ARE SOLICITED

But Little Suffering from Lack of Work—In Majority of Cases Bread-Winner Is Taken Sick and Family Suffers—Christmas Baskets To Be Given.

Captain Edith McCullom and Lieutenant Catherine Morgan, of the Salvation army, made an appeal for help Tuesday. They say there is a great deal of suffering among the city's poor, and ask that the prosperous people of Marion donate clothing, coal, potatoes etc., to relieve the suffering caused by poverty brought on, in the majority of cases, through sickness.

"We need orders for shoes," said a Salvation army worker. "For instance, we know a case in one part of town, where there is a little boy who has to wear his sick father's shoes to go out and try to pick up a little coal. We need coal, we need clothing, we need potatoes. We need lots of things, and we feel sure that if the people of Marion only knew the good we do with these things, they would donate gladly."

The Salvation army worker quoted stated further that there was no suffering, as yet, on account of lack of work, for there seemed plenty of work for this time of the year, but that sickness in many instances had thrown the bread winners out of employment and the members of their families were suffering in consequence.

The Salvation army has made a canvass of the city and has the names and addresses of the needy, deserving ones.

The annual Christmas dinners will be served by the army as in the past. Already the workers are preparing to send out about sixty baskets.

MRS. C. C. SMELTZER DIES IN COLUMBUS

Death Follows an Operation in a Hospital.

Mrs. Ollie Smeltzer, wife of Charles C. Smeltzer, of south of Marion, died at the Grant hospital in Columbus Wednesday morning at 2 o'clock following an operation for kidney trouble, Monday. She had been ill for the past five months and was taken to the hospital last Saturday. Her husband was with her when death came.

Mrs. Smeltzer was born in this county thirty-two years ago last May. She was married about three years ago to Mr. Smeltzer, and since her marriage has resided with her husband at the home of his mother, Mrs. J. H. Smeltzer on the Prospect pike. She leaves to mourn their great loss, a husband; a son, Charles Welden, aged six months, her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Cook, of near Morral, five sisters and five brothers, besides a large circle of friends. The sisters and brothers are Mrs. Clarence Sutton, of LaRue; Mrs. William Roush, of Michigan; Mrs. Harry Messenger, William, Harry, Clarence and Hollie Cook in and near Morral; Mrs. William Bevers, north of Marion; Mrs. Ethel Layman, of Mt. Victory and Orrie Cook, of Ashtabula.

The deceased was a woman of a noble Christian character and a faithful member of the Methodist church of Morral. She was also a member of the Pythian Sisters and the Foresters lodges.

The remains arrived here Wednesday afternoon accompanied by Mr. Smeltzer, and were taken to the late home where the funeral was held Friday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. The remains were interred in the Marion cemetery.

FOUR REPORTED DEAD AND TEN INJURED

As the Result of Collapse of Building in Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Dec. 6.—Four men are reported dead and ten injured as the result of a collapse of a three-story building being erected for the Prest-O-Lite company here, this afternoon. The building was a concrete structure.

When the building collapsed, it carried from twelve to fifteen workmen down with it. A number of workmen could be seen in the debris with tons of material over them. Three injured men were taken out of the ruins shortly after the collapse.

Firemen, policemen and others are working frantically to release the buried men. It is believed that several of them are alive.

THEY ACCUSE DRY WORKERS OF ARSON

Saloonists Claim Drys Burn Down Their Saloons.

Zanesville, O., Dec. 6.—Owners of two saloons at San Toy, Ohio, which burned last night, causing a loss of $3,000, today assert that "dry" workers were responsible for the fire. The saloons had just opened for business following the Perry county option election Saturday.

Oil-soaked shavings, found in the vicinity of the burned buildings, lead to the belief that the fire was of incendiary origin.

SOME COMMENT ON C., D. & M. SITUATION

What Columbus People Think of Court Action.

In commenting on the appointment of George Whysall, of this city, as special master commissioner to advertise and sell the Columbus, Delaware & Marion Railroad company's properties, Tuesday morning's Ohio State Journal says:

"Attorneys at this end of the line merely chuckled when asked about the Marion action. It was promised that Mr. Whysall would not get very far with his job of master commissioner.

"As soon as he starts to advertise the property for sale, it was said, both he and the newspaper that prints the ad. will be summoned before the Franklin county common pleas court to answer a charge of contempt. The new action was described as an effort to embarass Receiver Eli M. West.

"Attorney Harry F. West, Judge David F. Pugh and Smith W. Bennet, it was said, will see to it that Mr. Whysall doesn't go too far with his new task."

When asked over the telephone if he had anything to say with reference to the Journal story, which was read to him, Mr. Whysall replied that he had been in Canada and was not in close touch with the C. D. & M. situation.

"You see I've been in King George's territory and just got back Tuesday morning," he explained.

FAMILY GATHERING AT THE RORICK HOME

Pleasant Affair in Honor of Elmer Rorick.

NUMBER OF GUESTS ENJOY FINE DAY

Revival Meetings Are Now in Progress at the Christian Church at Martel—Many People Visit the Village During the Past Few Days.

Martel, O., Dec. 6.—The Rorick home was the scene of a delightful family gathering Thanksgiving day, the occassion being in honor of Mr. Elmer Rorick. The table was beautifully decorated with a centerpiece of fruit and nuts and a fine menu was served. Covers were placed for Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ballinger and son, of Bucyrus; Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Rorick, Mrs. Marvel Rorick, of Monnette; Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Lower and family; Mrs. Nettie Marquet and family, and Mr. Emerson Rorick.

The revival meetings are now in progress at the Christian church.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Garver and family entertained Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Gantz, of Toledo; Mr. and Mrs. Noah Garver, of Bellefontaine, last week.

The Martel Gun club held a shooting match here Thanksgiving.

Mr. and Mrs. Ellsworth and daughter, Ruth, of Marion, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Downs and family Thursday.

Mrs. Etta Kurtz visited her husband in Cleveland last week.

Mrs. Harvey Wise and Mrs. George Heileman were Galion visitors Saturday.

John Sulser is the guest of his parents at Powell this week.

Ward Pace was the guest of his grandmother, Mrs. Jane Morton, of Climax, from Wednesday until Sunday.

Wilfred Wilkins is the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Wilkins of Mingo, this week.

George Bollinger, of Marion, is taking lessons in telegraphy of W. S. Burton. He expects to make his home with his cousin, Mrs. Erma Spiece, west of town.

Mrs. Maggie Rorick accompanied her little son, Paul, to Galion, Monday night, where he expects to leave with his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Pearl Pangborn, for Florida, Tuesday. They will be gone a couple of months.

Miss Nellie Sharrock was a Bucyrus visitor last week.

The Martel schools were closed with appropriate exercises Wednesday afternoon for a vacation.

Mrs. Lulu Trevz and Maud Cyphers were Galion visitors Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Sharrock, of Bucyrus, were the guests of Mr. Sharrock's parents here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Clutter, of Marion were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Spiece, Thursday and Friday.

J. E. Cyphers, who is agent at Wadsworth, was here Saturday and Sunday. Mrs. Cyphers accompanied her husband to Wadsworth to spend a few days.

Miss Grace Burton is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Elma Winbigler, of Galion, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. James Williams and son, of Sidney, spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. Alcede Williams.

Warren and Jaunita Laipply entertained some of their little friends at dinner, Thanksgiving. The day was spent in playing games.

Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Tierney, of Mary street, are the parents of a son born Monday morning.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Winch, of northeast of the city, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer E. Wintringham, of Park street, are the parents of a daughter born Wednesday.

LABOR LEADERS EQUALLY GUILTY

Many Who Today Denounce the McNamaas,

ARE GUILTY OF THE SAME CRIME

Says District Attorney Fredricks This Afternoon.

Fredricks Says He Is Sure of His Ground and Has Proof To Back Up What He Says—Some of the Labor Leaders Are Sincere and Some Are Not—He Knows Facts in the Matter.

Los Angeles, Calif., Dec. 5.—District Attorney Fredricks, in a statement today, declared that some of the union labor leaders who are denouncing the McNamaras for confessing, are absolutely guilty of the same crime that these men were sentenced for today and that he has positive proof of that fact.

After returning to his office, following the imposition of sentence, Fredricks said:

"Some of the statements from union labor leaders repudiating the McNamaras are sincere, and some are not. Some statements condemning these men are from labor leaders who, I know, are implicated in the dynamiting outrages for which these men were sentenced today. As for these crimes, I will say now that I know just as much about them as does J. B. McNamara himself. I know exactly who were implicated.

"I am perfectly satisfied with the outcome. I think Judge Bordwell did exactly right, the ends of justice were best served by clemency. The outcome of this case, more than anything else, happening since the civil war, is an epoch in the history of the United States.

Passing of Bludgeon.

"It means the passing of the bludgeon and the strong arm from the ranks of labor.

"There was no bargaining or dickering in this case, which was shown this morning in court. J. B. McNamara threy his life in the teeth of the judge in that statement, and Judge Bordwell threw it back at him. And he did right. I did not know when I went into court, this morning, what the sentences would be.

"And believe me, the attorneys for the defense did not know. All this 'Stinking' Steffens business about fixing the case up makes me tired.

"No, I do not know when McManigal will be arraigned. I will say, though that it will not be soon."

Kaplan To Be Arrested.

Portland, Ore., Dec. 5.—Otto Kulper, local Burns superintendent today admitted that David Kaplan is under surveilance in the Middle West, and will be arrested as soon as the authorities are prepared to handle his case.

NEW PASTOR CALLED FOR COUNTRY CHURCH

Rev. S. H. Mollenauer Is the New Minister.

Rev. S. H. Mollenauer, of Wildwood, a suburb of Pittsburgh, has been chosen pastor of the Trinity Lutheran church at Bethlehem and St. Paul's Lutheran church on the Richland pike. The pulpits of these churches have been vacant for about two months, but Rev. J. W. Schillinger, pastor of the Evangelical Lutheran church in this city, has filled the vacancy pending the selection of a minister. Rev. Mr. Mollenaur has been a city missionary a number of years in the place from which he comes, and he is regarded as a very able minister, and is a graduate of the Capital university in Columbus. He has a wife and three children.

Rev. and Mrs. Mollenauer will make their home in the parsonage, five miles south of the city on the Delaware pike.

REV. D. N. KELLY WEDS IN AUGLAIZE COUNTY

Bride Is a Member of His Church at St. John.

Rev. D. N. Kelly, pastor of the Wesley M. E. church, and Miss Oreanna Copeland, of Auglaize county, were married at the home of the bride's father, John Abner Copeland, near St. John, Monday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Rev. William McKay Brackney, of Delaware, performed the ceremony. The bride was a member of Rev. Mr. Kelly's congregation when he was pastor of the M. E. church at St. John before coming to Marion.

GO WEST.

Have a farm of 160 acres also one of 120 acres, within three miles of Pierre, the Capital of South Dakota. This is fine farm land, deep, black soil. An improved road between the two farms so that same can be handled separately or together.

Will sell or exchange for smaller farm or Marion City property. This is a rare opportunity for the man who wants more land and wants it in a splendid location. See

W. T. Jones

Huber Block.

Or telephone. 8-w-s-wk

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CALEDONIA MARSHAL'S SALARY IS INCREASED

Village Council Boosts It to $200 a Year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT IN HIS CHARGE ALSO

Knights of Pythias Hold Semi-Annual Election of Officers—To Enjoy Stag Social Next Meeting. Property Changes on High Street. Mrs. J. B. Kring Entertains.

Caledonia, O., Dec. 8.—[Special.]—Mr and Mrs. L. C. Donnenwirth entertained a party of friends at their home, Thanksgiving day. After an elegant dinner a season of music was enjoyed. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lyon and son, Francis; Mr. and Mrs. Christian Koch, Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Hipsher and Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Hart and daughter, Helena Mary.

The Knights of Pythias lodge met in regular meeting, Monday evening, and elected the following officers A. F. Harruff, chancellor commander, S. T. Doyle, vice chancellor, J. F. Retterer, prelate; F. L. Warwick, master of work; J. M. Blair, keeper of records and seal; J. W. Tedrow, master of finance; T. J. Pittman, master of exchequer; F. C. Bayles, master-at-arms; Wesley Rinker, inner guard; H. N. Geddis, outer guard, and John Pommert, trustee. The esquire rank was conferred on one candidate. The knight rank will be conferred next Monday evening, when a stag social will be enjoyed.

William Gist has purchased the Sarah Curl property, on north High street, and Cyrus Mattox, of Springfield, has purchased the William Foreman property on the same street.

The girls of Mrs. J. B. Kring's Sunday-school class were entertained by their teacher at her home, last Saturday evening. Fifteen pupils responded to the invitation and for a while made merry with various games. The hostess served elegant refreshments.

Council met in regular session, Tuesday evening, and allowed bills amounting to $125. Owing to the saloons having again opened in the village, the marshal will be required to serve more hours on duty and his salary has been increased to $200 a year. He will also be required to take charge of the fire department with his other duties.

Mrs. E. J. Stanley, of Marion, is visiting relatives north of town.

Charles Weber, a former resident of this place but now of Lorain, was calling on old friends here, Monday.

John Hill, of north of town, went to Buffalo on a business trip, last Saturday night.

Clifford Seckel, who has been identified with the firm of Doyle & Company in the poultry and egg business for some time past, moved his family to Nevada, Monday. He will engage in a similar business with his brother, Robert.

Harold May has been a guest of relatives and friends at Cardington for several days past.

Mrs. Samuel Reeder, of Cleveland, visited a couple of days the latter part of last week with relatives and friends.

Frank Bayles, of Indianapolis, returned home, Sunday, after visiting here with his mother, last week.

Harry Rule, of Bucyrus, was the guest of his mother, Mrs. C. E. Kelly, Sunday.

Frank Wittred, of Cleveland, was the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Wittred, the latter part of last week.

Mrs. Delphos Hill and two children, residing north of town, returned home, Saturday, after a pleasant visit with her parents at Ada.

Mrs. William Wood left for New York City, Saturday, to visit for three weeks.

Fred Beck was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. Hart, Thanksgiving day.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Fulton, of Cleveland, spent several days here last week

Miss Naomi Pittman visited with friends in Akron from Wednesday until Sunday.

Mrs. Thomas Seckel and two children, and Mrs. Philip McCann of Columbus visited at the home of Mr and Mrs. Thomas Seckel, last week.

Mrs James Irwin returned, Friday, after a three-week's visit with her daughter, Mrs. Mary Noble, at Gilead.

Mr and Mrs. Edward Baker and Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Baker and Mr. Edgar, of near Fulton, and Mr. and Mrs Edward Critchfield and son, Ralph, of near Mt. Gilead, were entertained at the home of Dr. and Mrs J E Baker, Thanksgiving day.

Mrs P. T Harrold and two children of Cleveland, arrived here Friday for a short visit with her mother Mrs. John Anselment.

Mrs Nora Burt, of Cleveland, is a guest of friends here, this week.

Mr and Mrs. Henry Barnes, of Cardington, were the guests of Mrs. Isabelle Underwood several days last week

Kelsie Caris, of Fulton, and Orba Mosher of this place, purchased the meat market on Water street of C H Mosher, last week, and moved it to the Ludwig room on Center street.

Mrs. John Stanford and son, George, returned to their home in Marion Monday, after a week's visit with relatives here.

Miss Laura Virtue, of near Mt. Gilead is spending the week with friends in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Coulter and children, Donald and Elizabeth, of Marion, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Gruber, Friday.

Mrs. W. A. Schrontz, of Martinsville, visited with her sister, Mrs. C. A. R. Edgington, several days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Schlientz and little daughter, of Akron, are the guests of relatives here, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Heath Garberson entertained Dr. and Mrs. J. B. Kring, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Roberts, Miss Maud Anselment and J. B. Irwin at their home on north Main street, last Friday evening. A season of "five hundred" was followed by an elegant lunch.

Miss Helen Stone entertained the members of her Sunday-school class at her home last Friday evening. The party was a masquerade affair and the costumes were novel and interesting. Games and music were indulged in, after which the hostess served light refreshments. The guests were: Mabel Harrison, Ruth Timson, Floe Burt, Trilby Coen, Alta Middleton, Mary Cain, Weltha Brown, Edith Black, Eva Seckel, Pearl Schlientz, Lenna Thew, Marvel Wilson ,Helen Fields and Louella Donce.

Mrs. S. T. Doyle and sons, Raymond and Lowell, spent several days, last week, with relatives in Marion.

J. P. Wilson, operator at the Erie tower, has been confined to his home several days by rheumatism.

Miss Nan Humphrey, of Mansfield, is spending the week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Foster Highly.

John Stafford, of Marion, was here Monday evening, attending lodge.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Thaxton and three children, of Akron, were entertained last week by her sister, Mrs. David Landes, at her home, on south High street.

Mrs. F. E. Peters, of Marion, was the guest of Dr. and Mrs. J. B. Kring, Wednesday.

Rev. C A. R. Edgington, pastor of the M. E. church, is conducting a series of meetings at North Canaan with good attendance.

IBERIA'S CLAIM AS TO HIGHER LEARNING

Village Sends Many Students to Colleges.

Dragged from peaceful obscurity some time ago by Uncle Sam and held up for the world's inspection as a community possessing the greatest number of widows according to population in the United States, Iberia situated just over the Marion county line in Morrow county, likes being in the limelight so well that it now comes forward with the claim that it "sends off" to the higher schools more young people than any other community of so few souls.

This yearning for college education with Iberians is ascribed by them to the good effects that still linger there of the old Central Ohio college, which was located in the village years ago. A number of Marion county residents attended the institution and can testify to its high moral and educational advantages.

RICHWOOD FORCED TO BORROW MONEY

The Village Finds Itself in Financial Straits.

Richwood, O., Dec. 7.—[Special.]—At an adjourned meeting of the village council, Tuesday evening, the council was compelled to authorize the finance committee to borrow $300 to pay the balance on the salaries of the village officials to date. This is the first time in years that the village has been obliged to borrow money for current expenses. Up until the past three years, Richwood had always had from $3,000 to $5,000 on deposit in the local banks. Three years ago, when the county went dry under the Rose law, the village was cut short $1,500 a year, or a total of $4,500 for the three years, which is the cause of the deficiency in the treasury. Richwood is now in the financial condition that many, three years ago, prophesied the village would reach.

THE VALUATION OF ALL PROPERTY OF CITY

Figures Gathered from the City Tax Duplicate.

The city tax duplicate has been finished and presents some figures of interest to the taxpayers. The duplicate shows that the total valuation of all city property is $21,074,990. Of this amount, the sum of $13,757,880 is invested in real estate and $7,317,110 in personal property.

The taxes due December 20, 1911, on real estate amount to $89,426.22, and on personal property, $44,634. The same amount in taxes will be collectable next June and the total for the year is $134,060.59 The delinquent taxes on real estate at this time amount to $7,412.01.

The duplicate also shows that there are 401 male dogs and 100 female dogs in the city.

PROSPECT IS TO HAVE POSTAL SAVINGS BANK

It Will Be Opened to the Public January 1.

The postoffice at Prospect has been designated as a postal savings bank, according to a Washington special to today's Cincinnati Enquirer. The postal savings bank will be opened by Postmaster John J. Roberts at the direction of the government, Thursday, January 4. Other Ohio postoffices designated for postal savings banks are DeGraff, Jamestown and Jeffersonville.

To keep a veil crisp, dip it several times in alcohol and hang it up indoors to dry

REPORT OF DOINGS AT MEEKER DURING WEEK

Number of Visitors Pass Thanksgiving at Village.

Meeker, O., Dec. 8.—[Special.]—Miss Cecil Sprague spent Saturday in Marion.

Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Brown spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs Noah Carpenter.

Mr. and Mrs. Ransom Irving will leave this week for their new home in Texas.

Miss Zelda Briggs spent several days last week with her sister, Mrs. Clarence Davis, in Marion.

Miss Grace Titus was pleasantly surprised, Friday evening, by the young people of Meeker and vicinity. The evening was spent in a delightful social way.

The officers and teachers of the M. E. Sunday-school will be elected next Sunday for the coming year.

Grace Hogan returned, Sunday, from a visit with friends in Marion.

Mrs. E. B. Titus was a Marion shopper Saturday.

Guy Ducat spent several days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Ducat, this week.

Robert Ramsey, of DeCliff, was a guest at the Kennedy home Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. Merle Tonguet and son, Donald, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. June Sprague.

Mr. and Mrs. Ora Ford spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Alonzo James, east of Mecker.

T. A. McCreery was a LaRue visitor Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. June Sprague were pleasantly surprised by a number of friends Monday evening.

Mrs. Charles Jennings, of Lima, and Mrs. Hewitt Davis, of Shipshewana, Indiana, spent a couple of days with Mr. and Mrs. George Kennedy and Dr. and Mrs C. S. Burnsides.

Alden Baker was given a surprise by a large company of young people at his home Tuesday evening.

TWO ARE PARDONED BY THE GOVERNOR

The Sentences of Many Others Are Commuted Tuesday.

Columbus, O., Dec 6.—Acting upon the recommendations of the state board of pardons, Governor Harmon, yesterday, granted pardons to two penitentiary convicts. They are Frank Heil, serving ten years from Wyandot county, for manslaughter, and Bert Vinton, serving twenty-eight years from Montgomery county, for burglary and larceny.

The governor also granted the following commutations: Albert Oliver, serving five years from Portage county, for mistreating an insane woman, from five to one year; Jerry Connors, serving eight years from Hamilton county for burglary, from eight to five years; Rufus Pettiford, serving three years from Champaign county for perjury, from three years to fifteen months; William Woods, serving life from Belmont county for burglary, from life to twenty years; Herbert Gebhart, serving twelve years from Lucas county for robbery, from twelve to seven years; George Woods, serving twenty years from Ross county for manslaughter, from twenty to fifteen years.

THE PLEASANTVILLE STATE BANK CLOSES

An Echo of the Closing of Columbus Union National.

Columbus, O., Dec. 6.—A run on the Pleasantville State bank at Pleasantville, Fairfield county, the result of the failure of the Union National bank, of Columbus, Monday, caused the Pleasantville bank to close temporarily, today, and it is now in the hands of State Bank Superintendent F. E. Baxter.

W. S. Courtright, president of the Union National, was also a director in the Pleasantville bank, and the Union was the depository for the Pleasantville bank. This caused the scare.

State Bank Examiner Baxter said today that the Pleasantville bank was solvent, and that its directors hoped to open within a few days without liquidation.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR HIGH COST OF LIVING

Rests on the Consumer, Says R. E. Hills, of Delaware.

Elyria, O., Dec. 5.—Responsibility for the high cost of living was laid at the door of the consumers today by R. E. Hills, of Delaware, president of the Ohio Wholesale Grocers' association, attending the convention of the State Retail Grocers and Butchers' convention here.

"The great demand for service from the grocers has caused the advance in prices," Hills declared.

"Instead of going to the store as her mother did, and carrying home her provisions, the housewife of today often telephones fifteen or twenty minutes before a meal, asking that something be hurried out. This service must be paid for," said Hills.

JUMPS FROM DOME OF WORLD BUILDING

Instantly Killed by Hitting an Auto at the Curb.

New York, Dec. 6.—An unidentified man jumped from the twelfth floor, or dome, of the World building this afternoon and was instantly killed when he struck an automobile standing at the curb on Park Row. The man was well dressed. The mangled condition of the remains make identification impossible: Two men seated in the automobile narrowly escaped being hurt by the flying body.

LADIES' EMBROIDERY CLUB HOLDS MEETING

Mrs. W. M. Drake Is Hostess to the Members.

THE TIME PASSED DOING NEEDLEWORK

The Twentieth Century Club Meets with Mrs. S. M. Hesser, Tuesday Afternoon—Students Return to Studies in Delaware and Columbus—LaRue News Notes.

La Rue, O., Dec. 8.—[Special.]—The Ladies' Embroidery club met at the home of Mrs. W. M. Drake of south High street, Wednesday afternoon. The time was spent in needlework and in making Christmas presents. Refreshments were served.

Mrs. Altman Raub was a Marion shopper Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Finley Fail, of Marseilles, was in Marion on business, Wednesday.

Mrs. W. E. Denman is spending the latter part of the week with her daughter, Mrs. Charles Melvin, in Marion.

The Twentieth Century club was entertained at the home of Mrs. S. M Hesser, Tuesday, afternoon.

Miss Grace Baldwin returned to Marion, Sunday, after spending Thanksgiving with her mother, Mrs. Angeline Baldwin.

Cloris Holliday returned to his studies in Columbus, Sunday, after a few days' visit with his mother, Mrs. W. F. Holliday.

Miss Hazel Markwith returned to her studies in Delaware, Sunday, after a few days' visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. L. Markwith

Thornton Wassen is spending the week with Marion relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. John Walters, of West Liberty, are visiting at the Max Codding home west of town.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Price, of Marion, are spending the week at the home of Mrs. Mary Price south of town.

Mrs. Inis Sherwood, of Forest, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John G. Drake this week.

Mrs. Stella Gorman and children, Gale and Dale; Misses Sadie and Alice Kennedy, of Marion, spent Thursday, as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Carey, of Marion, spent Thursday at the Frank Carey home on School street.

Mrs. C. L. Smiley, of Marion, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Smiley.

Miss Lena Johnson has accepted a position as clerk in the Dr. Sifritt pharmacy.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Reubens and Misses Carmine and Erma Blow, of Marion, were entertained at the Asa Myers home Thursday of this week.

Mrs. Frank Gabriel and daughter, Alice, is spending a few days at the Thomas Price home.

Miss Stella Baker, of Marion spent Thursday at the Alfred Jones home north of town.

I. S. Guthery spent Saturday in Cleveland as the guest of his son, Damon.

Miss Adah Drown, of Marion, visited Thursday at the C. F Miller home.

Miss Demarel Morris, a teacher in the public schools in Marion, spent her Thanksgiving vacation as the guest of her mother, Mrs. Ida Morris.

Mr. and Mrs. Milliard James and children, of Galion, visited Thursday at the Arthur Marsh home.

Those enjoying a turkey roast, Thanksgiving, at the Hunter Hastings home north of town were Mr. and Mrs. S. H. DeLong, of Marion; Mr. and Mrs Edward Brown, J. Samuel Myers, G. N. Myers and family and Harvey Myers.

Mrs. John Guthery spent the latter part of this week with her daughters, Lois and Marie, who are attending school at Athens.

Lew Shirk and family, Oliver Shirk and family and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lingo attended the Shirk reunion which was held at the Sylvester Shirk home at Hepburn, Thursday.

Mrs. M. L. Sager and son, Marcus, of Columbus, is spending a few days this week at the Vernon Seacord home.

Mrs. Paul Arnold went to Marion, Sunday to spend a few days as the guests of her daughter, Mrs. Frank Harmon. She was accompanied by Faust Harmon, who spent Thanksgiving here.

Miss Ethel Smith, an instructor in the school of commerce, of Marion, and Mrs. Lon Smith, of Hepburn, visited Saturday at the E. H. Lingo home.

William Scranton, who is employed in Marion is spending a few days with his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. William Meredith, of Licking county, who has been visiting at the Rosanna Harris home for the past week, returned home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Spicar were Marion visitors Monday.

H. I. Neidig and daughter, Reba, of Marion spent Sunday at the William Millisor home west of town.

Miss Bessie Whiteback, of Marion, returned home Monday after a few days visit at the G. N. Woolly home west of town. She was accompanied by Miss Bernice and Virgil Manley.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Hentze, of Marion are visiting at Benjamin Carter's home this week.

Fred Snyder, of Agosta, visited at the Frank Seymour home Thursday.

Mrs. Charles Harris and children, Ilda and Ronald, were guests at the S. S. Livingston home from Wednesday until Monday.

Mrs. Etta Johnson, of Marion, visited at the James Lee and Fred Rush home from Friday until Monday.

Miss Flora Jones has returned to her studies at Wooster, after spending a few days at her home. She was accompanied by Miss Nellie Newman, of Canton.

Harvey Myers, of LaRue, and Hugh Davis, of Marion, left for Florida, Monday, to spend the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. George Manley and daughter, Juanita, are spending the week in Toledo as guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Halstead.

Misses Addie and Ivah Burdge, of Columbus, spent Thursday at the James Burdge home north of town.

Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Clifton are in Chicago this week, attending the international stock show.

The operatic cantata given by the LaRue high school in the opera-house and the second number on the lecture course was a great success.

Samuel Burbaugh, of Marion, spent Thursday and Friday of this week with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Harley Dickason and family, of Marion spent the week at the William Marsh home, west of town.

Harley Severns, and Miss Clara Bell Arndt, of Marion, visited at the Nathan Rizor home this week.

Mrs. Carl Smith and children, John and William, are in Marion for a few days stay.

MR. J. D. FELTY IS GIVEN A SURPRISE

About Half Hundred Friends Call Upon Him.

J. D. Felty, the nurse at the Marion county infirmary, was pleasantly surprised there, Monday evening, by fifty-four of his friends. The evening was passed with games, music and various pastimes. A fine luncheon was served. Mr. Felty was the recipient of a number of presents

Those present were.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Bader, Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Kline, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Myers, Mr. and Mrs. E. Rockwell, Mr. and Mrs. Amerine, Mr. and Mrs G. Smith, Mr and Mrs Elmer Bader, Mr. and Mrs. O. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Watterman, Mr. and Mrs. Hiller, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Kerr, Mr. and Mrs. F. Sherwood, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Dawson, Mrs. Malone, Mrs. Plottner and the Misses Orpha Kline, May Kline, Ethel Kline, Iseah Bader, Hazel Bader, Glenna Miller, Edna Miller, Violet Sherman, Lottie Dawson, Edna Bell, Samantha Tedrow, Manda Uncapher, Ilene Myers and Masters Kenneth Osborne, George Rutherford, Lawrence Kline, Troy Kline, Amos Hildebrand, Charles Felty, Porter Smith, George Weidemaier and W. E. Landes

THE LOWER HOUSE HELD FAVORABLE

To Passage of Dollar-a-Day Pension Measure.

Washington, Dec. 7.—According to a statement issued by Representative Underwood, the Sherwood bill, granting pensions of a dollar a day to veterans of the civil war, will be passed by the house before the holidays

If passed by the senate and favored by the president the measure will mean an additional annual appropriation of $40,000,000 for pensions.

If the Sherwood bill becomes a law it will increase the pension disbursements of the government to about $200,000,000 a year. The measure is now on one of the house calendars, having been reported favorably at the last session. It will have the support of practically all the Democrats and a few negative votes only will be cast by Republicans.

SUIT FOLLOWS HIS INTERVIEW

Judge Dittey Asked To Pay Lawyer $25,000 Damages.

Columbus, O., Dec. 7.—Attorney William Thorndyke of Cincinnati filed suit in common pleas court there against Robert M. Dittey of Columbus, chairman of the state tax commission, asking for $25,000 damages.

Thorndyke says he was libeled in an interview printed in Cincinnati, purporting to have been given by Dittey, in which Dittey takes issue with Thorndyke for filing two suits to enjoin increased valuations on two Cincinnati plants.

Seize American Slot Machines.

Paris, Dec. 7.—A number of American machines for gambling by putting coins in slots have been seized at Raincy, as they were found to have been tamptred with in such a manner as to prevent one winning. The machines were stamped with the name of a Chicago manufacturer and the authorities also seized a letter from the manufacturers explaining how to fix the machines for a gain of 25 to 45 per cent at will. Over 400 similar machines were seized in the Riviere in 1910.

The Closing Night.

The closing night of the bazaar of the members of the St. Mary's Sewing circle, Wednesday evening, drew another large crowd and all of the articles were disposed of during the evening. A nice sum was realized by the society. At the close of the sale a progressive euchre contest was enjoyed. In the play at cards Mrs. T. J. Ryan won the largest number of games of the ladies and received the prize, a hand-painted plate. Mr. Harry Fye won the gentlemen's prize, a gold watch fob

SLEIGHING PARTY IS ENJOYED AT AGOSTA

Mr. and Mrs. Myron Rusler Entertain—Agosta News.

Agosta, O., Dec. 8.—[Special.]—A sleighing party was enjoyed at the home of Lemuel De Haven, three and one-half miles south of town, Monday evening. Those present were Misses Ruth and Hazel Baker, Hazel Grim, Verna Johnston, Mary Mills, Clara Kraner, Mae Young, Edna Dutton, Verna Ila Lucile and Edith Bilger, Ruth Tron, Lillian Carey and Messrs. Vernon and Harold Imbody, Otis Black, John, Olive, and Earl Withrow, Frank and Roy Beckley, Otis Johnston, Leon Bilger, Glen Drake, Ernest Miller, Paul Gracey, Frank Montgomery, Lowell Schultz, Richard Thommason, Ralph Kraner, Ernest Cooper. A fine time was enjoyed by all.

Mrs. Inez Sherwood, of Forest, was a guest at the G. C. Young home, Thursday and Friday.

Mrs. Grover Chapman spent from Wednesday till Monday in Marion.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Carey and daughter, La Von; Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Birch and son, Vernal, of this place, and Miss Lloa Birch, of Marion, were Sunday visitors at the home of L. Miller, north of town.

J. M. Stockwell, of Ashland, spent Friday with Mr and Mrs. David Bilger. He was accompanied home by his mother, Mrs. M. Stockwell.

Mr. and Mrs. Myron Rusler entertained at dinner, Thursday, Mrs. William Millisor and children, Willie and Vera, of LaRue; Mr. and Mrs. J. Johnston, of Green Camp; Mr. William Rusler, of Rushsylvania; William Free, of Marion, and Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Rusler and son, Freeman, of this place.

Merwyn Barnthouse, of Upper Sandusky, spent his vaction with his parents, Mr. and Mrs C. O. Barnthouse.

Miss Margaret Dunlap, of Marion, was the guest of her cousin, Mrs. E. Culbertson, Thursday.

Mrs. John Leslie, of LaRue, is spending the week with her sister, Mrs. A. C. Johnston, south of town.

Miss Mary A. Cone and Miss Nina Dutton attended the funeral services of Andrew O'Hara, in Marion, Saturday.

Mrs Alice Orr is the guest of her son, Burdell Prettyman, in Toledo.

Mrs Leota Miller, of Waldo, is spending the week with her mother, Mrs. Jennie Grim.

D. E. Dundore, of Marion, was a business caller here, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Snare and son, of Marion, were guests at the John Carter home, Wednesday and Thursday.

Mr and Mrs. William Holt, of Marion, were calling on friends here Thursday.

William Tron, north of town, spent Thanksgiving at the home of his son, John, near Waldo.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Strawser entertained at dinner, Monday, at the J. J. Burley home, Mr. and Mrs. J. Berger and William Burley, of Marion, and Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Prettyman, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Burley and Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Nesbaum. The dinner was given in honor of the seventieth birthday anniversary of Mrs. Burley.

Mrs. C. W. Dutton was the guest of Mrs. Harry Creekbaum, in Marion, Wednesday and Thursday.

Mrs. Anna Schultz and William Stockwell, of Meeker, spent Friday with Mr. and Mrs. David Bilger.

Mr. and Mrs. George Stiffler were the guests of their daughter, Mrs. Daniel Phelps, in Marion, from Thursday till Saturday.

Roy Chapman, of Marion, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Chapman, south of town.

Mrs. Henry Bill, of Delaware, was a guest at the Noah Milligan home from Thursday till Saturday.

Mrs. Elizabeth Miller had for dinner, Thursday, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Williams and son, Glenn, of Green Camp; Mrs. H. E Hill, of Marion; Mr and Mrs. J. Johnson, of LaRue, and Mrs. Hannah Forte, of Dunkirk.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Chapman, south of town, were Marion visitors, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Hudson, of Marion, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Johnston, south of town.

The dance which was given in the Star dancing hall, Thursday, was a success. About twenty-five couples were in attendance.

DWIGHT E. SMITH TO MAKE APPOINTMENTS

An Unusual Duty for the Mayor of Mt. Gilead.

Dwight E. Smith, a member of the local lodge of Elks and well known in this city, who was elected mayor of Mt. Gilead, will have one duty to perform when he takes his office, January 1, that will be different from the regular routine of any chief executive in any other city in the United States, with the possible exception of Cincinnati Early in his administration it will be up to Mayor Smith to appoint two trustees for the railroad, which Mt. Gilead owns and which is leased by the Big Four. The terms of C. L. Russell and Charles Dumbaugh as trustees will expire and the new mayor will appoint their successors. The railroad directorate is now composed of William F. Bruce, A. C. Duncan, Mark Cook and Messrs Dumbaugh and Russell.

BIRTHS.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Earl Baker, of Sellner avenue, Thursday morning

DR. W. A. CHARTER IS PLACED ON TRIAL

Charged with Attempting a Criminal Operation.

MORNING IS GIVEN TO SECURING JURY

Eight Witnesses Are Called for the State and Seventeen for the Defense—Orison Creviston Is First Witness on the Stand—Common Pleas Court Notes.

The trial of Dr. W. A. Charter charged with attempting to perform a criminal operation on Mrs. Orison Creviston, was begun in the court of common pleas Wednesday with Judge W. F. Duncan on the bench.

The entire forenoon was consumed in securing a jury and two special venires were exhausted before the jury was complete.

The jurors are: W. H. Miller, H W. Schweinfurth, John Croft, Samuel Schwaderer, W. S. Ruth, Jacob Fail, T. J. Mead, W. C. Michels, Samuel Epley, W. S. Reardon, Israel Irey and W. W. Sanders.

Eight witnesses have been called for the state and seventeen for the defense.

Orison Creviston, the husband of the woman said to have died following the operation and who is also under indictment in connection with the case, was the first witness on the stand Wednesday.

In the trial of Dr. W. A. Charter, with attempting to perform a criminal operation on Mrs. Orison Creviston, a motion by the defense to dismiss the matter on the ground that the state had not introduced sufficient evidence to warrant the continuance of the trial was overruled, Thursday, by Judge W. F. Duncan.

Attorneys DeGolly & DeGolly are appearing for the defense and Prosecutor Charles L. Justice is being assisted by Mouser & Moloney in the prosecution.

The testimony for the defense is now being given.

In the receivership matter of the Marion Savings Bank company against the Ohio Milling & Elevator company, Roscoe Oborn, the receiver, has filed a motion that he be allowed to sell the property and to collect what is due the corporation

In the prosecution of Almond Tuttle for attempting to criminally assault Miss Flora Spicer, Crissinger & Guthery and H. E. Hill, attorneys for the defense, have filed a motion for a new trial.

In the damage suit of Miss Genevieve Ackerman, by her next friend, Charles Ackerman, against the City of Marion, the jury returned a verdict for the city Tuesday, after deliberating about one hour. Miss Askerman sued to recover $25,100 damages for injuries suffered by stepping into a defective place in the paving on west Center street.

Mrs. Forest Baird, nee Gardner, has begun a suit for divorce in the court of common pleas against Oliver Baird, colored, for a divorce. The couple was married September 8, 1910. The plaintiff in addition to a divorce wants alimony, and a temporary injunction restraining the defendant from disposing of his property has been granted. Cruelty and neglect are charged in the petition.

The foreclosure suit of Christian Klentz against August Kull has been settled and dismissed.

In the civil suit of I. A. Conley against George Roberts a motion for a new trial has been overruled by the court.

THE WHEAT OUTLOOK VERY DISCOURAGING

The State Department of Agriculture Makes a Report.

A United Press wire from Columbus Thursday says:

The state department of agriculture, in its official report for December, says the present outlook for the wheat harvest in 1912 is discouraging.

The state's production of corn in 1911 was 110,618,958 bushels, an increase over 1910 of 5,106,511 bushels. The estimated average yield an acre in 1911 was 35.9 bushels of shelled corn.

Cloverseed production is reported as a complete failure, the average yield an acre being only 1.25 bushels.

The 1911 apple crop is 165 per cent. that of 1910.

Tobacco production an acre for 1911 is estimated at 887 pounds.

Wood county produced the most corn this year, 3,734,262 bushels; Lake county the least, 179,088 bushels. Lucas county leads in the highest average an acre, forty-six bushels; and Jackson county the least, twenty-one. Wheat conditions at present are reported best in Logan county and worst in Wayne.

PNEUMONIA IS THE CAUSE OF DEATH

Mother of Mrs. N. F. Tilton Dies in Delaware.

Mrs. J. J. Ramage, aged about seventy-eight years, mother of Mrs. N. F. Tilton, of Blaine avenue, died of pneumonia at her home in Delaware, Wednesday night. Mrs. Ramage was quite well known in this city.

The funeral services will be held Saturday morning

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Gifts for Xmas time good for all time.

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Genuine Cow-hide Suit Cases. Special values— $5

Leather lined Calf Skin Traveling Bags. Special $5

CHRISTMAS HINTS IN LEATHER.

Substantial and useful gifts, such as these, reflect the clever forethought and good judgment of the giver.

Traveling Bag Fittings with Clothes, Military, Tooth and Manicure Brushes, Soap Flask, Easeled Mirror, Tooth Powder and Tooth Brush Bottles and Comb..... $5

Leather Combination Sets with Collar Bag, Tie Case and Handkerchief Case, $3.50.

Military Brushes in Pig skin rolls	$3.00	Traveling Toilet Sets, 5 pieces	$4.00
Leather Neckwear cases, finest	$1.50	Traveling Toilet Sets finest	$5.00
Leather Collar bags 50c. to	$2.00	Leather Slippers Faust style	$2.50
Leather Tie rack 50c. to	$1.50	Leather Slippers Romeo style	$1.50
Leather Watch fob novelties	25c	Leather Slippers Opera ..... 50c to	$1.00
Leather Belts in fancy Xmas boxes	50c	Xmas cards and boxes with all purchases.	

KLEINMAIRES.

LADIES' AID SOCIETY OF REFORMED CHURCH

Mrs. Frederick Augenstine and Daughter Entertain.

W. C. T. U. WOMEN AT ANTHONY HOME

A Thanksgiving Dinner at the Home of Mr. and Mrs. David Wyatt—A Small Company of Friends Enjoy a Pleasant Day—Waldo Notes of the Week.

Waldo, O., Dec. 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. Frederick Augenstine and daughter, Bertha, entertained the Ladies' Aid society of the Reformed church at their home Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. O. S. Anthony was hostess to the members of the W. C. T. U. and their friends at an interesting meeting Thursday evening. The subject was "Some American Heroines."

A Thanksgiving dinner was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. David Wyatt, west of town. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Harry Stoner and family, of Marion; Mrs. William Stoner, of Cardington; Mrs. Susan Dilfany, Mr. and Mrs. George McPherson, of Prospect; Mr. and Mrs. Grover Gearhiser, of Galion; Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Stoner and family, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Stoner and family and Mr. and Mrs. Foster Wiser and family.

Mr. and Mrs. William Brown entertained, Thanksgiving, Mr. and Mrs. Marion Brown, of Columbus; Mrs. Earl Brown and son, and Mrs. O'Hare, of Grogan.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Benedict entertained at dinner, Thanksgiving, Mrs. Mary Benedict and Miss Cora Benedict, of Marlboro, and Rev. George Parkin, of Delaware.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Smith and daughter, of Marion, and Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Davis and Miss Edna Davis, of Norton, were Thanksgiving guests of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Wyatt and daughter.

Mrs. Sarah Corbin is slightly improved.

Mrs. Miller returned home, Friday, from Columbus, where she had been the guest of her son several days.

Harry Coleman, of Marion, spent Sunday with his mother here.

Mr. and Mrs. Grover Gearhiser returned, Friday, to their home in Galion after a week's visit with friends here.

Mrs. Kenney, of Marion, was called here Friday by the serious illness of her father, Charles Groll.

William Oborn was in Cleveland from Saturday until Monday.

The Sabbath-schools are all preparing programs for Christmas entertainments.

Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Corbin, of near Agosta, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. William Corbin, Wednesday and Thursday.

Miss Dorothy Oborn, of Marion, visited from Friday until Sunday with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Glaze and family were guests, Thanksgiving, of Mrs. Sarah Michels.

Miss Ethel Hoke and Miss Grace Lewellen were Marion visitors Saturday.

Charles Taylor was a Marion visitor Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Grubb and child, of Columbus, were guests over Sunday of Mrs. William Oborn.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Selanders and family were guests, Saturday and Sunday, of Waldo friends.

Mrs. William Wheeler was a Marion visitor Wednesday.

HENRY L. DORN IS DEAD IN COLUMBUS

Father of the State Factory Inspection Department.

Columbus, O., Dec. 7.—Henry L. Dorn, sixty-eight, first chief factory inspector of Ohio, died at his home here last night from a complication of diseases. Dorn was appointed as state factory inspector in 1884 under Governor Hoadley. He is known as the father of the state factory inspection department and recommended the first law requiring fire-escapes in Ohio. Dorn was the founder of the First National Association of Factory Inspectors, in 1887, and acted as the first president of that organization.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. George H. Shute, formerly of this city, at their home in Alliance, Wednesday.

The Uhler-Phillips Company.

$5000 Worth of Furs

For Christmas Presents.

Fur Sets — Fur Coats
Separate Scarfs — Children's Furs
Separate Muffs — Fur Baby Cab Robes

We Save You 25 Per Cent on Furs.

$50.00 Full Length Russian Pony Skin Coats $28.75

The Uhler-Phillips Co.

THE MUSICAL CLUB AT SHERWOOD HOME

Miss Edith and Harriet Sherwood Hostesses.

AN EVENING GIVEN TO SOCIAL PASTIMES

The Rebekahs of Morral Hold a Meeting and Elect Officers for the Ensuing Year—Mrs. Alice Newcomb New Noble Grand—Some Morral Notes.

Morral, O., Dec. 7.—[Special.]—Misses Edith and Harriet Sherwood entertained the Musical club at their home Friday evening. The time was spent in music and social pastimes. Refreshments were served Those present were: Miss Mildred Washburn, Miss Hazel Lupton, Miss Gladys Hartman, Miss Marjorie Landon, Miss Ethel Crim, Miss Jen Eva Ballinger, Miss Fairy Smith, Miss Pearl Crim, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Wiley, Mr. Harmon Wilmuth, Mr. Bert Crim and Mr. Ralph Miller.

The Rebekah lodge met in regular session, Friday night, and elected the following officers: Noble grand Mrs. Alice Newcomb; vice grand, Mrs. Anna Lucas; recording secretary, Mrs. Nellie Bardon; financial secretary, Mrs. Elsie Washburn; treasurer, Mrs. Clara Moore; trustee, Mrs. Sarah Martin; deputy president, Mrs. Clara Moore.

Samuel Long, of Marion was a guest of William Miller, Sunday.

Mrs. W. A. Cox, of Tipton, Indiana, visited at the C. J. Schultz home a few days last week. Mrs. Cox was formerly Miss Blanche Snetcher.

Mrs. and Mrs. N. J. Osbun and family moved to Marion last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Robinson and children visited Mr. Robinson's parents at Coldwater, Michigan, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Kern, of Marion, spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Kern west of town.

Miss Leota Bridge, of Marion, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bridge, from Wednesday until Sunday.

Miss Fairy Smith entertained about thirty of her friends at a Tangle party, at her home, Monday evening. It was in honor of Miss Effie Sandridge who is soon to leave for her home in Virginia. The evening was spent in games and contests. Later oysters were served Those present were: Miss Myrla Lowe, Miss Gladys Hartman, Miss Beaulah Cottrell, Miss Marjorie Landon, Miss Harriet Sherwood, Miss Hazel Schultz, Miss Edith Miner, Miss Hazel Cottrell, Miss Charlotte Bridge, Miss Effie Sandridge, Miss Ida Bosley, Miss Iva Bridge, Miss Verdella Brady, Mrs. Charles Sandridge, Mr. Harmon Wilmuth, Mr. Floyd Smith, Mr. Merle Conley, Mr. Carl Lewis, Mr. Harold Schultz, Mr. Emmett Smith, Mr. Ralph Miller, Mr. Herbert Brady, Mr. Jerry Minor, Mr. Roy Butcher, Mr. Ola Landon and Mr. Arleigh Smith.

Miss Myrla Lowe visited at the home of her parents near Kenton, from Wednesday night until Monday.

Miss Hazel Schultz was a guest at the home of her uncle, F. J. Schultz, in Marion a few days last week.

Miss Pearl Crim and little nephew Paul Berry, of Akron, visited at the G. W. Crim home from Thursday until Sunday.

Mrs. C. D. Hudson was a Marion visitor Friday.

Mrs. Alice Newcomb returned home, Friday evening, after a month's visit with relatives in Indiana.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Morral entertained Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Shoots and daughters, Hazel and Marguerite, and Miss Avah Morral, of Brush Ridge; Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Dennis, and Mrs. Sarah Bibler, Thursday.

Miss Edith Sherwood, of Plain City, spent last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs A. Sherwood.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Baldwin and family spent Thanksgiving with Samuel McWherter and family near Marion.

Dr. and Mrs. Klein, of Cleveland, spent a few days with relatives here last week

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Pearl Parker last Wednesday.

Mrs. E. Bender and Miss Mildred Washburn, of Upper Sandusky, were guests at the O. Washburn home several days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Forrest and daughter, Harriet of Toledo, spent Thursday and Friday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Welsh.

William Baldwin, Harold Schultz and Ola London attended a party at the home of Miss Avah Morral, north of Marion, Friday evening. The affair was in honor of Misses Hazel and Marguerite Shoots, who were at home for a few days vacation from Wooster college.

Milo Payne, of Elyria, was a guest at the home of his uncle, S. B. Creasap, last week.

Miss Irene Miller, of Marion, visited Miss Pearl Crim Saturday night and Sunday

S. M. Stouffer and son, Dwight, who recently returned from Florida, visited Mr. Stouffer's parents and other friends Saturday night and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Sutton and family, of LaRue, spent Thanksgiving with Mrs. Sutton's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Cook.

Miss Gladys Guthery, primary teacher of the local schools, is ill at her home near Marseilles and her position is being filled by Miss Hazel Schultz.

Miss Mary Fish returned Monday morning after spending Thanksgiving with her parents at Green Camp.

Henry Belt, who lived on a farm north of Morral, moved his family to Marion last week. Oscar Giles and family of Upper Sandusky moved onto the farm vacated by Mr. Belt.

Mrs. Margaret Cochrun, of Galloway, visited at the home of her son, Thomas Cochrun, several days last week.

Mrs. Harry Messenger was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Charles Smeltzer, near Marion Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Cook and sons, Karl and Harold, spent Thanksgiving with Mrs. Cook's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Clinger.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Hartman and daughter, Mildred, spent several days last week with Mrs. Hartman's parents near Forest.

Mrs. Ethel Lehman and little child, of Mt. Victory, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Cook last week.

Mrs. A. Baldwin and son, Robert, visited relatives at Upper Sandusky last week.

Miss Helen and Grace Bardon spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of their uncle, J. H. TenEick, of Marion.

Mrs. George Drake and little niece, Alfreda McWherter, returned home Sunday evening, after a short visit with Marion friends.

Ruth Newland near Harpster, visited at the homes of S. C. Baker and Perry Alkire from Thursday until Monday evening.

Miss Bessie Hindman, of Marion, and Mrs. Frank Hindman, of Waldo, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. L. McCumber. Mrs. M. Hindman is also spending the week at the McCumber home.

LITTLE PICKINGS OF SOME NEWS VALUE

People Visit Prospect and Vicinity During Week.

Prospect, O., Dec. 7.—[Special.]—Rev. L. H. Hurrelbrink, pastor of St. Paul's Lutheran church, was the guest of a sister in Toledo several days last week.

Ernest Cox, of Akron, spent Thursday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Cox.

Miss Pauline Cellars, engaged in teaching at Mon Clova, near Toledo, spent the Thanksgiving vacation with her mother, Mrs. T. J. Cellars.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Canouse spent Wednesday and Thursday at Carey, where they attended the funeral of a relative.

Misses Glenna and Luma Flack spent Friday and Saturday with relatives in Marion.

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Herbster and children, Annetta and Bennie, spent several days last week with Mrs. Floyd Freeman at North Lewisburg.

Harry Curl returned Thursday from an extended trip through the West.

Mrs. Addie English spent Saturday and Sunday with her son, Earl English, in Columbus.

Mrs. Elizabeth Drake, Mr. and Mrs. B. D. Hord, Mr. and Mrs. George Fritch, of Marion, were the guests of Mrs. D. P. Hord, south of town, last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Filiatrault and Mrs. E. E. Wottring spent Thursday with relatives in Marion.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pace and daughter, Elizabeth, of Toledo, visited from Wednesday till Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Harshbarger.

Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Drake spent Thursday and Friday with relatives at Cardington.

Albert Weiser, of the Capital university, in Columbus, was the guest of his aunt, Mrs. Catharine Cope, Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. C. E. Selanders was hostess to the Woman's Missionary society of the M. E. church, Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. R. T. Pace and daughter, Evalyn of Cleveland, were the guests of her mother, Mrs. George Johnson, from Tuesday till Sunday.

Joseph Cratty, of Columbus, was the guest of John Brookins and other relatives here last week.

Dr. and Mrs. Jesse Hunter and sons, Roland and Vail, of Columbus; Mrs. E. S. McNabb and daughter, Margaret, and Miss Ira Prouse, of Ashland, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Beavers, Sunday.

Mrs. Dio Dix was given a miscellaneous shower at her home on Water street, Tuesday evening, by members of the Entre Nous club.

Dr. and Mrs. R. H. Finefrock and daughter, Mary; Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Sauer, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Selanders and Miss Millicent Biggerstaff were entertained at the home of Frank Hazen on the boundary road last Thursday.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies' society of St. Paul's Lutheran church was held at the home of Mrs. G. F. Gast, Wednesday evening. A nice program was rendered.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Gill, of Marion, spent Sunday at the home of John Ludwig.

Joseph Sauer, Miss Christina Sauer, Mrs. Leonard Harmon and daughter, Ruth; Mr. and Mrs. Joel Dill and little daughter were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Sauer in Washington C. H., Thanksgiving.

Miss Atlanta Young visited from Thursday till Monday with relatives in Columbus.

YOUNG PEOPLE ARE JOINED IN MARRIAGE

Miss Balie Fern Mitchell and Mr. Frank Little.

Miss Balie Fern Mitchell and Frank Little were united in marriage at the home of Rev. J. P. Currin, on Vine street, Wednesday afternoon about 5 o'clock.

The young people will make their future home on Cherry street.

Only 14 More Shopping Days Till Xmas.

The Warner Edwards Co

Only 14 More Shopping Days Till Xmas

Visit Our "CHRISTMAS BAZAAR" for Pretty Gifts.

Come Tomorrow or Saturday

This is the ideal buying time—near enough to Christmas to make a selection from a complete stock, yet far enough away from the final rush for easy buying. Two kinds of merchandise will be in prominence—articles just right for gifts and, mingled with them, many things folks will buy for immediate winter wear.

Blankets and Comforts

One case of heavy fleeced Cotton Blankets, gray with colored borders, 59c.

Extra large Blankets at the price of $1.00.

Heavy Plaid Blankets in woolly fleeced finish at $2.25.

Knit Underwear

Heavy fleece lined Union Suits in cream and white, exceptional value, 50c.

Two-piece "Alliance" underwear, silk finished, at the special price of 39c each.

Christmas Gifts

Any number of gift-things to choose from. A trip through the store will suggest many novelties.

Fur Coats and Plush For Xmas

From a great coat stock we select this "Printzess" plush coat as an ideal value.

It is an effective model, in handsome, glossy, black plush, full satin lined. Cut full length and priced at only $22.50.

We purchased these special so you can realize they are worth much more.

Velour Coats—New models of fine velour in stylish models, with sailor collar and large revers, trimmed with braid, at $45.00 and $50.00.

Other Coats—A dozen styles in serges, double-faced cloth and novelty mixtures, at $8.75 to $22.50.

JOHN FOSNAUGH IS A CALLER AT POLICE COURT

Wants To Know the Charge Against His Wife.

FINDS THAT WOMAN IS NOT IN TROUBLE

Fosnaugh Claims His Wife Tells Him She Is Arrested and Obliged To Pay a Fine to the Mayor—The City Prison Is Empty Thursday—Police Court Notes.

A peculiar method for a woman to extort money from her husband was brought to light Thursday, when John Fosnaugh called at police headquarters and inquired of the chief and mayor what the nature of the charge was against his wife. Neither the chief nor the mayor knew the caller, and as no women have been arrested lately, they were safe in assuring the man that his wife had not been arrested.

The mayor decided to learn some of the circumstances in the case and, after securing the caller's name, asked what his wife had been arrested for. Fosnaugh stated that his wife informed him that she was arrested, Wednesday afternoon, by Officer Cusick for fighting with a girl whom she said insulted her. She also told him that she had paid a fine to the mayor. The mayor informed Fosnaugh that his wife had not been arrested and had not paid a fine. On receiving this information, Fosnaugh smiled. He stated that that was what he wanted to find out, and left the office.

The mayor and chief believe that Fosnaugh's wife used this method to get money from her husband.

Edward Heighland reported to the police, Thursday, that an attempt was made to hold up his son, Lester, aged fourteen years, while the latter was enroute home, shortly after 8 o'clock Wednesday evening. The boy lives at No. 768 north Main street, and works at a grocery on Bennett street.

Tuesday evening he was approached by a fellow on Fairground street, and was asked if he had any money. When the lad replied that he did not, he was not molested. Wednesday evening he was again approached and struck in the chest. His assailant grabbed him by the coat, but he broke loose and got away. He described his assailant as being a young fellow, about five feet and eight inches tall, who wore a light overcoat. The police are making an investigaton, having a slight clue to the guilty party.

GREEN CAMP NOTES OF THE PAST WEEK

People Entertained at Homes at the Village.

Green Camp, O., Dec. 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. Jane Hogan visited last week with Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Carmine in Mansfield.

John Ruth, a Delaware student, spent Thanksgiving with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Ruth, on the Marion and Green Camp pike.

S. Bear and daughter, Geradine, and Miss Carrie Winnek, of Marion, were Thanksgiving guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Patten.

Mrs. Jennie Stoll, of Marion, spent a few days last week as the guest of Mrs. D. H. Porter.

James Fletcher left last Tuesday for Redlands, California, where he will spend the winter with his daughter, Mrs. Meda Lingle.

Mrs. J. B. Berry pleasantly entertained the Misses Madaline Debolt, Inez Lanius and Ruth Porter in honor of Miss Annie Hoyt, of Marshall, Michigan, Tuesday evening. The hours were swiftly passed with games and music.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. McNamar spent Thanksgiving with relatives and friends at Westerville.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Nebergall and sons, of Marion, and Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Berry were Thanksgiving guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Court at their home near town.

Rev. and Mrs. H. H. Hoyt and Miss Annie Hoyt were pleasantly entertained, Thanksgiving, at the beautiful country home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Uncapher.

Mrs. Bessie Burnhart, of Columbus, visited friends here a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Somers and daughter, Helen, of North Baltimore, were Thanksgiving guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Morris.

Miss Madaline Debolt gave a pleasant evening for the members of her Sunday-school class at her home last Friday evening.

Miss Rachel Burson, of Carey, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Savidge.

Miss Briggie Moloney was a Bucyrus visitor last week.

Mr. and Mrs. William Bunting, of Zanesville, are visitors at the W. B. Leach home.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kinnemon and baby, of near Caledonia, visited at J. B. Patten home, Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Brobeck and family, of Marion, spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Ritzler.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Somerlot, Mr. and Mrs. George Hedges and family and Mr. and Mrs. Ira Hedges enjoyed a pleasant Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. Ray Hedges near Owens.

Mrs. Phrona Stoffer, of Marion, was a visitor here last week.

Merle Gambrill, of Grand Rapids, Michigan, was here for Thanksgiving.

REAL ESTATE.

B. F. Ackley to Albert C. Lust, eighty acres in Pleasant township, $8,800.

Charles J. Bever to Callie Hipple, part of two lots in Marion, $1,500.

Margaret Diebold to Rose Shoemaker and others, part of lot in Marion, one dollar.

Mary Dent to Frank J. Harruff, lot in Marion, $400.

William E. Denman to Elva Melvin, twenty-five acres in Bowling Green township, $1,500.

Frank L. King to John B. Gunder and others, two lots in Marion, one dollar.

Samuel Kraner to George W. King lot in Marion, $9,000.

Ida N. Knause to Hattie Bailey and others, part of lot in LaRue $800.

George W. King to The Marion County Telephone company, lot in Marion, $9,000.

Ambrose Ogan to Mary Peuse and others, part of two lots in Marion, $3,800.

Michael Jacoby to Julius S. Eberforty acres in Richland township $3,100.

George A. Starner to Gaylo Hedges, part of lot in Marion $1,450.

George F. Stallsmith to John Ryan, eighty-four acres in Bowling Green, one dollar.

Benjamin Waddel to George Stewart, part of two lots in Marion one dollar.

Ambrose Ogan to Zerelda Ogan, part of lot in Marion, $10.

Henry Stauffer to Grace M. Montgomery, two lots in Marion, $1,200

Alice Wintringham and others to David Vestal, one-quarter acre in Marion, $800.

NEW BUCKEYE ELECTRIC LINE

Will Run from City of Columbus to Findlay.

Columbus, O., Dec. 7.—A new electric line from Columbus, through Delaware, Union, Hardin, and Hancock counties, to Findlay, connecting there with the Toledo, Bowling Green and Southern railway for a direct electric route to Toledo, was proposed today by the Columbus, Urbana & Western Electric railway in its request of the public utilities commission for permission to issue $5,500,000 in bonds and $3,000 in additional common stock to finance the project.

The new road would mean a saving of 100 miles between Columbus and Findlay. The only electric railway route now available is via Springfield, Urbana and Lima.

The company also proposes to build an extension of thirty miles from Wapakoneta to Kenton and buy up the present line of the Wapakoneta and Kenton Traction company. It is expected in railroad circles that the commission will grant the request.

OBITUARY.

Williams—Bertha Viola, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Wesley Williams, aged four years, departed this life at the family residence on Gaither avenue, November 22. Death was due to diphtheria and came after an illness of four days. The body was laid to rest in the Green Camp cemetery. A brief service was held at the grave, conducted by Rev. W. Wynn.

But the busy musical director has plenty of time.

"MANHATTAN"—The Quality Store.

NEVER BEFORE

Has just such an opportunity presented itself to you.

Never before have you had the opportunity to buy high-class dependable Clothing and Trimmings at COST and LESS at heighth of the season. Marion's representative Clothing stock at your mercy, because

WE ARE GOING OUT OF BUSINESS.

DON'T WAIT TOO LONG.

THE MANHATTAN.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

FEDERAL SOLONS AGAIN ASSEMBLE

Winter Session of Congress Is Convened Today.

FEDERAL CAPITAL SCENE OF ACTIVITY

And All Washington Is in Gala Attire.

Champ Clark Calls Members of the House to Order at the Noon Hour, While Vice President Sherman Performs Similar Office in Senate. President Is Notified That Congress Awaits His Message.

Washington, Dec. 4.—With the thump of an ivory-handled gavel in the good right hand of Speaker Champ Clark and the polite tapping of his desk by Vice President Sherman, the first session of the sixty-second congress opened for business at precisely 12 o'clock today.

Galleries were, as usual, filled to the limit with spectators. Feminine relatives of the members and lights of society made a resplendent display of the latest in winter fashions, gay gowns provided especially for this occasion and for society functions to follow. About eighty-five per cent. of the members observed the custom of statesmen by wearing brand new suits.

For Washington it was the annual gala day, second only to inauguration day, and the townspeople awakening from the lethargy of vacation time. Hotels and roominghouses have been for weeks in a disordered state from the activities of plumbers, paper-hangers, painters and scrub-women. The approaching arrival of nearly 500 statesmen, an army of employes and the crowd of smooth-looking gentlemen in constant attendance throughout sessions of congress, behoved the commercial hosts to make alluring the quarters for prospective guests.

Exchange of Greetings.

On the floors of the senate and house, members were busy shaking hands with one another and felicitating their friends and other survivors of the torrid special session of last summer. In striking contrast to the reunion of a year ago, there was an absence of gloom. Then, it was, that about 125 members of the senate and house came from the November battles, wherein they were shot from their perches in the halls of fame. Today they were in aerial spirits, beaming and cheerful. Later scores of them will prance through the stately halls of the capitol with wrinkled brows and nerves on edge as they look forward to the elections of next year. Records made during the session will boost or blast the ambitions of all the members of the house and of thirty-one senators who will be returned or dropped out by the sovereign citizen when he goes to the polls next November.

In the House.

Confronted with the weightiest questions of public policy, the Democratic house of representatives met to prepare itself for what promises to be one of the most important sessions of congress in the last half-century.

With a prospective candidate for the presidency, Champ Clark, at the speaker's desk, the house came to order at noon, the floor filled with a fair attendance of both Democratic and Republican members. The right side of the center aisle, where the Democrats sit, was well filled, and the Republican side of the house was besprinkled with members of the minority.

The whole house settled down to business, despite the evident formality of the occasion, with a seemingly deep regard for the session's prospects. With the tariff legislation and the anti-trust law widely agitated, a strenuous session for the lower body of the national legislature is assumed.

The Old Party Leader.

Minority Leader "Jim" Mann, of Illinois, took his place at the left of the dividing center aisle without ostentation, but a serious air that betokened trouble from the majority. Mann carried his usual bundle of documents, bills and reports, and he indicated his usual attitude, a feeling of disdain for the Democratic side.

Crowded galleries greeted Champ Clark with a round of applause as he ascended the rostrum to call the first meeting of the session to order. He bowed to the right and left, nodding pleasantly to his friends on the floor as he pounded the marble desk with his gavel.

A hush fell over the chamber as the chaplain of the house, the Rev. Henry N. Couden, arose to pray. As the blind chaplain implored the blessing of the Almighty upon the gathering, its accomplishments and its aims, a hush fell upon the crowd.

At the conclusion of the prayer, Speaker Clark arose in his place. The babble of whispers that followed the Chaplain's prayer was silenced as he announced:

Roll Is Called.

"The clerk will call the roll of the states to ascertain the presence of a quorum."

Then the whispered murmur broke forth again as the clerk began the lengthy proceeding of calling the roll by states. The roll disclosed the presence of a quorum, and the new members of the house chosen at the fall election, were sworn in. The clerk was instructed to inform the senate that the house was in session, and a committee was appointed to join the Senate committee in notifying the President that congress had assembled.

Thereupon the house, out of respect to the memory of the late Representative Madison, of Kansas, adjourned.

In the Senate.

On the dot of 12 o'clock, Vice-President Sherman, immaculately dressed, entered at a door beside the elevated chair and desk at his official station and a moment later, tapped for order. Senators arose for prayer, the first number on the program, by the chaplain of the senate, Rev. Ulysses G. B. Pierce, pastor of the church of which President Taft is a member.

Vice-President Sherman directed the Secratary to call the roll. At the close, a number of members arose to explain the absence of missing colleagues. Sherman announced that a quorum was present.

Then came the business of appointing two senators, to act with a committee of the house, in informing President Taft that a quorum of both houses was assembled and that "congress is ready to receive any communication he may be pleased to make." The secretary was directed to notify the house that a quorum of the senate had assembled and was ready for business.

The senate adjourned at 12:20 until 2 p. m. Tuesday. The house adjourned at 2:25 o'clock.

DRAGGED THROUGH TOWN BY WHISKERS

Bellefontaine, O., Dec. 4.—The constable of East Liberty nearly lost his life when a man, crazed with drink, grabbed his whiskers and dragged him through town. The constable was rescued by the sheriff.

ADMINISTRATION SHOWS ECONOMY

Will Save $21,283,921.43 Next Fiscal Year,

JUDGING BY SIZE OF APPROPRIATION

Asked for the Running of the Government.

Biggest Saving Is in the Matter of Public Works—Slight Decrease in Amount To Be Paid Out in Pensions—Military Demands About the Same—More Is Needed To Run Postoffice Department.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Evidences of Republican administrative economy were forwarded to the Democratic house today when the treasury department submitted estimates for running the government the next fiscal year, with an apparent saving of $21,283,921.43, compared with the amount appropriated for 1912. The total amount is $745,834,563. This does not include $260,000,000 to be expended from postoffice department revenues. The greatest decrease is shown in the estimates for public works, cut from $122,040,060 to $100,716,701.

Decreases are shown in the estimates for pensions, the conduct of the executive establishment, and the department of agriculture. These are just balanced by substantial increases asked for both the military and naval establishments.

Included the Canal.

Under the military establishment $45,560,000 is estimated for work on the Panama canal, an increase of nearly $4,000,000.

Secretary of the Navy Meyers' estimates propose to continue the two battleship naval program, although the total is $1,000,000 less than this year's appropriations.

The appropriation of $29,160,438 is proposed for improvement of rivers and harbors.

Postmaster General Hitchcock estimates that it will cost him $260,938,163 to run Uncle Sam's postal service next year, or about $2,500,000 more than the department expended this year.

WETS GAIN PERRY LAST SATURDAY

Southern Ohio County Reverses Itself on Liquor Problem.

New Lexington, O., Dec. 4.—Perry county joined the ranks of the wets by a majority of 633, reversing a dry majority of 893 three years ago, when 56 saloons were voted out. Every municipality in the county save two went wet, these two being Thornville and Crooksville, both of which are dry under the Beal law. The wets cast 3,482 votes and the drys 2,209. The only majorities secured by the drys were in the rural districts. The wettest spots were the villages in the southern end of the county, which are in the mining district.

Sponges are great germ collectors. They should be frequently scalded.

ROCKEFELLER IS OUT OF STANDARD

So Far as Managerial Policy Is Concerned.

QUITS PRESIDENCY AND DIRECTORATE

John D. Archbold Is the New President.

Shake-Up Is Also Pulled Off in the Standard Oil Company of New York—William Rockefeller Resigns as President and Is Succeeded by H. C. Folger, Jr.—The Officers Chosen by Companies.

New York, Dec. 4.—At a special meeting of the directors of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, held today, John D. Rockefeller resigned both as president and a director.

The following resignations were also announced:

H. M. Flagler, as director; William Rockefeller, as vice president and director; John D. Archbold, as vice president; C. M. Pratt, as vice president; H. C. Folger, Jr., as secretary, assistant treasurer and director; L. J. Drake, as director; William G. Rockefeller, as assistant treasurer.

The board was reduced from fourteen to nine and the following officers elected to take the places of those who resigned:

President, John D. Archbold; vice presidents, A. C. Bedford and W. C. Teagle. F. H. Bedford was elected a director. The officers of the company and directors now are:

J. D. Archbold, president; J. A. Moffett, vice president; A. C. Bedford, vice president and treasurer; W. C. Teagle, vice president, and C. M. Pratt, C. W. Harkness, O. T. Waring, F. H. Bedford and Walter Jennings, directors. Frank A. Wilson becomes assistant treasurer, and Charles T. White was chosen secretary.

Standard of New York.

At a special meeting of the Standard Oil Company of New York, William Rockefeller resigned as president and director; J. D. Archbold, as vice president and director; H. C. Folger, Jr., as vice president, and C. M. Pratt, J. A. Moffett, A. C. Bedford, L. J. Drake and W. C. Teagle as directors; William G. Rockefeller, as treasurer; Frank Wilson, as secretary, and Charles T. White, as assistant secretary.

The following officers and directors were elected to take the places of those who resigned:

H. C. Folger, Jr., president; H. L. Pratt, vice president and director; W. E. Bemis, vice president and director; R. C. Veit, secretary, and W. T. King, H. A. McGee, C. M. Higgins and James Donald, as directors; R. P. Tinskey, treasurer, and W. J. Higgs, assistant secretary.

The men holding office or directorship in the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey as it was organized previously, have resigned from the boards of the various former subsidiary companies on which they may have been serving. The appointment of their successors will be made at the next meeting of the companies in question.

TWO LINEMEN ARE INSTANTLY KILLED

When a Speeder Used by Them Is Hit by Flyer.

Sandusky, O., Dec. 4.—Frank A. Shoults and James E. Schroll, Lake Shore linemen, were instantly killed and their bodies ground to tragments today when a small electric speeder on which they were riding was struck by the Pittsburgh and Buffalo flyer. A blinding snow storm prevented the men from seeing the approaching train.

Poverty is no disgrace—if your credit's good.

GOMPERS' VIEWS ON M'NAMARA CASE

SAMUEL GOMPERS

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, interviewed on the McNamara case, said:—

"Labor was grossly deceived. The assumption is that the labor unions will suffer as a result of the confession, but I don't think they will, even if it does them but little good. We stand for evolution rather than revolution; we stand for peace and the uplift of man rather than violence and brutality."

BOILER LETS GO; FIVE ARE KILLED

Steamboat Wrecked Five Miles Below Pittsburgh.

EIGHT THRILLING RESCUES MADE

Master Among Those Hurled into Eternity.

Steamer Diamond Is Blown Up at Entrance to Davis Island Dam in Ohio River—Body of One Victim Is Found in Barge—Two of the Wounded May Not Survive Their Injuries.

Pittsburg, Pa., Dec. 4.—When the steamer Diamond was blown to pieces by a boiler explosion in the Ohio river near Davis Island dam, five miles below this city, five men, including the master of the vessel, were killed, two more injured, and eight were rescued in a thrilling manner.

The dead: Captain Edward Swaney, master of the vessel, of this city; James Friel, deckhand, of Hazelwood, body recovered from a barge into which it was blown; Thomas Cunningham, fireman, of this city; Thomas Mershon, engineer of the vessel, of Hazelwood; Joseph Hagen, fireman, of this city.

The injured: Charles Hays, pilot, badly burned and crushed; Ben Williams, mate, scalded and burned.

Captain Swaney was 44 years old and leaves a widow and eight children.

Only one body has been recovered, a victim who was hurled into a barge that was being towed up stream. The others are lost in the tangled iron and timbers of the vessel, which sank almost immediately in midstream. The fact that many members of the crew were asleep above decks prevented all hands from being lost in the disaster, which was one of the worst in the history of the Pittsburg harbor.

Divers Hard at Work.

Divers and an army of rivermen are working frantically to locate his body and those of three others. Hays and Williams suffered terrible injuries and both are expected to die.

Heroic efforts on the part of the crew on the towboat Alice resulted in the rescue of the other eight members of the crew. The Diamond, which was owned by the Diamond Coal company, took a tow of coal boats to East Liverpool. She was returning up stream when the disaster occurred.

Under a slow head of steam the vessel was preparing to enter the locks at the dam when there came a terrific explosion and the forward part raised high in the waters. Giant timbers snapped like matchwood and were sent flying out into the river. Almost immediately the diamond began to sink.

The Alice proceeded at once for midstream and the crew started in lifeboats for the demolished steamboat. High above the decks, almost naked, were eight of the survivors signalling for help. Snow was falling heavily and almost blinded the men in the smaller boats.

The eight were taken off with much difficulty, and the body of Friel was found in a barge at the stern of the boat. Hays and Williams also were taken off and rushed to the Alice. Later the two injured men were taken to Bellevue hospital.

WOULD NOT FIGHT.

By William T. Ellis.

The International Sunday-School Lesson for December 10 Is "Nehemiah and His Enemies." Nehemiah 6.

It is an odd man who will not run to a dog-fight. Contests allure the normal man. Politics are usually passive until a real row is started. The foot-ball games of a few days ago had a much larger attendance than the Thanksgiving preaching services. All the world loves a warrior. That is why we come with new zest to this sparkling story of old Nehemiah, who was what Kipling calls "a first-class fighting man."

The real fighter is not the one who is forever squabbling. Noisy contention is far removed from real conflict. The blustering boaster is seldom the man with many nicks in his rifle stock, to borrow a figure from pioneer days. The militant apostle, Paul, declared that he fought with the beasts at Ephesus—but he did not stop to fight with every yellow dog that barked at his heels. Nehemiah could fight like a hero, but equally like a hero, he could abstain from fighting when a pack of petty, conspiring squabblers tried to entice him from his real work.

Here was a great man, the builder of a city, a King's Counsellor, a proved leader of men, who did not hesitate to 'take a dare.' When the enemy said,—"Come on down and talk with us," he reply was, "I am doing a great work, I am too busy to come down," from this man, who knew how to keep first things first. Well it is for society, in every such troubled time as that which Jerusalem underwent in the days of Nehemiah, if it has a leader who can reserve his powers for their best use.

An Old Labor Question.

Every big work is beset by many complications, small and large. The labor question arose with Nehemiah during the project of rebuilding the walls of Jerusalem. The poor people had been obliged to mortgage their little farms and vineyards, that they might share in this work. The rich were profiting by the extremity of the poor, and were devouring their land. Say what we may about the labor quesiton, the fact remains that the burden of all social problems falls heaviest upon the working man. Statesmen may decree war without losing an hour's sleep, but it is the working man who furnishes the food for powder. Hard times come, and it is the toiler of small income who first feels their pinch. Patriotism costs the common people most, and, yet it is the common people who are the most instant in patriotism. The rich man may grow richer out of army contracts and quickened markets, but the burden of every social crisis comes first and heaviest upon the shoulders of the one who works.

In Nehemiah's day, the problem was up to the nobles who had devoured the land of the toilers. Nehemiah went at them man-fashion, and with the straight talk of the devout patriot, made them see their sin, and called upon them to repent. He compelled them to restore to the people the lands they had seized, and he would not let them go until they had taken a vow to that effect. The upshot was that this experience in social justice was followed by a religious revival, which is a principle that works both ways Where there is justice between man and man, there is likely to be a free entrance for religious truths. Where there is genuine quickening of religious interest, there is certain to follow social justice.

A Model Ruler.

China has been in terrible convulsions in an endeavor to get rid of graft. That patient nation had been exploited for centuries by the official classes, and the rights of the people were entirely overlooked. Now in a social cataclysm, China is seeking to obtain self purification. The same sort of graft problems which we would like to call purely Oriental, were they not so evidently in existence in America, awaited Nehemiah. He found the servants of the officials behaving as masters of the people. The Old Testament picture is quite a good portrait of the average city policeman, who thinks himself a master of the masses rather than a servant of the public. All this Nehemiah vigorously eliminated from the religious motive "because of the fear of God." He taught the people to deal honorably and fraternally. It takes a high motive to transform even petty conditions. We will never get clean politics in America until the people as a whole are animated by the fear of Jehovah.

Three Wily Foes.

There were certain vested interests that were hurt by the excess of public spirit in Jerusalem. They did not want the walls rebuilt, nor the people's patriotism aroused. They were not equal to a frontal attack, because Nehemiah knew how to fight as well as how to build; so they tried the ancient ruse of deverting the builders from the real issue. Let us remember, whenever tempted to turn aside from our true work to engage in controversy, that perhaps it is an enticement like that of Sanballet, Tobiah and Geshem, Nehemiah's ancient enemies. Their plan was expressed in their message—"Come, let us meet together in one of the villages in the plain of Ono." Four times this polite invitation to conference was sent to Nehemiah.

Pity the issue that goes into the realm of perpetual palaver. Talk is the handmaiden of every doubtful project that beguiles mankind; the first asset of all the fraudulent schemes that prey upon the people's purse is "a good line of talk." Delay in discussion always serves the guilty. Principles cease too be clear and purpose become clouded, when there is prolonged conference, which the Chinese call "talkee-talkee." There are some subjects which belong outsire of the range of discussion. "Right is right, since God is God." Wise is the man who will not go down to the plain Ono to hold a conference with evil. In the first place, it never pays to stop work for a quarrel. It may be laid down as a rule that every quarrel is bad which interferes with work. Often, as in the case of Nehemiah's enemies, their motive is this stoppage of activity.

One may go a step further and say that there can be even too much of religious conventions. In some quarters, the idea of a religious worker is of a person who is so busy going to conferences and conventions that he has no time for real work.

Straight Talk to Conspirators.

Worthy of being memorized is the mighty answer of Nehemiah to all enticements, "I am doing a great work, so that I can not come down; why should work cease, whilst I leave it, to come down to you." That is sanity of judgment. He with clear eyes saw to the heart of the purpose. Continuance in work was a better weapon for Nehemiah than any amount of plausible speech. He went straight to the center of the issue. The man of direct words and straight conduct is the safest, surest and most successful. He can not easily be trapped.

The three conspirators next cooked up a charge that the Jews were building the wall in order to rebel against the Persian king. They tried to impeach Nehemiah's loyalty. "Now," said they, "will you come and talk it over with us?"

"There are no such things done as thou sayest, but thou hast fancied them out of thine own heart," replied Nehemiah. Those were "straight-firing words and few," spoken man-fashion. Before that clear and direct state of mind, the sinuosities of conspirators falls down.

The Hireling Prophets.

Somebody has said that a few enemies are good for a man to keep him mentally alert. There was no danger of Nehemiah becoming sleepy-headed. He found foes in the most unexpected quarters. In the temple, itself, a prophet bade him flee to the sanctuary lest his enemies slay him. Again came the Nehemiah-like answer—"Should such a man as I flee, and who is there that, being such as I, would go into the temple to save his life? I will not go in." There was no scaring or beguiling that man. His purpose was pure; his object was plain; his work was at his hand; he could not be enticed or browbeaten. By that very suggestion, he knew the prophet to be a traitor and a hireling in the pay of his enemies.

What shall we say of the preacher who perverts his high office? I met one the other day at a railway station on the border between Virginia and Tennessee. His distinction is that he has married more than four thousand couples. He runs a little hotel and meets all trains looking for possible business in the matrimonial line. Instead of counselling hasty young people, who are running away from home, to return to their senses and families, he exploits them for the sake of a few miserable dollars. His conduct has been a reproach upon the ministry of two states, but the best the clergy could do to stop this abuse is to have the man kept away from the station platform where he used to solicit business. Now he must stand on the sidewalks among the hack-drivers and porters.

This is only one form of perversion of the most sacred of callings. There are ministers who loan their names to the brewing interests, and to shady financial schemes, and others, who, for the sake of personal advantage, will defend corrupt politicians. Of them, we can only say, as did Nehemiah, that the Lord will remember them, and deal justly with them.

Doing the Job.

"Creation's cry goes up on high from
age to cheated age,
God send the man who does the work
for which he draws the wage,"

cried Kipling. The work is the thing. The final test of all discussions and conflicts is the state of the work. The vindication of Nehemiah lies in the remark, "and so the wall was finished." He did the job in spite of all foes. In that completed task, the nations saw the hand of God. The conspirators fell back baffled. The people exulted in new safety and in new unity. Nehemiah did his work. That is the last word concerning any man's success.

THE GOVERNMENT IS TO RAISE HORSES

That's the Report Which Comes from New York City.

New York, Dec. 4.—According to well informed horsemen, James R. Keene is negotiating with the government to sell all his stallions and brood mares to the war department for breeding cavalry mounts. With the sale of his Castleton stud in Kentucky, Keene is without a home in America for his horses, and he does not desire to ship them to England. Among the great stallions he desires to sell are Disguise, Votor, Peter Pan, Hippodrome, Ben Brush, Kingston and Celt. There are sixty-five brood mares in the lot.

In warm weather rubber sandals are apt to stetch if they are hung up by the strap at the back. To obviate this, keep them in a box on the floor, or hang them on a nail or hook by the stap that fits over the ankle. A good plan is to have a wall bag made and fitted with pockets in which to slip the overshoes after wearing.

Lying comes as natural to some people as getting married does to an actress.

Out goes the Staple Merchandise at very low prices to make room for

Christmas Toys

Weather Strips, per foot..... 2c
Snow Shovels, each 25c
Boys' Sleds and Coasters,
.....25c. 50c. 75c and $1.00
Girls' Sleds, each
.....25c. 50c. 75c and $1.00
Box Sleighs for babies.....$2.25
Skates for boys and girls,
per pair 75c
Ham's Tubular Lanterns.....45c
Ham's Cold Blast Lanterns...85c
Canvas Gloves,..3 pairs for 25c
Leather Palm Mittens,
per pair 25c
Boys' Leather Mittens,
per pair 15c
Children's Knit Mittens,
per pair.....10c, 15c and 25c
Jersey Leggings,
per pair.... .45c, 50c and 75c
Cotton Blankets, per pair....50c
Comforts, each $1.00
We save you money on all winter goods.

THE ARK.
Cor. Main and Church Sts.

COMPLEXION OF THIS CONGRESS

Forty-Nine Republicans and Forty-Two Democrats

AND ONE VACANCY IN UPPER HOUSE

Democrats Have Big Majority in the House.

There Are 227 of Them, 161 Republicans, One Socialist, One Independent and One Vacancy, It Being the Seventh District in Kansas. Little Expected from the Present Session of Congress.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The first regular session of the Sixty-second congress convened today noon. As far as the senate was concerned, the opening was purely perfunctory, but in the house there is a possibility that Martin W. Littleton before the day is over will deliver a promised speech on a question of personal privilege.

Mr. Littleton, who is a member of the special committee of inquiry into the United States Steel corporation will attack Henry B. Martin, secretary of the so-called Anti-Trust league, charging that Martin has deceived the committee as to his purpose in agitating the investigation and is in league with David Lamar, a bear broker in Wall street, to depress United States Steel stock.

Both houses appointed committees to call upon the president and notify him that congress is in session.

What Experts See.

The emphasis laid by the average senator and representative on the political aspects of the present session indicates to experienced observers that this is to be another "do nothing" congress so far as legislation is concerned. Western Republicans are going around inquiring earnestly if the east is giving serious consideration to the Roosevelt presidential boom. Republicans of the east, on the other hand, were making anxious inquiries as to political conditions in the west. All seemed to agree that "there is someting in the talk about Roosevelt," but most of the Republicans expect to see President Taft renominated by a large majority. As to the Democrats, they are more confused even than the Republicans. The race among the Democratic candidates for the presidential nomination at this time is pretty much of a dead heat.

This is the complexion at present of the Sixty-second congress:

Senate — Republicans, 49; Democrats, 42; one vacancy (Colorado).

House — Democrats, 227; Republicans, 161; Socialist, 1; independent, 1; vacancy, 1 (Seventh Kansas district).

FOUR HUNDRED HORSES KILLED

Suffocated in Early Morning Fire in Jersey City.

NIGHT WATCHMAN REPORTED MISSING

Loss Will Run Up to One Million Dollars.

Fire Occurs in the Main Building the United States Express Company—Under Control at 9 O'Clock. Many Families, Scantily-Clad, Are Driven Out of the Tenements Vicinity.

Jersey City, N. J., Dec. 4.—Seven hundred horses were suffocated in an early morning fire, which destroyed the United States Express company's main building here. All the records of the company, since its organization, were in the building and are believed to have been lost.

Fred Ockrey, a night watchman seen attending a sick horse on the second floor of the building, just before the fire broke out, is now believed to have lost his life. Firemen estimated the loss at $1,000,000. At 4 a. m. the fire was under control.

The fire routed many families from nearby tenements, and they were compelled to flee, scantily clad, to the snow-covered streets. About 100 horses were killed.

About 1,200 men and women were employed in the offices in the building and on the express wagons.

Death at Kenton.

Mrs. Rachael M. Beckman, a native of Iberia, died from the infirmities of age at her home in Kenton, Friday morning. She was the mother of William M. Beckman, who was the founder and for many years the owner of the Kenton News-Republican.

For a dainty and easily made dessert try slicing orange and sprinkling a layer of the fruit with grated or shredded fresh cocoanut. Let stand half an hour before serving. Sugar may be added if the orange are not sweet.

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ALEXANDER WINS IN LOS ANGELES

Harriman and Socialist Ticket Are Defeated.

THE WOMEN PROVE IMPORTANT FACTOR

More Vote in Proportion to Number Than Men.

They Also Vote Much More Rapidly. One Woman Dies as Result of Excitement Soon After Voting Good Government Ticket—Harriman's Chances Killed by Confession of McNamaras.

Los Angeles, Dec. 6.—The Socialist ticket, headed by Job Harriman, went down to defeat at the first municipal election in California at which women were permitted to exercise the right of franchise. The good government ticket, headed by George Alexander, was elected in its entirety by majorities ranging from 20,000 to 35,000.

The confessions of the McNamaras and the disclosures in connection with jury-bribing had much to do with the defeat of Harriman, who, although not directly involved, was one of the attorneys for the McNamaras and therefore lost followers when the disclosures came. But the women, after all, showed themselves the foes of Socialism. The vote cast, 140,880, was tremendous for Los Angeles.

Madame Caroline Severance, mother of women's clubs, and more than 90 years of age, was one of the early voters, casting a ballot for the first time after almost three-quarters of a century of struggle for suffrage, much of that time as a contemporary of Susan B. Anthony and others. "I am satisfied," said Madame Severance. "This is what I have lived for for years." Mrs. Ella C. Pease, 90, was carried to the polls.

Her Wish Granted.

Mrs. Louise Flaught, 71, died of heart trouble a few minutes after she voted. Before going to the polls she said to her three sons: "Let me vote once before I die." Her vote was against Socialism. When she returned home the excitement of it proved too much for her vitality.

An initiative ordinance providing for prohibition in the city is overwhelmingly defeated.

An ordinance providing for a municipal newspaper is believed to have carried by a small majority.

A huge vote was cast and women voters supplied the surprise of the day, voting faster than the men in many instances. Also a heavier percentage of the registered women vote is believed to have polled than of the men.

IS MURDERED IN ELEVATOR

Then Robbed of $10,000 Worth of Diamonds.

THE AWFUL FATE OF NEW YORK JEWELER

Later Endeavor Is Made To Burn Remains.

Body Is So Large That It Defies the Attempt—Janitor and Elevator Boy in Building in Which the Victim, Isador S. Vogel, Has His Offices, Placed Under Arrest by the Police.

New York, Dec. 6.—Murdered and robbed of diamonds valued at $10,000, the body of Isador S. Vogel, wealthy jeweler, was found today in the basement of a lofty building at No 125 Canal street. Efforts were made to destroy the body in the furnace, the police say.

Asher Schaps, the engineer of the building and Joseph Roberts, West Indian negro elevator boy, were arrested, but protested their innocence.

Vogel was fifty years old and heavily built. This fact alone, the police say, prevented his body from being completely burned in the furnace.

At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon Vogel delivered a package of watches to Jacob Schumackler, jeweler on the first floor of the building. Schumackler told the police Vogel carried thousands of dollars' worth of diamonds in his pockets. Schaps said he left the building at 9 o'clock last night.

Detectives found Vogel's watch in a coal bin. His pockets had been rifled.

A gold filigree fountain pen, blood-stained, was found in Roberts' pocket. He said he picked it up in the basement. He could not account to the satisfaction of the detectives for a two-stone diamond ring.

Schaps found Vogel's body in the ash pan under the furnace today. The elevator floor and iron latticing were blood stained.

RICH PACKERS BEFORE COURT

Plead Not Guilty to Charge of Government.

BEEF MEN CORNERED AFTER A LONG FIGHT

Have Evaded Capture in Jungle of Legal Points.

An Array of the Most Expensive Legal Talent in the Country Appears on Hand To Defend the So-Called "Beef Trust" Officials of Charges of Conspiracy in Restraint of Trade.

Chicago, Dec. 6.—In the presence of a crowd that taxed to the utmost every available inch of space in the court-room, the ten millionaire packers for whose prosecution Uncle Sam has been working for eight years, today formally pleaded not guilty to indictments charging criminal conspiracy in restraint of trade, and District Judge Carpenter began the preliminary processes to jury trial.

At the last moment, before the case was called, a rumor was current that the packers would withdraw their plea of not guilty and plead "nolo contendere." Such a report reached the district attorney's office and caused much speculation, but when the trial was called, Attorney Levi Mayer did not change the former plea of his clients.

Not All in Court.

There was no time lost after it became apparent that counsel for the packers were resigned to letting their clients go to trial. Attorney Miller announced that the defendants would personally each plead not guilty, but the government did not require that each arise and make that plea. As a matter of fact, not all the defendants were in the court-room when the trial started.

The formality of pleas completed, the routine work of examining veniremen was begun. Shortly after the questioning of veniremen began, all of the defendants had arrived in the court-room and taken seats near their counsel.

Great precaution was taken by court officers to prevent the photographing of the court-room, the defendants, or any of the scenes in connection with the legal battle.

Even the corridors were guarded, and at the doors to the federal building there were several policemen, who refused permission to newspaper photographers to wait for a chance to snap important figures in the trial.

This is a precaution not taken in Chicago since the sensational trial of John R. Walsh.

Great Legal Talent.

Chicago, Dec. 6.—Ten millionaire magnates of the packing business today answered before the bar of the United States circuit court for the northern district of illinois to the biggest of Uncle Sam's suits under the criminal section of the Sherman anti-trust law.

An array of the most expensive lawyers in the country was on hand to defend the beef barons of charges of conspiracy in restraint of trade as a penalty for which the government demands a term in jail.

Nearly eight years of legal maneuvering has been occupied in actually bringing the so-called "Beef Trust" to trial. Almost unremittingly since 1903, the department of justice has been encamped on its trail, but the beast has evaded capture in a jungle of legal obstacles, up until today.

Evasive Process.

The evasive process took counsel for the packers to the supreme court of the United States after an ineffectual effort to have Circuit Judge C. C. Kohlsaat assume jurisdiction by passing on the constitutionality of the penal section of the anti-trust law.

It was back in 1902 that the federal government first took a hand in interference with plans of the packing magnates. The dapartment of justice secured an injunction from Judge Peter S. Grosscup, of the federal court, restraining the packers from organizing a giant combine. This was issued February 18, and two days later an investigation was begun, almost identically the same alleged acts being under fire as were cited in the suit which opened today. The fruits of this investigation were indictments returned against sixteen packers, July 1. Six of the sixteen then named are among the ten defendants today, and they were held answerable to the same charges—combination in restraint of trade.

Hard-Fought Suit.

The suit was bitterly fought. Counsel for the packers pleaded immunity for their clients, on the ground that back in 1904 they had freely informed the government of the plans of combination while Commissioner of Corporations James R. Garfield was investigating the trust situation, and upon evidence they furnished, the government sought to incriminate them. Judge Humphrey agreed with them, and March 21, 1906, announced his famous "immunity bath" opinion—the same that caused the then President Roosevelt to announce his public disapproval and censure.

Baffled, the government rested for a couple of years, but made another ineffectual attempt to secure indictments in the early part of 1908. In 1909 the grand jury also probed the combine, but did not return indictments.

March 21, 1910, however, after the government had laid careful plans, the grand jury indicted the National Packing company and ten of its subsidiary concerns, on the ground that it was a combination in restraint of trade. Dissolution of the trust was demanded. This suit was under the civil section of the Sherman law.

On the ground that this indictment was faulty, Judge Kenesaw M. Landis, June 24, 1910, sustained the demurrer entered by the packers and dismissed the indictment. At the same time he directed another investigation by a specially-created grand jury, which July 24, began its labor. Probably no jury in the country went into a case in more detail than the twenty-three members to whom Judge Landis recommended investigation of the packers. More than 200 witnesses were examined. Some of them were brought from distant cities. Stormy scenes were enacted behind the closed doors of the jury-room, and August 11, the inquisitorial body sprang the first of its sensations by returning indictments charging perjury by Thomas G. Lee, manager of the dressed beef sales department of Armour & company, and alleging that Alfred R. Urion, chief counsel for the same company, had conspired to destroy evidence in the case with three other employees.

It was asserted that Urion and the three stenographers destroyed stenographic notes of various transactions when they discovered those acts were under investigation. August 15, Urion was arraigned on a citation rule and reprimanded. He was discharged, but the three other defendants were held for a further hearing.

The Men Indicted.

The climax of the grand jury's work came September 12, when indictments were returned under the criminal section of the anti-trust law against the following ten magnates:

Lewis F Swift, president of Swift & company.

Edward H. Swift, vice president of Swift & company.

Charles H. Swift, director of Swift & company.

Edward Tildon, president of the National Packing company, and also of the firm of Libby, McNeil & Libby.

Francis A. Fowler, of Fowler Brothers.

J. Ogden Armour, president of Armour & company.

Arthur Meeker, general manager of Armour & company.

Thomas J. Connors, superintendent of Armour & company.

Edward Morris, president of Morris & company.

Louis H. Heyman, manager of Morris & company.

Three indictments in all, containing seven counts, were returned against these packers. They were charged with a conspiracy to effect a combination in restraint of trade in fresh meats, and a monopolization of that industry by unlawful means.

Ten years' growth of the packing industry is covered in the indictments, and a "continuing conspiracy" alleged, so that the defendants, when they appear at the bar today, will be held for acts of nearly a decade ago.

Government's Contention.

The government contends that the packers joined hands to eliminate all competition between the Swift, Armour and Morris groups of packing houses in the purchase of live cattle, sheep and hogs, and in the sale throughout the country of fresh meats. The exact method of operation to this end, the government alleges, was for the parties to the trust to refrain from bidding on livestock; to agree on a uniform system of figuring the so-called request cost of meats sent to branch house managers, which resulted in an excessive cost or "request price" being placed on meats. Then, it is asserted, the next step was to require the branch house managers to secure this "cost." If any margin less than the cost was permitted, it is charged that this was agreed upon by all the defendants.

The "unlawful" medium or agent specified in the indictment, by which the defendants are alleged to have secured domination of the meat industry, it is charged, was the National Packing company. This the government maintains is an intermediary concern whose function is to gather information in furtherance of their combined interests. Another charge is that the trust got rid of a dangerous competitor, in the shape of the New York Butchers' Meat company, by purchasing a controlling interest.

The Charges Made.

The indictment itself alleges that the ten packers slaughtered eighty-five per cent. of all the meat ultimately consumed in the eastern, southern and middle western states, and controlled seventy per cent. of the dressed meat offered for sale. The coalition maintains 1,450 branch offices throughout the United States, and through these is gathered a daily record of the volume of business, the prices obtained, and the supply and demand, which record is transmitted by agents to the National Packing company. This, the government alleges, is the most ingenious and perfect "spy" system with which to keep track of competition, that has been perfected by modern barons of the plunderband.

All the information that agents acquire from the branch houses is sifted out, it was charged, at weekly meetings of directors of the National Packing company, in Chicago. From the figures the powers in the combination work out what prices they will pay for livestock, and the amounts to be charged for their products. The latter, the government will charge, have been excessive, and the powers have been able to secure enormous returns. The packers themselves will deny extortionate profits. In a statement issued by J. Ogden Armour, immediately following his indictment, he declared "the margin of profit is less than that made by any other kind of business in the world."

The Real Crux.

The prosecution classifies the alleged packers trust into three groups—Swift's, including corporations of that name organized in Illinois, West Virginia, Maine, New York and Delaware; Armours' including the Illinois and New Jersey corporations; and the Morris group, including Morris & Company, of New Jersey, and the Fairbanks Canning company, of Illinois.

The real crux of the matter, the Government maintains, is the National Packing company—a $15,000,000 corporation organized in 1903, and now composed of the following companies:

The G. H. Hammond company, of Michigan and Illinois.

Hammond Beef company.

Hammond Packing company, of Colorado, Montana, Philadelphia and Toledo and Michigan.

G. H. Hammond & Company, of Washington, Illinois.

Detroit Beef company, of Michigan.

Hammond Company, of New York.

Anglo-American Provision company.

Anglo-American Refrigerator Car company.

Fowler Packing association, of Kansas.

Kansas City Refrigerator Car company.

Omaha Packing company.

United Dressed Beef & Provision company.

Hutchinson Packing company, of Kansas.

National Car Line company, of New Jersey.

Provision Dealers' Dispatch.

Continental Packing company.

Strive for Delay.

The National Packing company, the government will attempt to show, is a "holding company" operated in furtherance of the plans of the heads of the alleged trust in precisely the same manner that the Standard Oil company, of New Jersey, or the American Tobacco company, of New York, was manipulated by the Oil and Tobacco trusts, respectively.

After their indictment, the packing house magnates strove desperately to avoid the law's clutches. Their counsel filed a plea of abatement, argued that the "immunity bath" opinion of Judge Humphrey back in 1906 still exempted them from prosecution, and moved to quash the indictment. The litigation dragged through several more months.

Then, March 22, 1911, United States District Judge Carpenter overruled all their pleas, sustained the indictment, and ordered the case to trial. More delay ensued while the packers' lawyers sparred for time by interposing every legal obstacle. April 1, they demurred to the indictment. April 13 this motion was argued, and May 12, overruled by the court.

Grasping Desperately.

Grasping desperately for further expedients, attorneys for the indicted men next filed a motion to set aside the decision of the court on the demurrer. The then new doctrine of the "light of reason" announced by the supreme court of the United States in the Standard Oil case was advanced, the lawyers asserting that the packers' combine was a "reasonable combination." June 19, this obstacle to trial was removed by denial of the motion by Judge Carpenter. Next, counsel for the packers moved that the government be compelled to file a bill of particulars, specifying exactly wherein the trust was alleged to have violated the Sherman law. June 23, this motion was likewise denied, and Judge Carpenter put a stop to all further dilatory tactics by requiring the indicted men to plead guilty or not guilty before July 5.

On that date the packing barons pleaded "not guilty," and Judge Carpenter set a hearing of the case for November 20. It was expected today that there might be further attempt to postpone actual trial, and the government attorneys went into court determined to fight any such move. Because it is virtually the first of the anti-trust suits to come to trial against alleged combines dealing in the necessities of life, the department of justice intends to concentrate all its forces in an attempt to secure conviction.

Eleventh-Hour Move.

This expectation on the part of the government attorneys was based on an eleventh-hour move which the defendants' counsel made just prior to November 20, the date set for trial. Levy Mayer and John S. Miller, of the defense, surrendered their clients and immediately sued out a writ of habeas corpus before Circuit Judge C. C. Kohlsaat attacking the Sherman law as unconstitutional because the penal section did not clearly define the offense. The court quashed the writ, but gave the packers recourse to higher courts and they succeeded in getting Judge Carpenter twice to postpone the trial, pending prosecution of their appeal on Kohlsaat's decision, to the supreme court of the United States, at that time in recess over Thanksgiving. Yesterday, that tribunal refused the packers a stay, forcing the case to trial today.

The delay has cost Uncle Sam several thousand dollars, because it was necessary for District Attorney Wilkerson to keep witnesses and veniremen here in Chicago for several weeks.

Judge George Albert Carpenter, upon whose word hangs the fate of ten millionaires, is one of the youngest federal circuit judges now on the bench. He was forty-four years old October 20, and looks younger. Personally, he is tall, well groomed and democratic.

To William S. Kenyon, now United States senator from Iowa, will go most of the credit of the case if a conviction is secured. As assistant attorney general — "official trust buster"—he was tireless in his pursuit of the beast of jungletown. Edwin W. Sims, former United States attorney in Chicago, who was one of the government's legal battery in the famous $29,000,000 Standard Oil anti-trust prosecution was largely instrumental in outmaneuvering the high salaried counsel for the magnates in the early stages of the suit.

James H. Wilkerson, United States attorney here, will have a consulting part in the trial. He was associated with Frank B. Kellogg in the government's successful prosecution of the Standard Oil company.

ONE OF CONFESSED DYNAMITERS AND LAWYERS WHO DEFENDED THEM.

JAMES B. McNAMARA CLARENCE S. DARROW JOSEPH SCOTT LECOMPTE DAVIS

The above photograph was taken during the last days of the famous McNamara trial. It shows James B. McNamara, who pleaded guilty to blowing up the Los Angeles Times building, and his staff of counsel, Clarence S. Darrow, Joseph Scott and Lecompte Davis.

AN EXPRESS RUNS INTO FREIGHT WRECK

Six Men Are Killed and Several Are Hurt.

Pittsburg, Dec. 6.—Six men were killed and several seriously injured, today, when express train, No. 17, on the Pennsylvania railroad, ran into a freigh wreck at Manor, Pennsylvania, twenty-three miles east of here.

The Dead.

Engineer Frank Daly, train, No. 17.

Unidentified express messenger.

Four unidentified men.

Twenty-six out of twenty-seven valuable horses in an express car in which the three unidentified men were riding, were killed.

The wreck occured on a sharp curve. It is reported that the first freight stopped owing to the breaking of an axle. The second freight crashed into the caboose, throwing wreckage onto the other tracks and the express train then crashed into the debris.

The express engine an several cars rolled down a twenty-foot embankment.

SHOT DOWN AT BAR OF JUSTICE

Brother of Negro's Victim Uses Gun in Court.

THE MURDERER THEN EXECUTED

Georgia Court-Room Is Scene of Near Tragedy.

Colored Man Who Kills Wealthy Planter, Twice Foils Mob and Escapes Jail on Eve of Execution, Faces Judge for a Second Time. It is Necessary To Assist Him to the Gallows.

Washington, Ga., Dec. 6.—T. B. Walker, colored, bleeding from a wound inflicted on him by the brother of his victim, was hanged here for the murder of Charles S. Hollinshead, a wealthy planter of this county. Walker was shot while he was standing before the judge in the superior courtroom being re-sentenced to the gallows. Just before the judge concluded the sentence, John C. Hollinshead, brother of the murdered man, rose from his seat, drew a revolver and fired point blank at the negro. The bullet took effect in the negro's face, entering his right cheek, going through his mouth, and came out below the left jaw.

The negro fell to the floor. Physicians decided he was not fatally wounded, and after his face was bandaged he was lifted from the floor and supported by court officials, who then finished the death sentence, ordering that the negro be hanged.

Assisted to Scaffold.

With a bloody bandage about his face, the negro was assisted to the scaffold at the hour named and was executed.

John C. Hollinshead, who shot the negro, collapsed after firing the shot and is under the care of physicians. He will not be prosecuted.

The negro who was hanged had twice before escaped death for the murder of Hollinshead six weeks ago. Twice he was captured by a mob, but escaped while attempts were being made to string him up. On the eve set for his execution he again escaped.

RURAL DELEGATES HAVE ORGANIZED

Deny They Contemplate a Fight on Bigelow.

Columbus, O., Dec. 6.—The conference of farmer delegates to the constitutional convention was held at the Southern hotel with nine delegates present. E. A. Peters of Franklin county was made chairman and Frank P. Miller of Fairfield, secretary. Others present were: Robert Longstreth, Hocking; George W. Miller, Crawford; A. J. Beyer, Hancock; Frank Hursh, Hardin; J. L. Baum, Ross; Charles D. Holtz, Seneca, and Mike Cody, Union.

All delegates present disclaimed that the meeting had been called to oppose the candidacy of Herbert S. Bigelow of Cincinnati for president of the convention, and the matter was not discussed in the session.

George W. Miller of Crawford, who called the meeting, said he believed the farmers of Ohio are opposed to any constitutional provision that would call for classification of property for purposes of taxation. They favor good roads, he said.

RABBITS KILLED BY THE MILLION

That's the Estimate of the State Game Warden.

Columbus, O., Dec. 6. — "We estimate that several millions of rabbits have been shot in Ohio during the present game season,' said General John C. Speaks, state game warden, in commenting on the close of the period during which a majority of the game birds and animals may be killed. "Indeed," he continued, "I think we are rapidly coming to a time when rabbits will be figured as one of the regular food supplies, and they even may be raised for commercial purposes."

Rats Gnaw Man's Body.

Toledo, O., Dec. 6.—Gnawed away by rats, the body of C. Wecock, a carpenter, was found lying on the had been for six months. The carfloor of a barn, where it evidently penter lived alone in a room in the barn.

THE DEMOCRATIC TARIFF PROGRAM

Will Embrace Reductions on Wool, Cotton, Iron and Steel.

Washington, Dec. 6.—At a meeting of the Democratic members of the house ways and means committee, today, it was practically decided that reduction of the wool, cotton, iron and steel, sugar, agricultural implements and food schedules, will be placed upon the tariff program for the session.

It is practically assured that the wool and cotton bills to be passed by the house will be almost identical with those vetoed by the president last summer.

Outward applications of lemon juice cure stings and bites of insects.

PRINCE CHUN IS DEPOSED TODAY

Premier Yuan Shi Kai Dismisses the Regent,

ON DEMANDS OF REVOLUTIONISTS

Chun Probably Will Be Banished from Peking.

Two Guardians Are Named for the Seven-Year-Old Emperor, Pu-Wi. They Are Shi Hau, a Manchu, and Hsu Shi Chang, a Well-Known Diplomat—Rebels Rejoice Over Capture of Nanking.

Peking, Dec. 6.—Prince Chun has been deposed as regent by order of Premier Yuan Shi Kai.

The removal of the regent has been demanded repeatedly by the revolutionists. Prince Chun probably will be banished from Pekin. Two guardians have been named for the seven-year-old emperior, Pu-Wu.

The news of Chun's removal was hailed with enthusiasm by revolutionary sympathizers, who have always looked upon him with suspicion.

The guardians appointed for the emperor are Shi Hsu, a Manchu, who has always been very close to the throne, and Hsu Shi Chang, a well-known diplomat.

Rebels Are Jubilant.

Tien Tsin, Dec. 6.—Rebel troops, jubilant over capturing Nanking, are preparing to advance on Peking. General Chang Shun, of the imperial forces, is concentrating troops at Ansuei to block the advance. Revolutionary leaders believe if Peking is captured, the Manchu dynasty's regime will end.

Marching Toward Peking.

London, Dec. 6.—Five thousand rebels from the province of Kiang Su are marching towards Peking, according to dispatches received here tonight.

The rebels had decided to start for Peking tomorrow, but changed their plans when they learned General Chang Shun, of the imperial army, was concentrating his army at Ansuei to intercept them.

THREE NEGROES ARE BURNED TO DEATH

People of Savannah Do Not Like Negroes Around.

Clifton, Tenn., Dec. 6.—Objecting to having negro residents near Savannah, Tennessee, two negro men and a negress were tied to a load of cotton they were taking to gin and burned to death by a mob. Masked men built a fire under the negroes' wagon and stood guard until the three bodies were cremated.

CARIBBEAN AND GULF OF MEXICO

Are Swept by Terrific Hurricane Tuesday.

AMERICAN BANKERS CAUGHT IN STORM

But They Are Reported Safe by Wireless.

It Is Estimated That Damage to the Amount of $60,000,000 Is Done to the Banana Crop Alone—Hurricane Starts Near St. Lucia and Sweeps Northwest Across Caribbean Sea.

New Orleans, Dec. 6.—A terrific hurricane, which swept the Caribbean sea and the Gulf of Mexico, yesterday, is estimated to have done over $60,000,000 damage to the crop alone. It was feared for a time that the fleet of three United Fruit company's steamers having the 600 members of the American Bankers' association and their families aboard had been wrecked, but a wireless from the fleet is to the effect that they are safe. The wireless message states the fleet encountered the hurricane, but gives assurance that no damage was done, and that the bankers and their families aboard were not in peril. The bankers and their families were returning from a visit to Panama, whence they sailed immediately after the close of the banker's convention here ten days ago.

The hurricane commenced early yesterday afternoon in the neighborhood of the Lesser Antilles, being first reported from St. Lucia and the neighboring islands. It swept rapidly northwest across the Caribban into the gulf, destroying a large amount of property along the coast of Nicaragua, Costa Rica, and Honduras.

Reports from Costa Rica state that $60,000,000 damage was done to the banana crop there and that the price of the fruit will leap at once.

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